Dear Senators GUTHRIE, Den Hartog, Jordan, and Representatives BOYLE, Troy, Erpelding:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Agriculture:

- IDAPA 02.04.26 Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock (New Chapter, Fee Rule) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 02-0426-1901);
- IDAPA 02.04.30 Rules Governing Environmental and Nutrient Management (New Chapter) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 02-0430-1903).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 12/06/2019. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 01/07/2020.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Eric Milstead Director Serving klaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Agricultural Affairs Committee and the House

Agricultural Affairs Committee

FROM: Deputy Division Manager - Katharine Gerrity

DATE: November 18, 2019

SUBJECT: Department of Agriculture

IDAPA 02.04.26 - Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock (New Chapter, Fee Rule) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 02-0426-1901)

IDAPA 02.04.30 - Rules Governing Environmental and Nutrient Management (New Chapter) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 02-0430-1903)

1. IDAPA 02.04.26 - Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock (New Chapter, Fee Rule)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho State Department of Agriculture submits notice of proposed rule at IDAPA 02.04.26 - Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock. This is a new chapter and a fee rule. According to the department, two rules administered by it are related to the sale, trade, exchange, identification and movement of livestock through public livestock markets, buying stations or trader lots. The department notes that each of the rules address regulations pertaining to how livestock must be properly identified, quarantined, and have their movement documented when being bought, sold or exchanged. The department indicates that in order to streamline and simplify all rules related to disease prevention, disease surveillance, and reporting, it is proposing to combine both rules into a single rule. The department adds that no substantive changes are being made to the rules that are being combined and that all rules were reviewed for amendment or repeal of select sections in order to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act. The department states that the rule does contain provisions that are broader in scope than federal regulations.

The department states that no changes were made to the fee already included in the rules that are being combined and that the fees are authorized pursuant to Section 25-1724, Idaho Code.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted.

Statutory Authority

The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to Sections 25-203, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, 25-1723, and 25-3520, Idaho Code.

Kristin Ford, Manager Research & Legislation Paul Headlee, Manager Budget & Policy Analysis April Renfro, Manager Legislative Audits Glenn Harris, Manager Information Technology

Tel: 208-334-2475 www.legislature.idaho.gov

2. IDAPA 02.04.30 - Rules Governing Environmental and Nutrient Management (New Chapter)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho State Department of Agriculture submits notice of proposed rule at IDAPA 02.04.30 - Rules Governing Environmental and Nutrient Management. This is a new chapter. According to the department, four rules administered by it are related to general environmental issues associated with agricultural and live-stock facilities. The rules address the inspection of regulated facilities, regulation of odor, waste stockpiling, nutrient management, and CAFO site approval for regulated facilities and the various environmental factors associated with each. The department states that in order to streamline and simplify all rules related to general environmental regulations on agriculture and livestock facilities, it is proposing to combine all four rules into one rule. The department notes that no substantive changes are being made to the rules that are being combined and that the rules were reviewed for amendment or repeal of select sections in order to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act. The department adds that the rule, in its entirety, regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted.

Statutory Authority

The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to Sections 67-6529F, 37-401, 37-405, 22-4903, 25-4012, 37-603, 25-3802, and 22-110, Idaho Code.

cc: Department of Agriculture Brian J. Oakey

*** PLEASE NOTE ***

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

IDAPA 02 – DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

02.04.26 – RULES GOVERNING THE PUBLIC EXCHANGE OF LIVESTOCK DOCKET NO. 02-0426-1901 (NEW CHAPTER, FEE RULE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 25-203, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, 25-1723, and 25-3520, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

PUBLIC HEARING

Thursday, November 14, 2019 @ 9:00 a.m.

Idaho State Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, ID 83712

The hearing site will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Two rules administered by the ISDA are related to the sale, trade, exchange, identification and movement of livestock through public livestock markets, buying stations or trader lots. These rules are IDAPA 02.04.26, "Rules Governing Livestock Marketing," and IDAPA 02.04.28, "Rules Governing Livestock Dealers, Buying Stations, and Livestock Trader Lots." Each of these rules addresses regulations pertaining to how livestock must be properly identified, quarantined and have their movement documented when being bought, sold or exchanged. In order to streamline and simplify all rules related to disease prevention, disease surveillance and reporting, the ISDA is proposing to combine both rules into a single rule to be titled "02.04.26, Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock." No substantive changes are being made to the two rules cited above. All rules were reviewed for amendment or repeal of select sections in order to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: No changes were made to the fee already included in the Rules Governing Livestock Marketing now found in the new combined rule, 02.04.26, Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock. These fees are authorized pursuant to Section 25-1724, Idaho Code.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT: Section 22-101A, Idaho Code, requires that in this notice of proposed rulemaking, the Director must specify whether this rule is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government. This rule contains provisions that are broader in scope than federal regulations. Those specific provisions are as follows:

02.04.26.100-570	Broader in scope
02.04.26.700	Broader in scope
02.04.26.701	Broader in scope
02.04.26.710	Broader in scope
02.04.26.715	Broader in scope

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

The agency does not anticipate any fiscal impact as a result of this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted on September 16, 2019. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Omnibus Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the September 4, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-9, pages. 15-19**.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

No documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter A of this Rule.

The following materials are incorporated by reference into Subchapter B:

1. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 9, Parts 71, 75, 77, 78, 85 and 161, January 1, 2003. Include requirements for the interstate movement of livestock, approval and maintenance of livestock marketing facilities, control of communicable diseases, tuberculosis, brucellosis and pseudorabies, requirements and standards for accredited veterinarians.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Dr. Scott Leibsle, Deputy Administrator – Division of Animal Industries at (208) 332-8540. Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before November 27, 2019.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 2019.

Brian Oakey
Deputy Director
Idaho Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Road
P.O. Box 7249
Boise, Idaho 83707
Blanc (208) 232 8552

Phone: (208) 332-8552 Fax: (208) 334-2710

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF FEE DOCKET NO. 02-0426-1901 (New Chapter)

02.04.26 - RULES GOVERNING THE PUBLIC EXCHANGE OF LIVESTOCK

		AUTHORITY. dopted under the legal authority of Sections 25-203, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, 25-1723(b), e.	and 25
001.	TITLE AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. The title of this chapter is "Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock."	(
identific	02. cation, qu	Scope . These rules govern the record keeping of livestock dealers and facilities, record k arantine and movement of livestock through buying stations, trader lots and livestock market	eeping ts.

002. -- **109.** (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER A – LIVESTOCK DEALERS, BUYING STATIONS, AND LIVESTOCK TRADER LOTS

110. The defi		ITIONS. pply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter A only.	()
		Accredited Veterinarian . A veterinarian approved by the Administrator and the USDA/A se with provisions of Tile 9, Part 161, Code of Federal Regulations, to perform functions of isease control programs.	APHIS State (3/ e-)
mortem	02. and post-	Approved Slaughter Establishment . A USDA inspected slaughter establishment where-mortem inspection is conducted by USDA inspectors.	e ante	e-)
	03.	Cattle. All domestic bovidae including domestic bison.	()
	04.	Domestic Bison . All animals in the genus <i>Bison</i> owned by a person.	()
	05.	Domestic Cervidae. Elk, fallow deer, and reindeer owned by a person.	()
	06.	Epithelioma of the Eye. A carcinoma of the eye of cattle commonly known as cancer eye.	()
animal l	07. nealth act	Federal Animal Health Official. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who is authorized to p ivities.	erfori (n)
District	08. of Colum	Interstate Movement . Movement of livestock from Idaho into any other state, territory abia, or from any other state, territory or the District of Columbia into Idaho.	or th	ie)
camelid	09. s, and rat	Livestock. Cattle, domestic bison, swine, horses, mules, asses, domestic cervidae, sheep, ites.	goat (s,)
	10.	Lump Jaw. Condition also known as actinomycosis in cattle.	()
		Official Ear Tag. APHIS approved identification ear tags conforming to the alphanumeric nging system including official brucellosis vaccination ear tags, or NAIS compliant ear tage dentification for each animal.		
or identi	12. ification 1	Official Identification . Official USDA approved ear tag, USDA Backtag, breed registration method approved by the Administrator.	tatto	o,)
to the al	13. phanume	Official Brucellosis Vaccination Ear Tag. An APHIS approved identification ear tag conformed an animal uniform ear tagging system that provides unique identification for each animal.		ıg)
lot.	14.	Operator. The person who has authority to manage or direct a buying station or livestock	trade	er)
cattle.	15.	Owner. The person who owns or has financial control of a buying station, livestock trader	r lot o	or)
	16.	Parturient. Visibly prepared to give birth or within two (2) weeks before giving birth.	()
	17.	Postparturient. Having already given birth.	()
animals.	18.	Premises. The ground, area, buildings, corrals, and equipment utilized to keep, hold, or m	aintai (n)

buying	19. station, li	Previous Location . The premises where cattle were confined immediately prior to delive vestock trader lot, or purchase by a livestock dealer.	ery to a	1
effectiv	20. ely, and sa	Restraint . The confinement of cattle in a chute, or other device, for the purpose of efficient inspecting, treating, vaccinating, or testing.	ciently (,)
and erac	21. dication a	State Animal Health Official. The Administrator, or his designee, responsible for disease ctivities.	contro	1
	22. ic bison eless of age	Test Eligible . Unless otherwise specifically provided in these rules, all sexually intact catighteen (18) months of age and over, and all parturient, and postparturient cattle and domestic.	ttle and ic bisor (1 1)
Nationa	23. ıl Backtag	USDA Backtag . A backtag issued by APHIS that conforms to the eight-character alphanging System that provides unique identification for each animal.	umerio))
111.	ABBRE	EVIATIONS.		
	01.	APHIS. Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.	()
	02.	AVIC. Area Veterinarian In Charge.	()
	03	CAFO. Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation.	()
	04.	CFR. Code of Federal Regulations.	()
	05.	NAIS. National Animal Identification System.	()
	06.	USDA. United States Department of Agriculture.	()
	07.	VS. Veterinary Services.	()
112 1	119.	(RESERVED)		
120. Subchaj		CABILITY. blies to livestock dealers, buying stations, and livestock trader lots operating in Idaho.	()
121 1	129.	(RESERVED)		
officials provision	ent the ins are author	cTIONS. Itroduction and dissemination, or to control and eradicate diseases, state and federal animal orized to inspect livestock records, premises, facilities, and livestock to ensure compliance vs chapter and other state or federal laws or rules applicable to livestock dealers, buying stationts.	with the	е
health o	01. officials and the owner	Entering Premises . In order to conduct activities authorized by this chapter, state or federal re authorized to enter buying stations or livestock trader lots. State or federal officials will attered or operator of the premises prior to conducting an inspection.		
normal	business	Inspecting Records . To ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter, state or ficials are authorized to access, inspect, review, and copy any records deemed necessary hours. State or federal animal health officials will attempt to notify the owner or operator inspecting records.	during	3
requirer	03. ments of t	Emergencies. In the event of an emergency, as determined by the Administrator, the notifies section are not required.	fication	1)

131 1	39.	(RESERVED)		
		FOCK TREATMENT. ealer, buying station and livestock trader lot shall humanely treat all livestock. All non-ambit:	ulatoı (y
	01.	Returned. Returned to premises of origin; or	()
	02.	Fed and Watered. Provided adequate feed and clean water; or	()
	03.	Euthanized. Humanely euthanized.	()
141 1	49.	(RESERVED)		
The mov	vement a	ANIMAL DISPOSAL. and disposal of all dead animals shall be pursuant to the provisions of IDAPA 02.04.17, Animal Movement and Disposal."	"Rule (:s (
151 1	59.	(RESERVED)		
	ng statio	ONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS. ns and livestock trader lots shall meet the provisions of IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governin eding Operations."	g Bed	t: (
161 1	99.	(RESERVED)		
Livestoc	k dealers	FOCK DEALERS. Is that do not operate buying stations or livestock trader lots shall keep complete and accurate rurchased may be traced to the previous location, previous owner and the subsequent owner.		ls
201 2	09.	(RESERVED)		
220. Livestoc		ENT OF RECORDS. records shall include, but are not limited to:	()
of the ca	01. attle prior	Name, Telephone Number, and Address. The name, telephone number, and address of the to purchase by the livestock dealer.	owne) (
approved	02. d by the A	Identification . All cattle shall be identified to their previous location with a form of identified Administrator.	icatio (n)
shall be	03. either the	Previous Location . The location where cattle were held prior to purchase by the livestock NAIS premises identification number or the physical address.	deale) (
	04.	The Date of Purchase. The date individual cattle were purchased.	()
	05.	Date of Sale. Date individual cattle were sold or changed ownership.	()
number,	06. and addr	Name, Telephone Number, and Address of the Purchaser of Cattle. The name, telephone sess of the person that purchased cattle from the livestock dealer.	ephor (e)
dead cat	07. tle.	Death Loss. An accurate account of all death loss, including identification, and disposition	of th	e)
221 2	29.	(RESERVED)		

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock

Docket No. 02-0426-1901 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

Livestock deale	RDS RETENTION. rs shall retain all records relating to cattle for a period of not less than two (2) years. Record to the administrator upon request.	ls must be
231 239.	(RESERVED)	
	OVED FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION. re approved forms of identification.	()
01.	USDA Approved Backtag.	(
02.	Official USDA Ear Tag.	(
03.	Registration Tattoo. Breed registration tattoo and corresponding registration papers.	(
04.	Brand Inspection. Statement of ownership such as a brand inspection certificate.	(
on a case-by-case	Administrator Approval. The Administrator may approve other forms of individual ider see basis.	ntification
06. removed, tampe	Removal of Animal Identification . No approved or official animal identification red with or otherwise altered.	shall be
241 299.	(RESERVED)	
No livestock de	OVED BUYING STATIONS. caler shall operate a buying station prior to receiving approval from the Administrator. ing station shall be shipped to an approved slaughter establishment within seven (7) days of on.	
	ICATION FOR DESIGNATION AS AN IDAHO APPROVED BUYING STATION. designation as an Idaho approved buying station shall be made on application forms availabr.	able from
State or federal Administrator m	NISTRATOR APPROVAL. animal health officials will inspect all buying stations prior to approval by the Administrative take any past enforcement or violation history of the owner or operator of the buying state making the final approval determination.	
	OVED BUYING STATION NUMBER. The issued to the livestock dealer by the State Brand Board will be used to identify the	approved
Approved buyir change in owne	RATION OF APPROVED STATUS. Ag station status will remain in effect unless the status is revoked by the Administrator or riship or operator. If there is a change in ownership or operator, it is the responsibility of which where or operator to apply for reinstatement of approved status.	
In addition to a	CATION OF APPROVED BUYING STATION STATUS. In other Department administrative or civil action, the Administrator may withdraw or buying station, by notifying the owner in writing, when one (1) or more of the following control of the following control of the state of the state of the state of the following control of the state of	
01. violated the reco	Recordkeeping Requirements . There is evidence that the owner or operator of the buying requirements of this rule, or animal health regulations.	ng station

02.

Inability to Trace Animals. There is a repeated history of an inability to trace the affected,

Nuies	Governi	ing the rubile Exchange of Livestock rioposed (Fee) Rulei	IIani	<u> </u>
exposed	l or react	or cattle handled by the buying station to the previous location and owner.	()
	03.	Violations. A buying station violates any of the provisions of Subchapter A.	()
and requ	04. aesting in	Owner Request. Owners may have the approved status revoked by emptying the buying a writing that the status be revoked.	stat (ion)
in state	05. or federa	Regulation Changes . Idaho approved buying station status may be revoked as required by l rules or regulations.	chan;	ges)
	pproved	SITION OF CATTLE. buying station status is revoked, cattle still in the buying station shall be removed direct ter establishment within seven (7) days.	ly to (an)
307. 3	314.	(RESERVED)		
	le shall b	TIFICATION. e individually identified with an official USDA backtag immediately upon arrival at a buying ation is to be maintained to slaughter and shall not be removed, tampered with or otherwise and shall not be removed.		
316 3	319.	(RESERVED)		
	iying sta	IG STATION RECORDS. tion shall keep sufficient records of all livestock that enter, leave, or die on the premises to nimal health officials to trace such animals satisfactorily to their previous location.	ena	ble)
321. Buying		ENT OF RECORDS BUYING STATIONS. ecords shall include, but are not limited to:	()
	01.	Name, Telephone Number, and Address. The name, telephone number, and address of:	()
	a.	The owner of the livestock entering the buying station; and	()
	b.	The person delivering the livestock to the buying station.	()
station.	02.	Individual Identification. Individual USDA Backtag number for each animal entering the	buy (ing)
shall be	03. either th	Previous Location . The location where cattle were held prior to purchase by the buying e NAIS premises identification number or the physical address.	stat (ion)
	04.	The Date of Entry. The date individual cattle enter a buying station.	()
	05.	Date of Shipment to Slaughter.	()
establisl	06. hment.	Approved Slaughter Establishment Destination. Name and address of the approved st	laugh (iter)
disposit	07. ion of the	Death Loss . An accurate account of all death loss, including individual identification nume dead cattle.	iber a	and)

322. BUYING STATION RECORDS RETENTION.

that are left at the buying station by other persons.

All records relating to cattle that have been in the buying station facility shall be retained for a period of not less than

Dead Animals. An accurate description, including any forms of identification, of any dead animals

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Docket No. 02-0426-1901

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock

Docket No. 02-0426-1901 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

two (2) years. Re	ecords must be made available to the administrator upon request.	()
323 329.	(RESERVED)	
No cattle that have	LE SUBJECT TO QUARANTINE BUYING STATIONS. We reacted to the brucellosis or tuberculosis test, or cattle affected with, or suspected of being a simal disease, shall be allowed to enter, occupy, or be sold from a buying station.	ffected
331 339.	(RESERVED)	
	ISES REQUIREMENTS. ring station shall meet the following requirements:	()
01. and effectively reanimal health off	Restraint System . A restraint system, approved by the Administrator, for humanely, efficient straining livestock for the purpose of inspecting, identifying or testing of animals by state or ficials.	
02. present, and an a	Feed and Water . Provide access to a clean source of water sufficient for the number of a dequate quality and quantity of feed for all cattle that are on the premises for over twelve (12)	
	Pens . Comply with IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operantain cattle on the premises for over twelve (12) hours provide adequate pen space for the cate, and provide adequate drainage.	
04. determined by th	Fences . Construct fences sufficient to prevent the escape of livestock from the premise Administrator.	ses, as
05.	Condition. Maintain premises in good repair.	()
341 349.	(RESERVED)	
All buying static equipment to cle	ATION. ons shall be maintained in a sanitary condition. The buying station shall provide the necessary and disinfect the premises, and the owner or operator of the buying station shall cleanises at the direction of the Administrator.	
351 359.	(RESERVED)	
360. SIGNA Each buying stat	GE. ion shall comply with the following signage requirements:	()
01. SLAUGHTER."	Wording. Signs state "ALL CATTLE ENTERING THIS FACILITY SHALL GO DIRECT	LY TO
02.	Color. Lettering in red and not less than four (4) inches in height on a white background.	()
03.	Location. Signs placed prominently at each entrance, exit and cattle loading or unloading fa	cility.
361 369.	(RESERVED)	
All buying statio	TION OF BUYING STATIONS. ns shall be located separate and apart from any other cattle handling facilities, as determined hat handle any cattle not destined to slaughter within seven (7) days.	by the
371 499.	(RESERVED)	

	stock dea	OVED LIVESTOCK TRADER LOTS. Alers licensed by the Idaho State Brand Board shall receive approval from the Administra Reedlot or approved livestock trader lot if the following conditions exist:	tor as	an)
origin.	01.	Cattle Are Received. Cattle of unknown disease status are received from the farm or	ranch (of)
	02. approved tate of Ida	Sold to Individuals . Brucellosis test eligible cattle are sold and transported to destinated slaughter establishment, a specifically approved livestock market, an Idaho approved feedlaho.		
501. Applica		CATION FOR APPROVED LIVESTOCK TRADER LOT STATUS. pproved livestock trader lot status is made on application forms available from the Adminis	strator.)
	ministrate	NISTRATOR APPROVAL. or may approve livestock trader lot applications after state or federal animal health office der lot facility and:	ials ha (ive)
restrain	01. ed in the	Adequate Facilities. The livestock dealer has demonstrated that cattle can be secretarily.	ured a	nd)
of the c	02. attle that	Adequate Records. The livestock dealer's records are adequate to show the origin and dienter the facility.	spositi (on)
or opera	03. ator of the	Past History . The Administrator may take any past enforcement or violation history of the livestock trader lot into consideration when making the final approval determination.	he own	ner)
503. The lice lot.		OVED LIVESTOCK TRADER LOT NUMBER. ber issued by the State Brand Board to livestock dealers shall be used to identify the livestock	ck trac	der)
the Adı	ed livesto ninistrato	ATION OF APPROVED STATUS. ock trader lot status remains in effect unless there is a material change in operation, as determined to the status is revoked by the Administrator. If there is a material change in oper e Administrator, it is the responsibility of the livestock dealer to apply for reinstatement of a status of the livestock dealer to apply for reinstatement of the livestock dealer to apply for reinstance dealer dealer dealer dealer dealer dealer dealer	ation,	as
505	519.	(RESERVED)		
immedi	le shall be ately upo	IFICATION. e identified, to their previous location, with a form of identification approved by the Admon arrival at a livestock trader lot. Animal identification is to be maintained and not be rotherwise altered at the livestock trader lot.		
521. The fol		OVED FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION. e approved forms of individual identification.	()
establis	01. hments m	USDA Approved Backtag. All brucellosis test eligible cattle shipped to approved sust be individually identified with an approved USDA Backtag.	slaugh (ter)
	02.	Official USDA Ear Tag.	()
	03.	Registration Tattoo. A breed registration tattoo accompanied by registration papers.	()
	04.	Brand Inspection . Statement of ownership such as a brand inspection certificate.	()

by-case	05. basis.	Administrator Approval. The Administrator may approve other forms of identification on a	case	e-)
remove	06. d, tamper	Removal of Individual Animal Identification . No approved animal identification shaded with or otherwise altered.	all b))
	roved live	ENT OF RECORDS FOR APPROVED LIVESTOCK TRADER LOTS. estock trader lots shall keep accurate and complete records of all cattle that enter, leave or die records shall readily show:	on th	ie)
	01.	Name, Telephone Number, and Address. The name, telephone number, and address of:)
	a.	The owner of the cattle prior to acquisition by the livestock dealer; and)
	b.	The person delivering the cattle to the livestock trader lot.)
trader lo	02. ot.	Identification . Identification, approved by the Administrator, for the cattle entering the live	estoc	k)
shall be	03. either the	Previous Location . The location where cattle were held prior to entering the livestock trace NAIS premises identification number or the physical address of the premises.	ler lo	ot)
	04.	The Date of Entry. The date the cattle enter a livestock trader lot.)
	05.	Date of Shipment Out of the Livestock Trader Lot.)
	06.	Name, Telephone Number, and Address of Shipment Destination.)
dead car	07. ttle.	Death Loss. An accurate account of all death loss, including identification and disposition	of th	ie)
that are	08. left at the	Dead Animals . An accurate description of any dead animals, including any forms of identifice livestock trader lot by other persons.	atio	n,)
vaccina	09. tion requi	Requirements . That all applicable state and federal permit, test, examination, identification rements have been met.	n an	ıd)
523. Livestocattle fr	ck trader	ER LOT RECORDS RETENTION. lots shall retain their records for a period of not less than two (2) years following removal remises. Records must be made available to the administrator upon request.	of th	ie)
524 5	29.	(RESERVED)		
	le that ha l with a f	LE SUBJECT TO QUARANTINE TRADER LOTS. Ever reacted to the brucellosis or tuberculosis test, or animals affected with, or suspected of the origin animal or reportable disease shall be allowed to enter, occupy, or be sold from a live of the company of the com		
531 5	539.	(RESERVED)		
	cellosis te	VAL REQUIREMENTS. est eligible cattle that are removed from an approved livestock trader lot shall be accompanied prinary inspection issued by an accredited veterinarian prior to removal, except:	d by	a)
	01	Livestock Markets Cattle shipped directly to a specifically approved livestock market		١

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock

Docket No. 02-0426-1901 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

identifi	02. ed with a	Slaughter . Cattle shipped directly to an approved slaughter establishment must be indivin approved USDA Backtag.	iduall ())
	03.	Approved Feedlots. Cattle shipped directly to an Idaho approved feedlot.	()
	duty of	TOCK DEALER'S DUTY. a livestock dealer to ensure that all livestock removed from a livestock trader lot are in complealth requirements of the state of Idaho and the point of destination.	pliano	:е)
542	549.	(RESERVED)		
550. Approv		STOCK TRADER LOT PREMISES. ock trader lots shall meet the following requirements:	()
and eff federal	01. ectively ranimal h	Restraint System . A restraint system, approved by the Administrator, for humanely, effirestraining cattle for the purpose of inspecting, identifying, treating or testing of animals by ealth officials.		
present	02. and an a	Feed and Water . Provide access to a clean source of water sufficient for the number of adequate quality and quantity of feed for all cattle on the premises for over twelve (12) hours.		le)
		Pens . Comply with IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operation cattle on the premises for over twelve (12) hours provide adequate pen space for the cate and be adequately drained.		
by the	04. Administr	Fences . Construct fences sufficient to prevent the escape of cattle from the premises, as deterator.	ermine (:d)
	05.	Condition. Maintain premises in good repair.	()
551	559.	(RESERVED)		
equipm	estock tra ent to cle	CATION. Idea lots shall be maintained in a sanitary manner. The livestock dealer shall provide the new ean and disinfect the premises, and the livestock dealer shall clean and disinfect the premises Administrator.		
561	569.	(RESERVED)		
570. In addi approve exist:	tion to a	CATION OF APPROVED STATUS. In other Department administrative or civil action, the Administrator may withdraw or de livestock trader lot by notifying the dealer in writing when one or more of the following contracts.	eny th ndition (ie is)
recordk	01. Reeping re	Recordkeeping Requirements. There is evidence that the livestock dealer violat equirements of this rule or animal health regulations.	ed th	ne)
expose	02. d, or reac	Inability to Trace Animals . There is a repeated history of inability to trace to the atter cattle that enter the livestock trader lot to the previous location and owner.	ffected (1,)
	03.	Violations. A livestock dealer violates any of the provisions of Subchapter A.	()
livesto	04. ek trader l	Dealer Request . The livestock dealer may have the approved status revoked by empty lot and requesting in writing that the status be revoked.	ing th	ie)
federal	05.	Regulation Changes . Approved trader lot status may be revoked as required by changes in regulations.	state (or)

571. -- **603.** (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER B – LIVESTOCK MARKETING

		PORATION BY REFERENCE. cument is incorporated by reference into Subchapter B, sections 604-770 only:	()
Federal I https://w	01. Regulatio ww.govi	Incorporated Documents . The following documents are incorporated by reference: Cons, Title 9, Parts 71, 75, 77, 78, 85, and 161, CFR, January 1, 2003, which can be viewed on fo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2003-title9-vol1/pdf/CFR-2003-title9-vol1-chapI.pdf.		
605 6	09.	(RESERVED)		
	on to the	definitions found in Idaho Code sections 25-239 and 25-1721, the following definitions apple enforcement of Subchapter B only:	ly in th (ie)
		Accredited Veterinarian . A veterinarian approved by the Administrator and the USDA/e with the provisions of Tile 9, Part 161, Code of Federal Regulations, to perform functions disease control programs.		
mortem a	02. and post-	Approved Slaughter Establishment . A USDA inspected slaughter establishment when-mortem inspections are conducted by USDA inspectors.	re ante))
	03.	Brucellosis . An infectious disease of animals and humans caused by bacteria of the genus B	rucello (a.)
	04.	Cattle. All domestic bovidae, including domestic bison.	()
	05.	Domestic Bison . All animals in the genus <i>Bison</i> owned by a person.	()
	06.	Domestic Cervidae. Elk, fallow deer, and reindeer owned by a person.	()
	07.	Epithelioma of the Eye. Carcinoma of the eye of cattle commonly known as cancer eye.	()
animal h	08. ealth act	Federal Animal Health Official. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who is authorized to jivities.	perfori (n)
		Herd . Any group of livestock maintained on common ground, or two (2) or more grommon ownership or supervision that are geographically separated from other groups but comovement without regard to health status.	oups o an hav (of re)
District o	10. of Colum	Interstate Movement. Movements of livestock from Idaho into any other state, territory abia or from any other state, territory or the District of Columbia into Idaho.	y or th	ie)
camelids	11. s, and rat	Livestock. Cattle, domestic bison, swine, horses, mules, asses, domestic cervidae, sheep ites.	, goat	s,)
	12.	Lump Jaw. A condition known as actinomycosis or actinobacillosis in cattle.	()
national	13. uniform	Official Ear Tag. An APHIS approved identification ear tag conforming to an alphaear tagging system, that provides unique identification for each animal.	numeri (ic)
tattoo, oi	14. r identific	Official Individual Identification. Official USDA approved ear tag, USDA back tag, regication approved by the Administrator.	stratio (n)

	15. neric nati	Official Vaccination Ear Tag. An APHIS approved identification ear tag conforming ional uniform ear tagging system that provides unique identification for each animal.		ne)
	16.	Operator . The person who has authority to manage or direct a public livestock market.	()
	17.	Owner. The person who owns or has financial control of a public livestock market.	()
	18. ly, and sa	Restraint . The confinement of livestock in a chute, or other device, for the purpose of efficafely inspecting, treating, vaccinating, or testing.	cientl (y,)
and eradi	19. cation ac	State Animal Health Official . The Administrator, or his designee, responsible for disease etivities.	contr (ol)
:	20.	Tuberculosis . An infectious disease of humans and animals caused by <i>Mycobacterium bovis</i>	s. ()
-	21. neric Nat	USDA Back Tag. A back tag issued by APHIS that conforms to the eight (8) ch tional Back Tagging System and that provides unique identification for each animal.	aract	er)
611 62	29.	(RESERVED)		
		CABILITY. of rules applies to chartered public livestock markets operating in Idaho.	()
621 62	29.	(RESERVED)		
To preven	nt the in are autho	CTIONS. troduction and dissemination, or to control and eradicate diseases, state and federal animal orized to inspect livestock records, premises, facilities, and livestock to ensure compliance we chapter B and other state or federal laws or rules applicable to public livestock markets.	vith th	
	01. ealth offi	Entering Premises . In order to conduct activities authorized by Subchapter B, state or cials are authorized to enter public livestock market premises during normal business hours.		al)
animal he		Inspecting Records . To ensure compliance with the provisions of Subchapter B, state or cials are authorized, during normal business hours, to have access to, inspect, review, and co deemed necessary.		
631 63	39.	(RESERVED)		
		TOCK TREATMENT. tock market shall humanely treat all livestock. All non-ambulatory livestock shall be:	()
(01.	Returned. Returned to the owner; or	()
(02.	Feed and Water. Provided adequate feed and clean water; or	()
	03. ig Dead <i>I</i>	Euthanized . Humanely euthanized, and disposed of in accordance with IDAPA 02.04.17 Animal Movement and Disposal."	"Rule (es)
641 64	19.	(RESERVED)		
The mov	ement a	ANIMAL DISPOSAL. nd disposal of all dead animals shall be pursuant to the provisions of IDAPA 02.04.17 Animal Movement and Disposal."	"Rule	es)

651. -- 659. (RESERVED)

660. ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.

All public livestock markets shall meet the provisions of IDAPA 02.04.15 "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations."

661. -- 699. (RESERVED)

700. PUBLIC LIVESTOCK MARKET CHARTER.

No person shall conduct or operate a public livestock market without first securing a charter from the Department. Charters expire on April 30 of each year. It is the responsibility of the public livestock market operator to apply each year for charter renewal on a form prescribed by the Department. The charter renewal form must be accompanied by an annual market charter fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) and be received by the Department on or before May 1 of each year.

701. PUBLIC LIVESTOCK MARKET MINIMUM SALE REQUIREMENT.

Each chartered public livestock market shall conduct a minimum of one (1) sale during each calendar year. ()

702. -- 709. (RESERVED)

710. MARKET RELEASE.

Prior to any livestock being released from a public livestock market, the following conditions shall be fulfilled:

- **01. Veterinary Inspection**. A visual inspection, of each animal, made by an accredited veterinarian authorized to provide veterinary services to the market.
- **02.** Affected Animals. Immediate isolation of animals affected by any infectious or contagious disease in quarantine pens subject to the market's bio-security protocol or any animals determined to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease.
- **03. Removal of Animals**. Animals may not be removed from the livestock market until all animals determined to be affected with a contagious or infectious disease have been examined by an accredited veterinarian authorized to provide veterinary services to the market.
- **04.** Saleyard Release Form. Complete an accurate and legible "saleyard release" form, certificate of veterinary inspection, or other market release mechanism, approved by the Administrator certifying that the animals meet the health requirements for movement to the point of destination.

711. -- 714. (RESERVED)

715. BIO-SECURITY PLAN.

All public livestock markets shall submit a bio-security plan to the Administrator for approval. All approved bio-security plans shall be implemented by the public livestock market. Each bio-security plan includes, but is not limited to, the following elements:

- **01. Identification**. Procedures for identifying animals that are affected by any contagious or infectious disease.
- **02. Diagnosis.** Procedures for examination and diagnosis, by an accredited veterinarian, of any animals affected by any contagious or infectious disease.
- **03. Disposition**. Procedures for the disposition of any livestock diagnosed as affected by any contagious or infectious disease.
- **04.** Records. Keep complete and accurate records on site at the livestock market, showing that the market's bio-security plan is being implemented.

716 7	719.	(RESERVED)		
720. All lives		IFICATION. ering a public livestock market shall be individually identified to the herd of origin.	()
721. The foll		OVED FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION. e approved methods of identification.	()
	01.	Back Tag. USDA approved back tag; or	()
	02.	Ear Tag. Official USDA ear tag; or	()
	03.	Registration Tattoo; or	()
	04.	Brand Inspection. Statement of ownership such as a brand inspection certificate.	()
by case	05. basis.	Administrator Approval. The Administrator may approve other forms of identification of	n a cas	se)
or other	06. wise alter	Removal of Identification . No animal identification may be intentionally removed, tamper red, except as approved by the Administrator.	ed wit	h,)
722 7	729.	(RESERVED)		
that hav	ntine per e reacted ous or in	ANTINE PENS. If or pens shall be provided at all public livestock markets and such pens used only to hold to the brucellosis or tuberculosis test or animals affected with, or suspected of being affecte fectious disease, epithelioma of the eye, or lump jaw. The pens shall comply with the form	d with	a
	01.	Hard Surface. Hard surfaced with concrete or similar impervious material in good repair;	and ()
other liv	02. vestock; a	Feed and Water. Adequate feed and clean water facilities that are completely separate and	from a	ıll)
high, on	03. a white	Signage . Identified with the word "QUARANTINE" in red letters, not less than four (4 background on the pen gate; and) inche	es)
and	04.	Cleaning and Disinfection. Cleaned and disinfected no later than the day following date	of sal	e;)
Adminis	05. strator, ar	Fence Construction . Solid fences, constructed by boards or other material approved and be a minimum of five and one-half (5 ½) feet high; and	by th	1e)
	06.	Drainage . Drainage shall not be onto adjoining pens, restraint facilities or alleys.	()
731 7	749.	(RESERVED)		
and effe	blic lives	AAINT FACILITIES. stock market shall have a restraint system, approved by the Administrator, for humanely, effectraining livestock for the purpose of inspecting, identifying, treating, or testing of animals health officials.		
751 7	759.	(RESERVED)		

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing the Public Exchange of Livestock

Docket No. 02-0426-1901 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

760. SANITARY CONDITIONS.

All pens, alleys, troughs, restraint facilities, and runways shall be kept in a sanitary condition. Operators of public livestock markets shall clean and disinfect livestock market facilities, under the supervision of a state or federal animal health official, upon request by the Administrator.

761. -- 769. (RESERVED)

770. RECORDS.

Each public livestock market shall keep sufficient records of animals presented for sale to enable state or federal animal health officials to trace such animals satisfactorily to their herd of origin, and such records shall be maintained for a minimum of five (5) years.

771. -- 999. (RESERVED)

IDAPA 02 – DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

02.04.30 – RULES GOVERNING ENVIRONMENTAL AND NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT DOCKET NO. 02-0430-1903 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 67-6529F, 37-401, 37-405, 22-4903, 25-4012(2), 37-603(1), 25-3802, and 22-110, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

PUBLIC HEARING

Thursday, November 14, 2019 @ 9:00 a.m.

Idaho State Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, ID 83712

The hearing site will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Four rules administered by the ISDA are related to general environmental issues associated with agricultural and livestock facilities. These rules are IDAPA 02.04.16, "Rules Governing Agriculture Odor Management," IDAPA 02.04.18, "Rules Governing CAFO Site Advisory Team," IDAPA 02.04.30, "Rules Governing Nutrient Management," and IDAPA 02.04.31, "Rules Governing Stockpiling of Agricultural Waste." These rules address the inspection of regulated facilities, regulation of odor, waste stockpiling, nutrient management, and CAFO site approval for regulated facilities and the various environmental factors associated with each. In order to streamline and simplify all rules related to general environmental regulations on agriculture and livestock facilities, the ISDA is proposing to combine all four rules into a single rule titled "02.04.30, Rules Governing Environmental and Nutrient Management." No substantive changes are being made to the four rules cited above. All rules were reviewed for amendment or repeal of select sections in order to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: This rule does not impose a fee or charge.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT: Section 22-101A, Idaho Code, requires that in this notice of proposed rulemaking, the Director must specify whether this rule is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government. This Rule, in its entirety, regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government.

02.04.30.000-999	The entirety of this rule regulates an activity
	not regulated by the federal government

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

The agency does not anticipate any fiscal impact as a result of this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted on September 16, 2019. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Omnibus Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the September 4, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-9, pages 15-19**.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

- The 1999 publication by United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 outlines standards for managing the amount, source, placement, form and timing of the application of nutrients and soil amendments to agricultural fields.
- 2. The 2001 Best Management Practices listed in the "Idaho Agricultural Pollution Abatement Plan" are recommendations for the control of nonpoint sources of pollution from agriculture that may benefit facilities generating significant odor.
- 3. The November 1997 publication of the "ASAE Standard EP379.2", Sections 5 and 6 in their entirety, are construction guidelines for structures built to contain and store nutrients and byproduct.
- 4. The 2001 NRCS Conservation Practice Standard 317 are guidelines to facilitate an aerobic microbial ecosystem for the decomposition of manure and/or other organic material into a final product that is stable for storage, on farm use and application to land as a soil amendment.
- 5. The August 1997 University of Idaho, Soil Sampling Bulletin 704 (revised) are requirements and practices for certified soil samplers to accurately collect, process and submit soil for nutrient testing from fields that have receive land applied nutrients.
- 6. The 2007 publication by United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 outlines standards for managing the amount, source, placement, form and timing of the application of nutrients and soil amendments to agricultural fields.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Dr. Scott Leibsle, Deputy Administrator – Division of Animal Industries at (208) 332-8540.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before November 27, 2019.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 2019.

Brian Oakey, Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8552 Fax: (208) 334-2710

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0430-1903 (New Chapter)

02.04.30 - RULES GOVERNING ENVIRONMENTAL AND NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

		dopted under the legal authority of Sections 22-110, 22-4903, 25-3802, 25-4012(2), 37-401(57-6529F(4), Idaho Code.	(1), 37-
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.	
Manage	01. ement."	Title. The title of this chapter is IDAPA 02.04.16, "Rules Governing Environmental and N	Nutrient
Advisor submiss agricult	ry Team, sion of the ural operaling of a	Scope . This rule governs the certification process for soil samplers and nutrient mana ocess for collecting and handling soil samples, the contents of a request to form a CAF formation of a CAFO Site Advisory Team, development of a site suitability determine esuitability determination to the appropriate county officials, the management of odor generations, except beef cattle animal feeding operations and large swine and poultry operations agricultural waste at agricultural operations to safeguard and protect animals, man, a	O Site ination, ated on and the
002 3	103.	(RESERVED)	
		SUBCHAPTER A – NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT	
104. The following the follo		RPORATION BY REFERENCE. ocuments are incorporated by reference into Subchapter A, Sections 104-203 only:	()
viewed	01. online at	August 1997 University of Idaho, Soil Sampling Bulletin 704 (revised). This document http://www.extension.uidaho.edu/publishing/pdf/EXT/EXT0704.pdf .	can be
	02.	Nutrient Management Standard (NMS).	()
docume	nt ca	The 1999 publication by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Reservice (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 be viewed online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploads/20ment_code_590.pdf .	0. This
docume	nt ca	The 2007 publication by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Reservice (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 n be viewed online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploads/205590.pdf .	0. This
105 3	109.	(RESERVED)	
	ion to the	ITIONS. definitions found in Sections 22-4904, 25-4002, and 37-604, Idaho Code, the following definition and enforcement of Subchapter A, Sections 104-203 only:	initions ()

000.

LEGAL AUTHORITY.

01. certification prog	Certified Soil Sampler. A person who has completed a Department approved soil sagram and has received written certification from the Department.	imple (er)
02. Standard for man amendments for p	Nutrient Management Plan. A plan prepared in conformance with the Nutrient Managing the amount, source, placement, form, and timing of the land application of nutrients are plant production.	emei nd so	nt il)
Resources Conse approved by the latter 2007 publications	Nutrient Management Standard. For dairies and beef cattle animal feeding operation ement Standard is the 1999 publication by the United States Department of Agriculture Nervation Service Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 or other standard. For poultry concentrated animal feeding operations, the Nutrient Management Standard by the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation States Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 or other standard approved by the director.	Natura andar dard bervic	al rd is
04.	Operation(s). Animal feeding operation(s).	()
05. the August 1997 by the Departmen	Representative Soil Sample . A representative soil sample is a soil sample obtained as outlin University of Idaho, Soil Sampling Bulletin 704 (revised) or other equivalent method as appear.	ned b prove (y d)
bedrock, cobbles	Resource Concerns. Surface water runoff that leaves the operation from normal storm event ground or irrigation; and ground water concerns on the operation from a high water table, fra gravel, course textured soils or other environmental considerations such as tile drains or shaducive for the downward movement of water and associated nutrients.	cture	ed
	EVIATIONS. breviations apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter A, Sections 104-203 on	ly:	
01.	CNMP. Certified Nutrient Management Planner.	()
02.	CSS. Certified Soil Sampler.	()
03.	NMP. Nutrient Management Plan.	()
04.	NMS. Nutrient Management Standard.	()
05.	NRCS. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service.	()
06.	SSB. August 1997 University of Idaho Soil Sampling Bulletin 704 (revised).	()
07.	USDA. United States Department of Agriculture.	()
112 119.	(RESERVED)		
	CABILITY. to nutrient management on the following operations:	()
01. human consumpt	Dairies . All Manufactured Grade and Grade A dairies located in Idaho licensed to sell minon, pursuant to Title 37, Chapter 6, Idaho Code.	ilk fo	or)
02. required to imple	Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations . All beef cattle animal feeding operations in ment a NMP pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 49 Idaho Code.	Idah ()
03. an NMP pursuant	Poultry Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations . All poultry operations required to imple to Title 25, Chapter 40, Idaho Code.	lemei (nt)
121 129.	(RESERVED)		

NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLANS. All NMPs required by IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct," IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations," and IDAPA 02.04.32, "Rules Governing Poultry Operations," must be written by nutrient management planners who have been certified by the Department. 131. -- 139. (RESERVED) NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLANNER CERTIFICATION. All persons who develop NMPs must be certified through the Department Certification Program. Certification. The Nutrient Management Planner Certification will be valid unless revoked by the Department. Development. Any person may develop an NMP for his own operation provided the person 02. possesses a valid Nutrient Management Planner Certification issued by the Department. Continuing Education. The Department may require a CNMP to complete periodic continuing education training to retain certification. REVOCATION OF NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLANNER CERTIFICATION. CNMP Certification may be revoked by the Department if the CNMP: 01. Submits Inaccurate Information. Submits NMPs that contain falsified or materially inaccurate information. Fails to Submit Plans. Fails to submit an NMP to the ISDA within thirty (30) days after being paid 02. by a producer. 03. Fails to Follow Provisions. Fails to meet any requirement in Subchapter A of this rule. 142. -- 149. (RESERVED) 150. **SOIL SAMPLES.** Dairies, beef cattle operations, and poultry operations implementing nutrient management plans pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct," IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations," and IDAPA 02.04.32, "Rules Governing Poultry Operations," must have soil samples collected each year from all fields owned or operated by the dairy, beef, or poultry operation to which livestock waste, manure, or process wastewater from the operation was land applied. In addition, a poultry operation must have soil samples collected each year from all fields owned or operated by the poultry operation to which soil amendments from the operation were land applied.

151. SOIL SAMPLE COLLECTION.

- **01.** CSS. All soil samples collected pursuant to this chapter must be collected by a CSS.
- **02. Representative Samples.** All soil samples collected by a CSS must be representative samples pursuant to the provisions of the SSB.
- **03. Sampling Depth.** The soil samples shall be obtained from depths outlined in each operation's NMP unless soil survey data or site specific situations warrant alternative sampling depths.
- **04.** Alternative Sampling Depths. If the CSS determines that an alternative sampling depth is necessary due to resource concerns, the CSS must indicate such deviation in sampling depths on soil samples and laboratory soil sample submission forms.

152. SOIL SAMPLE SUBMISSION.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Environmental & Nutrient Management

Docket No. 02-0430-1903 Proposed Rulemaking

All soil samples collected pursuant to this chapter must be appropriately handled to protect the integrity of the sample and submitted to an approved laboratory by the CSS who collected the soil sample.

153. -- 159. (RESERVED)

160. APPROVED LABORATORIES.

Only laboratories that hold a current valid certification from the North American Laboratory Proficiency Testing Program or equivalent method approved by the Department are approved laboratories for the purposes of this chapter.

161. RECORDS OF NUTRIENT ANALYSIS.

Owners or operators of facilities who are required to implement NMPs pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct," IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations," and IDAPA 02.04.32, "Rules Governing Poultry Operations," must retain records of nutrient analysis for a minimum of five (5) years.

- **01. Complete Records**. Records must be complete, readily available, and identified to the fields listed in the facility's NMP.
- **02. Available to the Director**. Records must be made available to the director for inspection and copying upon request.

162. -- 169. (RESERVED)

170. SOIL SAMPLER CERTIFICATION.

All persons who collect soil samples pursuant to Subchapter A must be certified through the Department Certification Program.

- **01. Certification**. The Soil Sampler Certification will be valid unless revoked by the Department.
- **O2. Sampling**. Any person may sample their own operation as outlined in Subchapter A of these rules provided the person possesses a valid Soil Sampler Certification issued by the Department.
- 03. Continuing Education. The Department may require CSS to complete continuing education training to ensure compliance within the provisions of this chapter.

171. REVOCATION OF SOIL SAMPLER CERTIFICATION.

Soil Sampler Certification is subject to revocation by the Department if the Certified Soil Sampler fails to meet the soil sampling criteria set forth in Subchapter A.

172. -- 179. (RESERVED)

180. PENALTIES.

Any person violating any of the provisions of Subchapter A may be subject to the penalty provisions of Title 22, Chapter 1 and 49, Title 37, Chapter 4 and 6, and Title 25, Chapter 40, Idaho Code.

- **01. Monetary Penalties.** The imposition or computation of monetary penalties shall take into account the seriousness of the violation, good faith efforts to comply with the law, the economic impact of the penalty on the violator and such other matters as justice requires.
- **02. Minor Violations**. The Director may issue suitable warnings or other administrative actions for minor violations.

181. -- 203. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER B – CAFO SITE ADVISORY TEAM

	RPORATION BY REFERENCE. documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter B, Sections 204-303:	()
01.	Nutrient Management Standard (NMS).	()
document o	The 1999 publication by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Service (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code can be viewed online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploadgement_code_590.pdf .	590. T	his
	The 2007 publication by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Service (NRCS) Idaho Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code can be viewed online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploadCS_590.pdf .	590. T	his
In addition to	NITIONS. the definitions found in Section 67-6529C, Idaho Code, the following definitions and enforcement of Subchapter B, Sections 204-303:	pply in (the)
sources from e	Best Management Practices . Practices, techniques, or measures that are determine a cost-effective and practicable means of preventing or reducing pollutants from point of entering waters of the state and managing odor generated on an agriculture operation accepted agriculture practices.	or non-po	int
02. such as manure beneficial purp	Land Application . The spreading on, or incorporation into the soil of agricultural less, process wastewater, compost, cull potatoes, cull onions, or crop residues into the soil proses.		
03. standard.	Nutrient Management Plan. A plan prepared in conformance with the nutrient m	nanagem (ent)
Practice Standa For poultry co Agriculture Na	Nutrient Management Standard. For dairies and beef cattle animal feeding operation the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, Cord, Nutrient Management Code 590, or other equally protective standard approved by the uncentrated animal feeding operations, the 2007 publication by the United States Department Resources Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590, or other approved by the Director.	onservati he Direct partment	ion tor. of
05. CAFO to a leve	Odor Management Plan. A site-specific plan approved by the Director to manage of associated with accepted agricultural practices by utilizing best management practices.	odor fron (n a)
	REVIATIONS. abbreviations apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter B, Sections 204-30	03: ()
01.	BMP. Best Management Practices.	()
02.	CAFO. Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation.	()
03.	DEQ. Idaho Department of Environmental Quality.	()
04.	FEMA. Federal Emergency Management Agency	()
05.	IDWR. Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
06.	NRCS. The United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation	Service.	

	T OF AGRICULTURE ing Environmental & Nutrient Management	Docket No. 02-0430-1903 Proposed Rulemaking
		()
07.	NMP. Nutrient Management Plan.	()
08.	OMP. Odor Management Plan.	()
09.	USGS. United States Geological Survey.	()
212 219.	(RESERVED)	
220. APPL	ICABILITY.	
	Site for a Proposed CAFO . A CAFO site advisory team shall to all proposed CAFO sites, as defined in Subchapter B of these rule pursuant to Subchapter B.	
	Sites That Do not Meet the Definition of a CAFO. The Director ted by a board of county commissioners, for a site that does not CAFO provided that:	
a. proximity to str	The county demonstrates that the site is in an environmenta eams, lakes, or other bodies of surface water; or	ally sensitive area or is in close
b. determination.	The state agencies have personnel and other resources available	ble to conduct the site suitability
221 229.	(RESERVED)	
A board of cou	AATION OF A SITE ADVISORY TEAM. unty commissioners may request the formation of a CAFO site mination by submitting to the Director a written request supported	
01. Director shall de	Designation of the Team Leader . Upon receipt of a request resignate a team leader.	to form a site advisory team, the
	Notification of Team Members . The team leader shall provide a DEQ and IDWR. After receiving notification, DEQ and IDWR shates sentatives to the team.	
240. CAFO	SITE ADVISORY TEAMS	
	Site for a Proposed CAFO . A CAFO site advisory team shall a for all proposed CAFO sites, as defined in Subchapter B, supursuant to this Subchapter.	
	Sites That Do not Meet the Definition of a CAFO . The Directoted by a board of county commissioners, for a site that does not CAFO provided that:	
a. proximity to stre	The county demonstrates that the site is in an environmenta eams, lakes, or other bodies of surface water; or	ally sensitive area or is in close
b. determination.	The state agencies have personnel and other resources available	ble to conduct the site suitability
241. FORM	IATION OF A SITE ADVISORY TEAM.	

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Environmental & Nutrient Management

Docket No. 02-0430-1903 Proposed Rulemaking

A board of county commissioners may request the formation of a CAFO site advisory team to provide a site suitability determination by submitting to the Director a written request supported by the adoption of a resolution by the county. 01. Designation of the Team Leader. Upon receipt of a request to form a site advisory team, the Director will designate a team leader. **Notification of Team Members.** The team leader will provide a copy of the request to form a site advisory team to DEO and IDWR. After receiving notification, DEO and IDWR will notify the Team Leader of their respective representatives to the team. CONTENTS OF A REQUEST TO FORM A SITE ADVISORY TEAM. The information contained in a request includes, but is not limited to, the following: County Definition of CAFO. The county's definition of "CAFO" as set forth in any applicable 01. county ordinance. Legal Description and Address. Legal description and address of the proposed CAFO. **02.** 03. **One-Time Unit Capacity.** The one-time animal capacity of the proposed CAFO. 04. **Type of Animals**. The type of animals to be confined at the proposed CAFO. **05. Water Right Information**. All requests shall include one (1) of the following: Evidence that a valid water right exists to supply adequate water for the operation of the proposed CAFO; or A copy of an application for a permit to appropriate water that has been filed with IDWR, that if approved, will supply adequate water for operation of the proposed CAFO; or A copy of an application to change the point of diversion, place, period, and nature of use of an existing water right that has been filed with IDWR, that if approved, will supply adequate water for the operation of the proposed CAFO. Vicinity Map with Site Location. A detailed sketch of the proposed CAFO site location, on an aerial photograph if available, that includes the following: Building locations; a. b. Waste storage facilities and general areas for any land application including a narrative description of the waste system; FEMA flood zones or other appropriate flood data for the proposed CAFO site and land application sites owned or leased by the applicant; Private and community domestic water wells, irrigation wells, existing monitoring wells, and existing injection wells as documented by IDWR or other sources, including the associated well logs if available, that are within a one (1) mile radius of the proposed CAFO; Irrigation canals, irrigation laterals, rivers, streams, springs, lakes, reservoirs, and designated wetlands, that are within a one (1) mile radius of the proposed CAFO. Site Characterization. A characterization of the proposed CAFO site and any land application

Annual precipitation and prevailing wind direction as contained in the Idaho Waste Management

sites owned or leased by the applicant, that includes the following information, if available:

	T OF AGRICULTURE ing Environmental & Nutrient Management	Docket No. 02-0430-190 Proposed Rulemakin	
Guidelines, 199	7;	()
b.	Soil characteristics from NRCS;	()
c.	Hydrologic characteristics from IDWR and USGS including:	()
i.	Depth to first water yielding zone and first encountered water;	()
ii.	Direction of ground water movement and gradient;	()
iii.	Sources and estimates of recharge;	()
iv.	Seasonal variations in water level and recharge characteristics;	()
v.	Susceptibility to contamination; and	()
vi.	Relation of ground water to surface water.	()
d.	Water quality data from DEQ, the Department, IDWR, or USGS, inc	luding: ()
i.	Microorganisms;	()
ii.	Nutrients; and	()
iii.	Pharmaceuticals and organic compounds.	()
08. by the applicant	Required OMPs or NMPs . Any OMPs or NMPs that are required at the time of application.	by the county to be submitte	ed)
243 249.	(RESERVED)		
Team members	CW OF REQUEST. review the information provided in the request for the formation of a s required elements of Section 242.	ite advisory team to determir (ne)
01. not include the information.	Insufficient Information . If the team determines that the information required elements of Section 242, the team leader will contact the		
with the team m	Sufficient Information . When the team has determined that the the required elements of Section 242, the team leader schedules an or embers. The team leader informs the county requesting the formation of the onsite review and the county may have a representative present.	site review of the information	n
251 259.	(RESERVED)		
Within thirty (3 required elemen	O) days of receiving a request for the formation of a CAFO site acts of Section 242, the team develops and submits to the county a site s of Section 242 or other relevant information, that contains:		
01. insufficient infor	Risk Category . A determination of an environmental risk categrmation to make a determination;	ory: high, moderate; low; (or)
02.	Description of Factors . A description of the factors that contribute t	o the environmental risks;)

	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Environmental & Nutrient Management		0-190 nakin	
	03.	Mitigation. Any possible mitigation of the environmental risks.	(
261	303.	(RESERVED)		
		SUBCHAPTER C – AGRICULTURE ODOR MANAGEMENT		
304. The following the state of the state		RPORATION BY REFERENCE. ocuments are incorporated by reference into Subchapter C, Sections 304-409 only:	(
	01.	Idaho NRCS Nutrient Management Standard 590, June 1999.	(
August	02. 2001.	Best Management Practices listed in the "Idaho Agricultural Pollution Abatement	Plan,	
	03.	ASAE Standard EP379.2 Sections 5 and 6 in their entirety, November 1997.	(
	04.	NRCS Conservation Practice Standard 317, March 2001.	(
305	309.	(RESERVED)		
	ition to t	ITIONS. the definitions found in Section 25-3803, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply denforcement of Subchapter C, Sections 304-409:	in th	
	01.	Animal. Livestock and agricultural animals.	(
objectiv	02. ve.	BAT. The best application of science that is accessible and obtainable to achieve a	desire	
State D	03 epartmen	Beef Cattle . All cattle except those located on a dairy farm that have been permitted by the t of Agriculture pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct."	e Idah (
"Rules	04 Governin	Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operation . Those operations regulated pursuant to IDAPA 02 g Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations."	2.04.15	
matter.	05.	Compost. A biologically stable material derived from the biological decomposition of	organi (
form.	06.	Composting. The aerobic degradation of manure and other organic material to a biologically	y stabl (
includir	07. ng, but no	Land Application . The spreading on, or incorporation into the soil of agricultural by-put limited to, manure, wastewater, compost, cull potatoes, cull onions, or crop residues.	roduct (
58.01.0 "Rules	08. 9, "Rules Governin	Large Swine And Poultry Operations . Those swine operations regulated pursuant to B Regulating Swine Facilities," and those poultry operations regulated pursuant to IDAPA 02 ag Poultry Operations."	IDAPA 2.04.32 (
	09.	Liquid-Solid Separation The removal of solid manure from water through mechanical or	settlin	

11. Wastewater Treatment. A process by which wastewater is treated through aerobic or anaerobic

Waste Collection and Conveyance Systems. The areas and systems used in the collection and

means.

application.

10.

transfer of manure from the point of generation to the wastewater storage and containment facilities, prior to land

		T OF AGRICULTURE Docket No. 02-043 ing Environmental & Nutrient Management Proposed Rulei		
degrada	ation or o	ther means.	()
311. The fol		EVIATIONS. bbreviations apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter C, Sections 304-409:	()
	01.	ASAE. American Society of Agricultural Engineers.	()
	02.	BAT. Best Available Technology.	()
	03.	BMP. Best Management Practice.	()
	04.	DEQ. Idaho Department of Environmental Quality.	()
	05.	NMP. Nutrient Management Plan.	()
	06.	NOV. Notice Of Violation.	()
	07.	NRCS. The United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Servation	vice.)
	08.	OMP. Odor Management Plan.	()
312	319.	(RESERVED)		
referen manage	ced in S ement pra	ractices conducted in accordance with applicable laws, rules and best management practices conducted in a 320.02, or in the absence of referenced best management practices conducted in a manner that demonstrates reasonable efforts to minimize odors, are contural practices for purposes of Subchapter C.	ractio	es,
	01.	Applicable Rules . The following are applicable rules for the purpose of Section 320:	()
	a.	IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct."	()
	b.	IDAPA 02.03.03, "Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application."	()
	c.	IDAPA 02.06.17, "Rules Concerning Disposal of Cull Onion and Potatoes."	()
	d.	IDAPA 02.04.17, "Rules Governing Dead Animal Movement and Disposal."	()
		Applicable Best Management Practices . The following practices, or other management products that are conducted in a manner that demonstrates reasonable efforts to minimize opted agricultural practices for purposes of this rule.	oracti dors (ces are
	a.	Idaho NRCS Nutrient Management Standard 590, June 1999.	()
2001.	b.	Best Management Practices listed in the "Idaho Agricultural Pollution Abatement Plan,"	Aug (ust)
1997.	c.	"Control of Manure Odors," ASAE Standard EP379.2 Sections 5 and 6 in their entirety, No.	ovem (ber)
	d.	"Composting Facility," NRCS Conservation Practice Standard 317, March 2001.	()
		Excess Odors . An agricultural operation using an accepted agricultural practice that g of levels normally associated with such practice, as determined by the Department on a site along and submit an odor management plan to the Director in accordance with Section 340.		

321 32 9).	(RESERVED)		
		CABILITY. blies to all agricultural operations, except:	()
01 Governing	1. Beef (Beef Cattle . Beef cattle animal feeding operations regulated pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.15, Cattle Animal Feeding Operations."	"Rule	s)
02 Regulating Poultry Op	Swine	Swine and Poultry . Large swine operations regulated pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.09, a Facilities," and large poultry operations regulated pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.32, "Rules Govers."	"Rule verning (s)
331 31 9).	(RESERVED)		
		WASTE SYSTEMS. legin construction of a new or modified liquid waste system prior to approval of such system	n by the	e)
	d liqui	Department Review . The Director may order the construction to cease if the construction of dwaste system has commenced prior to the Director's approval. In doing so, the Direct and assessment of such systems made by Department staff.		
02 professions specification	al engi	Design Requirements . All new or modified liquid waste systems shall be designed by lineers, approved in writing by the Director, and constructed in accordance with standard proved by the Director for management of odors.	icensed rds and	1 1 (
a. constructio		If construction is commenced prior to the Director's written approval, the Director magnities to be ceased.	y orde (r)
b . written app		Material deviations from the approved plans and specifications are not allowed without the of the director.	ne prio (r)
	liquid v	Within thirty (30) days of completion of construction, alteration or modification of any waste system, complete and accurate plans and specifications depicting the actual construction performed must be submitted by the operator to the Director.		
d . that effect		If construction does not materially deviate from the plans approved by the Director, a state of filed by the agricultural operation with the Director.	/	o)
All new or rules, and standards a	modif for the and spe	ARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID WASTE SYSTEMS. ied liquid waste systems shall be designed and constructed in accordance with applicable last purpose of managing odors. The Director shall require techniques and management practicifications of liquid waste systems for the management of odors. These techniques and management but are not be limited to the following:	tices a	S
01	1.	Wastewater Storage and Containment Facilities:	()
a.		Liquid-solid separation.	()
b	•	Wastewater treatment.	()
c.	,	Use of chemical or biological additives.	()
d.	•	Dilution of wastewater.	()
e.	•	Impermeable or permeable storage covers.	()

f.	Biofilters.	()
g.	Enhancing dispersion.	()
h.	Location of wastewater discharge into storage and containment facilities.	()
02.	Wastewater Collection and Conveyance Systems.	()
a.	Wastewater Treatment.	()
b.	Use of chemical or biological additives.	()
c.	Dilution of wastewater.	()
d.	Impermeable or permeable covers of collection areas.	()
e.	Timing of collection and conveyance system operation.	()
f.	Frequency and duration of collection and conveyance system operation.	()
g.	Enhancing dispersion.	()
322 329.	(RESERVED)		
The Director obusiness hours of these rules. 01. notify the board	ECTIONS. r Director's designee is authorized to enter and inspect any agricultural operation, and d have access to or copy any facility records deemed necessary to ensure compliance with a Notification of County Commissioners. Prior to conducting an inspection, the Dept of county commissioners for the county in which the agricultural operation is located a missioners may have a designee accompany the department during the inspection.	Subchapte (partment	er C) will
331 339.	(RESERVED)		
OMPs shall be	R MANAGEMENT PLANS. designed to work in conjunction with any required NMP and shall be submitted to the pon approval by the Director, signed by owner or operator of the agricultural operation.	le Directo	r in)
01. owner or opera	OMP Development . Within sixty (60) days of receiving a NOV for a first time stor of the agriculture operation receiving the NOV shall submit to the Director an OMP f		
	Interim Measures . The Department will work with the owner or operator of a has received a NOV for a first time violation to identify interim measures that can be imported begin the process of reducing odors while the OMP is being developed.	n agricul lemented (ture in a)
committed a fi	Department Approval . The Director will approve, reject, or request additional information of receiving an OMP from the owner or operator of an agricultural operation deel irst time violation and provide to the owner or operator of the agricultural operation and quest for additional information in writing.	emed to h	iave

agricultural operation shall submit to the Director the additional information or a rewritten OMP that address the reasons for the rejection within thirty (30) days of receiving written notification from the Director.

If the Director rejects an OMP or requests additional information, the owner or operator of the

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Environmental & Nutrient Management

Docket No. 02-0430-1903 Proposed Rulemaking

		Within fifteen (15) days of receiving the additional information or a rewritten OMP, the I reject the OMP. If the OMP is rejected, the Director may issue a subsequent violation under ne penalty provisions specified in Subchapter C, Section 350 and Section 25-3808, Idaho Coo	Secti	
340.	c.	The Director may, on a case by case basis, grant extensions to the deadlines contained in	Secti	on)
310.	04.	Implementation. OMPs shall be implemented as approved by the Director.	()
associa the Dep	ted with a partment v	Review of OMP . The Department will review OMPs no less than annually for three (3) year roves the OMP. If the Department determines an approved OMP has not reduced odors to accepted agricultural practices after a reasonable period of time, as determined by the Department will review the OMP with the owner or operator of the agricultural operation and adjust the fithe Agriculture Odor Management Act.	a lev artme	vel nt,
341. Conten		ENTS OF AN ODOR MANAGEMENT PLAN. OMP for an agricultural operation may include, but are not limited to the following:	()
	01.	Owner's Name. Name and telephone number of the owner of the operation.	()
	02.	Address. Physical address of the operation.	()
	03.	Location. County in which the operation is located.	()
	04.	Operation Description. A description of the operation that includes, as applicable:	()
	a.	Type of operation.	()
	b.	General description of operation.	()
	c.	Number and type of any animals including age groups.	()
	d.	Any plans for expansion.	()
	e.	Type of housing used related to age groups of animals.	()
operation	f. ons.	General description of nearby residential areas, public use areas, and pertinent agri-	cultu	ral)
	g.	Type of crop and number of acres grown.	()
topogra	05. aphy of the	Scaled Vicinity Map. A map that shall include all residences, public use areas, roads, e area, and other pertinent agricultural operations within a two (2) mile radius of the facility.		ral)
includi	06. ng timing	Manure Management System. A detailed description of the present manure handling a frequency, duration, volumes, dimensions, and flow rates where applicable for the following	syster g: (ms)
	a.	Manure cleaning systems.	()
	b.	Manure transfer systems.	()
	c.	Manure separation systems.	()
piping,	07. feed stora	Scaled Site Plan. A site plan showing all buildings, housing facilities, waste/manure storagage areas, and roadways.	ge are	as,

08. methods used to	Land Application System. A detailed description of the present management pract make land application including:	ices a	and)		
a.	Timing, frequency, and duration of practices.	()		
b.	Proximity of land application sites to residential and public use areas.	()		
09. Climatic Data . A description of the typical climatic conditions for a minimum period of two years that exist in the geographical area of the operation or have been recorded on-site for the operation including (
a.	Wind Speed and direction(s).	()		
b.	Temperature range.	()		
c.	Relative humidity range.	()		
d.	Precipitation data.	()		
	Facility Odor Sources . A list of all primary odor sources located on the operation with a moderate, or high with respect to overall odor production along with an explanation of why in the reasoning for the overall ranking.				
	Tiered Implementation . A three-tier process shall be used to reduce odor production that tier containing a list of the primary BMPs and BATs that are going to be implemented tier BMP and BAT listed, the plan shall include, but not be limited to:				
a.	Process of how the BMP or BAT will be designed or managed.	()		
b. and justification	Implementation schedule that defines when the BMP or BAT will be implemented on the for why this time frame was chosen.	e faci	lity)		
c. with quantitative	Monitoring program that will be implemented to evaluate the effectiveness of the BMP or qualitative reduction goals.	or B	AT,		
12. involved in the in	Public Involvement . This section shall describe how the public in the area of the facility implementation or evaluation of the OMP.	y will (be)		
	Timeframe for Review of OMP . A designated period of time when each tier of the planermine if further implementation is necessary, how each tier will be evaluated, which Deat the review, and a period of time in which the agricultural operation will attain full compliant.	partm	ent		
342 349.	(RESERVED)				
If the Departmer associated with a time violation of	TIME VIOLATIONS. In determines that an agricultural operation is generating odors in excess of levels of odors in accepted agricultural practices, the agricultural operations shall be deemed to have committed for Subchapter C. The Department shall require agricultural operations deemed to have common to cooperate with the Department to develop and submit to the Director for approval and	ed a f mitte	ĭrst		

351. SUBSEQUENT VIOLATIONS.

Agricultural operations have committed a subsequent violation if the operation is determined to have committed a subsequent violation within three (3) years, has failed to comply with a required OMP, or the Department determines that the owner or operator of the agriculture operation has not cooperated with the Department by failing to submit an

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Docket No. 02-0430-1903 Rules Governing Environmental & Nutrient Management Proposed Rulemaking OMP that meets Department approval requirements. 352. **EXCEPTIONS.** Events contemplated in Idaho Code Section 25-3805(7) are not considered violations of this subchapter. Idaho Code Section 25-3805 is applicable whether or not an agricultural operation is required to have an OMP. 353. -- 409. (RESERVED) SUBCHAPTER D - STOCKPILING OF AGRICULTURAL WASTE **DEFINITIONS.** The following definitions apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter D, Sections 410-999:) Agricultural Operation. Facilities that generate or receive and stockpile agricultural waste and that are not regulated under IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct," or IDAPA 02.04.15, "Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations." Agricultural Waste. Agricultural waste means livestock waste. 02. **03. Duration**. The length of time agricultural waste is stockpiled. 04. **Dwelling**. The house, residence, abode, or other structure where a person lives. Livestock. Bovidae, suidae, equidae, captive cervidae, camelidae, ratitidae, gallinaceous birds, and **05.** captive waterfowl. Livestock Waste. Manure that may also contain bedding, spilled feed, feathers, water, or soil. It also includes wastes not particularly associated with manure, such as milking center or washing wastes, milk, feed leachate, or livestock carcasses or parts thereof. Non-Compliance. A practice or facility condition that does not comply with Section 22-110, Idaho Code, or the provisions of these rules. Public Highway. All highways open to public use in the state, whether maintained by the state or by any county, highway district, city, or other political subdivision. Responsible Party. A person who generates or receives and stockpiles agricultural waste on property the person owns, leases, or otherwise has permission to use as a stockpile site. Setbacks for a Stockpile Site. The distance from a stockpile site to a location identified in Section 420 of Subchapter D. Stockpile Staging Site. A physical area where stockpiling occurs for a duration of no longer than 11. thirty (30) days. Stockpile Site. A physical location where agricultural waste is stockpiled for a duration of more than thirty (30) days and that stockpiles more than fifty (50) cubic yards of agricultural waste. **Stockpiling**. The accumulation of agricultural waste on an agricultural operation. 13. Surface Waters of the State. All accumulations of surface water, natural and artificial, public and private, or parts thereof that are wholly or partially within, that flow through or border upon the state. 411. -- 419. (RESERVED)

SETBACKS FOR STOCKPILE SITES.

420.

		T OF AGRICULTURE Docket No. 02-043 ing Environmental & Nutrient Management Proposed Rulei		
Stockpil	le sites a	t agricultural operations must meet the following setback requirements.	()
	01.	Setback Distances. Stockpile sites shall maintain the following setbacks:	()
	a.	Three hundred (300) feet from a non-responsible party's dwelling.	()
	b.	Five hundred (500) feet from a hospital, church, or school.	()
	c.	One hundred (100) feet from a domestic or irrigation well.	()
	d.	One hundred (100) feet from surface waters of the State.	()
	e.	Fifty (50) feet from a public highway.	()
dwelling	02. g or dwe	Responsible Party's Dwellings . Stockpile sites do not have setbacks from a responsible llings owned by the responsible party.	party (/'s)
Subchap	03. oter D.	Stockpile Staging Sites. Stockpile staging sites are not subject to the setbacks set	forth (in)
421 9	999	(RESERVED)		