LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO Sixty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session - 2021

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 170

BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT

- 2 RELATING TO INCOME TAX; AMENDING SECTION 63-3022, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PRO 3 VISIONS REGARDING IDAHO TAXABLE INCOME; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND
 4 PROVIDING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.
- 5 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

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6 SECTION 1. That Section 63-3022, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 7 amended to read as follows:

63-3022. ADJUSTMENTS TO TAXABLE INCOME. The additions and subtractions set forth in this section, and in sections 63-3022A through 63-3022U,
Idaho Code, are to be applied to the extent allowed in computing Idaho taxable income:

(a) Add any state and local taxes, as defined in section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code that are measured by net income, or for which a credit is
allowable under section 63-3029, Idaho Code, and paid or accrued during the
taxable year adjusted for state or local tax refunds used in arriving at taxable income.

(b) Add the net operating loss deduction used in arriving at taxable in-come.

19 (c) (1) A net operating loss for any taxable year commencing on and after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2013, shall be a net oper-20 ating loss carryback not to exceed a total of one hundred thousand dol-21 22 lars (\$100,000) to the two (2) immediately preceding taxable years. At 23 the election of the taxpayer, the two (2) year carryback may be forgone and the loss subtracted from income received in taxable years arising in 24 the next twenty (20) years succeeding the taxable year in which the loss 25 arises in order until exhausted. 26

- (2) A net operating loss for any taxable year commencing on or after
 January 1, 2013, shall be a net operating loss carryback not to exceed
 a total of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to the two (2) immediately preceding taxable years only if an amended return carrying the
 loss back is filed within one (1) year of the end of the taxable year of
 the net operating loss that results in such carryback.
- (3) Any portion of the net operating loss not subtracted from income in 33 the two (2) preceding years may be subtracted from income in the next 34 twenty (20) years succeeding the taxable year in which the loss arises 35 36 in order until exhausted. The sum of the deductions may not exceed the amount of the net operating loss deduction incurred. The carryback 37 shall be limited to a total of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the 38 39 case of an individual filing as married filing separate in the year of 40 the loss.
- (4) Net operating losses incurred by a corporation during a year inwhich such corporation did not transact business in Idaho or was not

included in a group of corporations combined under subsection (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, may not be subtracted. However, if at least one (1) corporation within a group of corporations combined under subsection (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, was transacting business in Idaho during the taxable year in which the loss was incurred, then the net operating loss may be subtracted. Net operating losses incurred by a person, other than a corporation, in activities not taxable by Idaho may not be subtracted.

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9 (5) The term "income" as used in this subsection means Idaho taxable in10 come as defined in this chapter as modified by section 63-3021(b)(2),
11 (3) and (4), Idaho Code.

(d) In the case of a corporation, add the amount deducted under the provisions of sections 243(a) and (c), 244, 245, and 246A of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to dividends received by corporations and other special
deductions) as limited by section 246(b) (1) of said code.

(e) In the case of a corporation, subtract an amount determined undersection 78 of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxable as dividends.

(f) Subtract the amount of any income received or accrued during the
taxable year which is exempt from taxation by this state, under the provisions of any other law of this state or a law of the United States, if not previously subtracted in arriving at taxable income.

(g) For the purpose of determining the Idaho taxable income of the bene-ficiary of a trust or of an estate:

24 (1) Distributable net income as defined for federal tax purposes shall
 25 be corrected for the other adjustments required by this section.

(2) Net operating losses attributable to a beneficiary of a trust or estate under section 642 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be a deduction
for the beneficiary to the extent that income from the trust or estate
would be attributable to this state under the provisions of this chapter.

(h) In the case of an individual who is on active duty as a full-time
officer, enlistee or draftee, with the armed forces of the United States,
which full-time duty is or will be continuous and uninterrupted for one hundred twenty (120) consecutive days or more, deduct compensation paid by the
armed forces of the United States for services performed outside this state.
The deduction is allowed only to the extent such income is included in taxable income.

(i) In the case of a corporation, including any corporation included 38 39 in a group of corporations combined under subsection (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, add any capital loss or passive loss deducted which loss was in-40 curred during any year in which such corporation did not transact business in 41 Idaho. However, do not add any capital loss deducted if a corporation, in-42 cluding any corporation in a group of corporations combined under subsection 43 (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, was transacting business in Idaho dur-44 ing the taxable year in which the loss was incurred. In the case of persons 45 other than corporations, add any capital loss or passive loss deducted which 46 47 was incurred in activities not taxable by Idaho at the time such loss was incurred. In computing the income taxable to an S corporation or partnership 48 under this section, deduction shall not be allowed for a carryover or carry-49 back of a net operating loss provided for in subsection (c) of this section, 50

1 a passive loss or a capital loss provided for in section 1212 of the Internal 2 Revenue Code.

3 (j) In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a deduction 4 from gross income either paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection at the op-5 tion of the taxpayer:

6 7 (1) The standard deduction as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (2) Itemized deductions as defined in section 63 of the Internal Rev 9 enue Code except state or local taxes measured by net income and general
 10 sales taxes as either is defined in section 164 of the Internal Revenue
 11 Code.

(k) Add the taxable amount of any lump sum distribution excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under the ten (10) year averaging method. The taxable amount will include the ordinary income portion and the amount eligible for the capital gain election.

(1) Deduct any amounts included in gross income under the provisions of
 section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code relating to certain social security
 and railroad benefits.

(m) In the case of a self-employed individual, deduct the actual cost
of premiums paid to secure worker's compensation insurance for coverage in
Idaho, if such cost has not been deducted in arriving at taxable income.

(n) In the case of an individual for any tax period ending on or prior 22 to December 31, 2016, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings pro-23 gram but not more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per tax year. In the 24 case of an individual and for any tax period starting on or after January 1, 25 2017, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings program, but not 26 more than six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per tax year. For those married and 27 filing jointly, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings program, 28 but not more than twice of that allowed for an individual. To be qualified 29 for this deduction, the contribution must be made during the taxable year and 30 31 made to an Idaho college savings program account as described in chapter 54, title 33, Idaho Code. 32

(o) In the case of an individual, add the amount of a nonqualified with-33 drawal from an individual trust account or savings account established pur-34 suant to chapter 54, title 33, Idaho Code, less any amount of such nonqual-35 ified withdrawal included in the individual's federal gross income pursuant 36 to section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. The addition provided in this 37 subsection is limited to contributions previously exempt from Idaho state 38 39 income tax and earnings generated from the program as long as the earnings are not already included in federal adjusted gross income. 40

(p) In the case of an individual, add the amount of a withdrawal from 41 an individual trust account or savings account established pursuant to chap-42 ter 54, title 33, Idaho Code, transferred to a qualified tuition program, as 43 defined in section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, that is operated by a 44 state other than Idaho or to a qualified ABLE program as defined in section 45 529A of the Internal Revenue Code. The addition provided in this subsection 46 47 is limited to the amount of the contributions to the Idaho individual trust account or savings account by the account owner that was deducted on the ac-48 count owner's Idaho income tax return for the year of the transfer and the 49 prior taxable year. 50

1 (q) Deduct any amount disallowed under section 461(1)(1)(B) of the In-2 ternal Revenue Code (relating to excess business losses) that is treated as 3 part of the taxpayer's net operating loss carryforward for federal income 4 tax purposes.

5 (r) Add the excess business losses under section 461(1) of the Internal 6 Revenue Code, as required by section 63-3004, Idaho Code. The excess busi-7 ness losses may be carried forward and deducted as an Idaho net operating 8 loss under section 63-3021, Idaho Code, successively over the next twenty 9 (20) years succeeding the taxable year in which the loss arises until such 10 losses are exhausted. Excess business losses shall not be carried back.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2018.