## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1204

## BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAID; AMENDING SECTION 56-253, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT SHALL INCLUDE QUESTIONS RELATING TO SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS, TO PROVIDE THAT THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE SHALL CONDUCT CERTAIN RESEARCH AND APPLY FOR CERTAIN WAIVERS, AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-254, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING ELIGIBILITY FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE AND TO PROVIDE FOR NOTIFICATION REGARDING OPPORTUNITIES TO ENROLL IN AN EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING PROGRAM; AMENDING SECTION 56-255, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE CORRECT CODE REFERENCES; AMENDING SECTION 56-267, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT ELIGIBILITY FOR MEDICAID SHALL NOT BE DELAYED FOR WAIVER CONSIDERATION, NEGOTIATION, OR APPROVAL, TO PROVIDE THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY DECLARE THE SECTION TO BE NULL, VOID, AND OF NO FORCE AND EFFECT UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR A CERTAIN REVIEW, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A TASK FORCE; AND PROVIDING SEVERABILITY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 56-253, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 56-253. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR. (1) The director is hereby encouraged and empowered to obtain federal approval in order that Idaho design and implement changes to its medicaid program that advance the quality of services to participants while allowing access to needed services and containing excessive costs. The design of Idaho's medicaid program shall incorporate the concepts expressed in section 56-251, Idaho Code.
- (2) The director may create health-need categories other than those stated in section 56-251(2)(a), Idaho Code, subject to legislative approval, and may develop a medicaid benchmark plan for each category.
- (3) Each benchmark plan shall include explicit policy goals for the covered population identified in the plan, as well as specific benefit packages, delivery system components and performance measures in accordance with section 67-1904, Idaho Code.
- (4) The director shall establish a mechanism to ensure placement of participants into the appropriate benchmark plan as allowed under section 6044 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. This mechanism shall include, but not be limited to, a health risk assessment. This assessment shall comply with federal requirements for early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment (EPSDT) services for children, in accordance with section 1905(a)(4)(B) of the social security act. The health risk assessment shall include questions related to substance use disorders to allow referral to treatment for such disorders by the department.

(5) The director may require, subject to federal approval, participants to designate a medical home. Applicants for medical assistance shall receive information about primary care case management, and, if required to so designate, shall select a primary care provider as part of the eligibility determination process.

- (6) The director may, subject to federal approval, enter into contracts for medical and other services when such contracts are beneficial to participant health outcomes as well as economically prudent for the medicaid program.
- (7) The director may obtain agreements from medicare, school districts and other entities to provide medical care if it is practical and cost-effective.
- (8) The director shall research options and apply for federal waivers to enable cost-efficient use of medicaid funds to pay for substance abuse and/or mental health services in institutions for mental disease.
- $\underline{\text{(9)}}$  The director is given authority to promulgate rules consistent with this act.
- SECTION 2. That Section 56-254, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 56-254. ELIGIBILITY FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE. (1) The department shall make payments for medical assistance to, or on behalf of, the following persons eligible for medical assistance.
- $(\underline{+2})$  The benchmark plan for low-income children and working-age adults with no special health needs includes the following persons:
  - (a) Children in families whose family income does not exceed one hundred eighty-five percent (185%) of the federal poverty guideline and who meet age-related and other eligibility standards in accordance with department rule;
  - (b) Pregnant women of any age whose family income does not exceed one hundred thirty-three percent (133%) of the federal poverty guideline and who meet other eligibility standards in accordance with department rule, or who meet the presumptive eligibility guidelines in accordance with section 1920 of the social security act;
  - (c) Infants born to medicaid-eligible pregnant women. Medicaid eligibility must be offered throughout the first year of life as long as the infant remains in the mother's household and she remains eligible, or would be eligible if she were still pregnant;
  - (d) Adults in families with dependent children, as described in section 1931 of the social security act, who meet the requirements in the state's assistance to families with dependent children (AFDC) plan in effect on July 16, 1996;
  - (e) Families who are provided six (6) to twelve (12) months of medicaid coverage following loss of eligibility under section 1931 of the social security act due to earnings, or four (4) months of medicaid coverage following loss of eligibility under section 1931 of the social security act due to an increase in child or spousal support;
  - (f) Employees of small businesses who meet the definition of "eligible adult" as described in section 56-238, Idaho Code, whose eligibility is

limited to the medical assistance program described in section 56-241, Idaho Code;

- (g) All other mandatory groups as defined in title XIX of the social security act, if not listed separately in subsection (23) or (34) of this section.
- $(2\underline{3})$  The benchmark plan for persons with disabilities or special health needs includes the following persons:

- (a) Persons under age sixty-five (65) years eligible in accordance with title XVI of the social security act, as well as persons eligible for aid to the aged, blind and disabled (AABD) under titles I, X and XIV of the social security act;
- (b) Persons under age sixty-five (65) years who are in need of the services of a licensed nursing facility, a licensed intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, a state mental hospital, or home-based and community-based care, whose income does not exceed three hundred percent (300%) of the social security income (SSI) standard and who meet the asset standards and other eligibility standards in accordance with federal law and regulation, Idaho law and department rule;
- (c) Certain disabled children described in 42 CFR 435.225 who meet resource limits for aid to the aged, blind and disabled (AABD) and income limits for social security income (SSI) and other eligibility standards in accordance with department rules;
- (d) Persons under age sixty-five (65) years who are eligible for services under both titles XVIII and XIX of the social security act;
- (e) Children who are eligible under title IV-E of the social security act for subsidized board payments, foster care or adoption subsidies, and children for whom the state has assumed temporary or permanent responsibility and who do not qualify for title IV-E assistance but are in foster care, shelter or emergency shelter care, or subsidized adoption, and who meet eligibility standards in accordance with department rule;
- (f) Eligible women under age sixty-five (65) years with incomes at or below two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty level, for cancer treatment pursuant to the federal breast and cervical cancer prevention and treatment act of 2000;
- (g) Low-income children and working-age adults under age sixty-five (65) years who qualify under subsection ( $\frac{12}{2}$ ) of this section and who require the services for persons with disabilities or special health needs listed in section 56-255(3), Idaho Code;
- (h) Persons over age sixty-five (65) years who choose to enroll in this state plan; and
- (i) Effective January 1, 2018, children under  $\underline{age}$  eighteen (18) years with serious emotional disturbance, as defined in section 16-2403, Idaho Code, in families whose income does not exceed three hundred percent (300%) of the federal poverty guideline and who meet other eligibility standards in accordance with department rule.
- (34) The benchmark plan for persons over twenty-one (21) years of age who have medicare and medicaid coverage includes the following persons:
  - (a) Persons eligible in accordance with title XVI of the social security act, as well as persons eligible for aid to the aged, blind and disabled (AABD) under titles I, X and XIV of the social security act;

- (b) Persons who are in need of the services of a licensed nursing facility, a licensed intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, a state mental hospital, or home-based and community-based care, whose income does not exceed three hundred percent (300%) of the social security income (SSI) standard and who meet the assets standards and other eligibility standards in accordance with federal and state law and department rule;
- (c) Persons who are eligible for services under both titles XVIII and XIX of the social security act who have enrolled in the medicare program; and
- (d) Persons who are eligible for services under both titles XVIII and XIX of the social security act and who elect to enroll in this state plan.
- (5) The department of health and welfare shall notify all adult medicaid participants of the employment and training program and provide opportunities for participants to enroll in the program to create pathways to employment in their communities, including access to job search, career coaching, job training, and educational opportunities.
- SECTION 3. That Section 56-255, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 56-255. MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM -- SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED. (1) The department may make payments for the following services furnished by providers to participants who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be reimbursed only when medically necessary within the appropriations provided by law and in accordance with federal law and regulation, Idaho law and department rule. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, medical assistance includes the following benefits specific to the eligibility categories established in section  $56-254\,(42)$ , (23) and (34), Idaho Code, as well as a list of benefits to which all Idaho medicaid participants are entitled, defined in subsection (5) of this section.
- (2) Specific health benefits and limitations for low-income children and working-age adults with no special health needs include:
  - (a) All services described in subsection (5) of this section;
  - (b) Early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment services for individuals under age twenty-one (21) years, and treatment of conditions found; and
  - (c) Cost-sharing required of participants. Participants in the low-income children and working-age adult group are subject to the following premium payments, as stated in department rules:
    - (i) Participants with family incomes equal to or less than one hundred thirty-three percent (133%) of the federal poverty guideline are not required to pay premiums; and
    - (ii) Participants with family incomes above one hundred thirty-three percent (133%) of the federal poverty guideline will be required to pay premiums in accordance with department rule.
- (3) Specific health benefits for persons with disabilities or special health needs include:
  - (a) All services described in subsection (5) of this section;

- (b) Early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment services for individuals under age twenty-one (21) years, and treatment of conditions found;
- (c) Case management services as defined in accordance with section 1905(a)(19) or section 1915(q) of the social security act; and
- (d) Long-term care services, including:

- (i) Nursing facility services, other than services in an institution for mental diseases, subject to participant cost-sharing;
- (ii) Home-based and community-based services, subject to federal approval, provided to individuals who require nursing facility level of care who, without home-based and community-based services, would require institutionalization. These services will include community supports, including options for self-determination or family-directed, which will enable individuals to have greater freedom to manage their own care within the determined budget as defined by department rule; and
- (iii) Personal care services in a participant's home, prescribed in accordance with a plan of treatment and provided by a qualified person under supervision of a registered nurse;
- (e) Services for persons with developmental disabilities, including:
  - (i) Intermediate care facility services, other than such services in an institution for mental diseases, for persons determined in accordance with section 1902(a) (31) of the social security act to be in need of such care, including such services in a public institution, or distinct part thereof, for persons with intellectual disabilities or persons with related conditions;
  - (ii) Home-based and community-based services, subject to federal approval, provided to individuals who require an intermediate care facility for people with intellectual disabilities (ICF/ID) level of care who, without home-based and community-based services, would require institutionalization. These services will include community supports and options for self-directed or family-directed services, which will enable individuals to have greater freedom to manage their own care within the determined budget as defined by department rule. The department shall allow budget modifications only when needed to obtain or maintain employment or when health and safety issues are identified and meet the criteria as defined in department rule; and
  - (iii) Developmental disability services for children and adults shall be available based on need through state plan services or waiver services as described in department rule. The department shall develop a blended rate covering both individual and group developmental therapy services;
- (f) Home health services, including:
  - (i) Intermittent or part-time nursing services provided by a home health agency or by a registered nurse when no home health agency exists in the area;
  - (ii) Home health aide services provided by a home health agency; and

- (iii) Physical therapy, occupational therapy or speech pathology and audiology services provided by a home health agency or medical rehabilitation facility;
- (g) Hospice care in accordance with section 1905(o) of the social security act;
- (h) Specialized medical equipment and supplies;
- (i) Medicare cost-sharing, including:

- (i) Medicare cost-sharing for qualified medicare beneficiaries described in section 1905(p) of the social security act;
- (ii) Medicare part A premiums for qualified disabled and working individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(E)(ii) of the social security act;
- (iii) Medicare part B premiums for specified low-income medicare beneficiaries described in section 1902(a)(10)(E)(iii) of the social security act; and
- (iv) Medicare part B premiums for qualifying individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(E)(iv) and subject to section 1933 of the social security act; and
- (j) Nonemergency medical transportation.
- (4) Specific health benefits for persons over twenty-one (21) years of age who have medicare and medicaid coverage include:
  - (a) All services described in subsection (5) of this section, other than if provided under the federal medicare program;
  - (b) All services described in subsection (3) of this section, other than if provided under the federal medicare program;
  - (c) Other services that supplement medicare coverage; and
  - (d) Nonemergency medical transportation.
- (5) Benefits for all medicaid participants, unless specifically limited in subsection (2), (3) or (4) of this section, include the following:
  - (a) Health care coverage including, but not limited to, basic inpatient and outpatient medical services, and including:
    - (i) Physicians' services, whether furnished in the office, the patient's home, a hospital, a nursing facility or elsewhere;
    - (ii) Services provided by a physician or other licensed practitioner to prevent disease, disability and other health conditions or their progressions, to prolong life, or to promote physical or mental health; and
    - (iii) Hospital care, including:
      - 1. Inpatient hospital services other than those services provided in an institution for mental diseases;
      - 2. Outpatient hospital services; and
      - 3. Emergency hospital services;
    - (iv) Laboratory and x-ray services;
    - (v) Prescribed drugs;
    - (vi) Family planning services and supplies for individuals of child-bearing age;
    - (vii) Certified pediatric or family nurse practitioners' services;
    - (viii) Emergency medical transportation;
    - (ix) Behavioral health services, including:

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- 1. Outpatient behavioral health services that are appropriate, delivered by providers that meet national accreditation standards and may include community-based rehabilitation services and case management; and
- 2. Inpatient psychiatric facility services whether in a hospital, or for persons under the age of twenty-two (22) years in a freestanding psychiatric facility as permitted by federal law;
- (x) Medical supplies, equipment, and appliances suitable for use in the home;
- (xi) Physical therapy and speech therapies combined to align with the annual medicare caps; and
- (xii) Occupational therapy to align with the annual medicare cap;
- (b) Primary care medical homes;
- (c) Dental services and medical and surgical services furnished by a dentist in accordance with section 1905(a)(5)(B) of the social security act:
- (d) Medical care and any other type of remedial care recognized under Idaho law, furnished by licensed practitioners within the scope of their practice as defined by Idaho law, including:
  - (i) Podiatrists' services based on chronic care criteria as defined in department rule;
  - (ii) Optometrists' services based on chronic care criteria as defined in department rule;
  - (iii) Chiropractors' services, limited to six (6) visits per year; and
  - (iv) Other practitioners' services, in accordance with department rules;
- (e) Services for individuals with speech, hearing and language disorders as defined in department rule;
- (f) Eyeglasses prescribed by a physician skilled in diseases of the eye or by an optometrist;
- (g) Services provided by essential providers, including:
  - (i) Rural health clinic services and other ambulatory services furnished by a rural health clinic in accordance with section 1905(1)(1) of the social security act;
  - (ii) Federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and other ambulatory services that are covered under the plan and furnished by an FQHC in accordance with section  $1905\,(1)\,(2)$  of the social security act;
  - (iii) Indian health services;
  - (iv) District health departments; and
  - (v) The family medicine residency of Idaho and the Idaho state university family medicine residency; and
- (h) Physician, hospital or other services deemed experimental are excluded from coverage. The director may allow coverage of procedures or services deemed investigational if the procedures or services are as cost-effective as traditional, standard treatments.
- SECTION 4. That Section 56-267, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-267. MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY EXPANSION. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law or federal waiver to the contrary, the state shall amend its state plan to expand Mmedicaid eligibility to include those persons under sixty-five (65) years of age whose modified adjusted gross income is one hundred thirty-three percent (133%) of the federal poverty level or below and who are not otherwise eligible for any other coverage under the state plan, in accordance with sections 1902(a) (10) (A) (i) (VIII) and 1902(e) (14) of the Ssocial Ssecurity Aact.

- (2) No later than  $\underline{\text{ninety (90)}}$  days after approval of this act, the department shall submit any necessary state plan amendments to the United States  $\underline{\text{Dd}}$ epartment of  $\underline{\text{Hh}}$ ealth and  $\underline{\text{Hh}}$ uman  $\underline{\text{Ss}}$ ervices,  $\underline{\text{Cc}}$ enters for  $\underline{\text{Mm}}$ edicare and  $\underline{\text{Mm}}$ edicaid  $\underline{\text{Ss}}$ ervices to implement the provisions of this section. The department is required and authorized to take all actions necessary to implement the provisions of this section as soon as practicable.
- (3) Eligibility for medicaid as described in this section shall not be delayed if the centers for medicare and medicaid services fail to approve any waivers of the state plan for which the department applies, nor shall such eligibility be delayed while the department is considering or negotiating any waivers to the state plan.
- (4) If section 1905(y) of the social security act is held unlawful or unconstitutional by the United States supreme court, then the legislature may declare this section to be null, void, and of no force and effect.
- (5) If federal financial participation for persons identified in subsection (1) of this section is reduced below the ninety percent (90%) commitment described in section 1905 (y) of the social security act, then the senate and house of representatives health and welfare committees shall, as soon as practicable, review the effects of such reduction and make a recommendation to the legislature as to whether medicaid eligibility expansion should remain in effect.

SECTION 5. TASK FORCE. (1) The 2019 Legislative Council shall appoint a bipartisan task force to undertake and complete a study of the impact of Medicaid eligibility expansion on the financial obligation of counties and the state to provide indigent medical assistance. The Legislative Council shall determine the number of legislators and membership from each house appointed to the task force and shall authorize the task force to receive input, advice, and assistance from interested and affected parties who are not members of the Legislature. Nonlegislative members of the task force shall be appointed by the cochairs of the task force who are appointed by the Legislative Council and shall include, but are not limited to, a person representing the Department of Health and Welfare, a person representing the Idaho Association of Counties, and a person representing the health care professions. Nonlegislative members of the task force shall not be reimbursed from legislative funds for per diem, mileage, or other expenses. The task force shall evaluate the effectiveness of Medicaid eligibility expansion and its impact on the financial obligation of the counties and the state in providing indigent assistance including, but not limited to:

- (a) The county indigent program and how to leverage savings, if any, resulting from Medicaid eligibility expansion;
- (b) The catastrophic health care cost program and how to leverage savings, if any, resulting from Medicaid eligibility expansion;

- (c) The impact of Medicaid eligibility expansion on the obligation of counties to provide assistance for involuntary mental health commitments pursuant to chapter 3, title 66, Idaho Code; and
- (d) The county charity levy and how to use the levy to pay for the remaining county nonmedical indigent obligations including, but not limited to, public defense, indigent burials, jail medical, and other criminal justice and mental health-related services.
- (2) Upon concluding its study, the task force shall reports its findings and recommendations to the Legislature and the Governor.

SECTION 6. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.