

Dear Senators BRACKETT, Hagedorn, Buckner-Webb, and
Representatives PALMER, Shepherd, King:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of
the Idaho Transportation Department:

IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits - Temporary and
Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0301-1501);

IDAPA 39.03.22 - Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-length, Excess Weight, and up to
129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations - Temporary and Proposed Rule (Docket No.
39-0322-1501).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the
cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research
and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative
Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 08/24/2015. If a meeting is
called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis
from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 09/22/2015.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a
proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement,
and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has
been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4834, or send a written request to the address on the
memorandum attached below.



Eric Milstead
Director

Legislative Services Office

Idaho State Legislature

Serving Idaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Transportation Committee and the House Transportation & Defense Committee

FROM: Principal Legislative Research Analyst - Katharine Gerrity

DATE: August 06, 2015

SUBJECT: Idaho Transportation Department

IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits - Temporary and Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0301-1501)

IDAPA 39.03.22 - Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-length, Excess Weight, and up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations - Temporary and Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0322-1501)

1. IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits

The Idaho Transportation Department submits notice of temporary and proposed rule at IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits. According to the department, the rule is being promulgated to make the rules consistent with HB 70 which was enacted during the 2015 legislative session. The department notes that the law requires a change to the definition of "excess weight" as well as the modification of a number of other definitions. The department states that the temporary adoption is appropriate to make the rules consistent with the law and based on the fact that the change confers a benefit. The temporary rule took effect on July 23, 2015.

The department states that negotiated rulemaking was not conducted due to the simple nature of the changes. The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to Section 40-312, Idaho Code.

2. IDAPA 39.03.22 - Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-length, Excess Weight, and up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations

The Idaho Transportation Department submits notice of temporary and proposed rule at IDAPA 39.03.22 - Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-length, Excess Weight, and up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations. According to the department, the rule is being promulgated to make the rules consistent with HB 70 which was enacted during the 2015 legislative session. The department notes that the law modifies tire limitation restrictions and allows more flexibility in the amount of weight carried on steer axles. The department states that the temporary adoption is appropriate to make the rules consistent with the law and based on the fact that the change confers a benefit. The temporary rule took effect on July 23, 2015.

Mike Nugent, Manager
Research & Legislation

Cathy Holland-Smith, Manager
Budget & Policy Analysis

April Renfro, Manager
Legislative Audits

Glenn Harris, Manager
Information Technology

The department states that negotiated rulemaking was not conducted due to the simple nature of the changes. The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to Sections 49-1004, 49-1004A and 49-1010, Idaho Code.

cc: Idaho Transportation Department
Ramon S. Hobdey-Sanchez

IDAPA 39 - IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

39.03.01 - RULES GOVERNING DEFINITIONS REGARDING OVERLEGAL PERMITS

DOCKET NO. 39-0301-1501

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 23, 2015.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rule-making procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 40-312, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 19, 2015.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule change is necessary so that the Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) is in compliance with the passage of HB 70, passed during the 2015 Idaho Legislative Session, and that the rules and statutes affecting ITD are consistent. The passage of HB 70 required a change to the definition of excess weight as well as modifying other definitions.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1)(b) and (c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons: The change ensures consistency between this administrative rule and the passage of HB 70. It also confers a benefit.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There are no fees being imposed or increased by this rulemaking.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: There is no fiscal impact to the state general fund.

NEGOTIATED RULE-MAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5221(j), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted, because the rule change simply changes and modifies definitions.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Regina Phipps, Vehicle Size and Weight Specialist, (208) 334-8418.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rule-making. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 26, 2015.

DATED this 30th Day of June, 2015.

Ramon S. Hobdey-Sanchez
Governmental Affairs Program Specialist
Idaho Transportation Department

ramon.hobdey-sanchez@itd.idaho.gov
Phone: (208) 334-8810
3311 W. State St., PO Box 7129, Boise ID 83707-1129

**THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT
OF DOCKET NO. 39-0301-1501
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)**

010. DEFINITIONS.

- 01. Accessories.** Additional parts of the single item load that have been removed to reduce width, length or height. (10-2-89)
- 02. Administrative Cost.** The government's cost of processing, issuing and enforcing a permit. (10-2-89)
- 03. Analysis.** A mathematical study of a vehicle or combination of vehicles and the stress they cause over bridges or specific sections of highways conducted by a professional engineer. (10-2-89)
- 04. Annual.** Twelve (12) consecutive months. (10-2-89)
- 05. Automobile Transporter.** See Idaho Code 49-102. (3-29-12)
- 06. Base Width.** The measurement below the eaves of a manufactured home, modular building or office trailer. (8-24-94)
- 07. Boat Transporter.** See Idaho Code 49-103. (3-29-12)
- 08. Cargo Unit.** A full truck, a semi-trailer, a full trailer, or a semi-trailer converted to a full trailer by means of a dolly or a converter gear mounting a fifth wheel. A dromedary tractor equipped with conventional fifth wheel, not stinger steered, shall be excluded from the definition of a cargo unit. (9-14-92)
- 09. Convoy.** A group of two (2) or more motor vehicles traveling together for protection or convenience. (8-24-94)
- 10. Department.** Idaho Transportation Department. (9-14-92)
- 11. Designated Agent.** An employee or relative of the farmer. (3-29-12)
- 12. Dromedary Tractor.** See Idaho Code 49-105. (3-29-12)
- 13. Economic Hardship.** The loss of a substantial amount of money caused by economic changes. (9-14-92)
- 14. Emergency Movement.** A vehicle or vehicle combination hauling a load traveling to the site of an emergency for the purpose of aiding in eliminating the emergency. (9-14-92)
- 15. Escort Vehicle.** See Pilot Vehicle. (3-29-12)
- 16. Excess Weight.** Vehicle combinations hauling reducible loads operating on Interstate Routes any highway with total gross loads exceeding eighty thousand (80,000) pounds but not to exceed twenty thousand (20,000) per single axle, thirty-four thousand (34,000) per tandem, not to exceed the weight limit for any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles established by Section 49-1001, Idaho Code, and for the front steer axle not to exceed the manufacturer's load rating per tire or the load rating of the axle or twenty thousand (20,000) pounds per axle; whichever is less. The maximum allowable load for all other vehicle tires shall not ~~to~~ exceed six hundred (600) pounds per inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured after July 1, 1987, or not to exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured prior to that date as established by Section 49-1002, Idaho

Code.

~~(8-24-94)~~(7-23-15)T

- 17. Extra-Length.** Any vehicle combination in excess of the legal limits but not more than one hundred fifteen (115) feet as established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, which normally haul reducible loads. (3-29-12)
- 18. Extra-Ordinary Hazard.** Any situation where the traveling public's safety or the capacity of the highway system is endangered. (9-14-92)
- 19. Farm Tractor.** See Idaho Code 49-107. (3-29-12)
- 20. Gross Vehicle Weight.** See Idaho Code 49-108. (3-29-12)
- 21. Heavily Loaded.** Exceeding legal weight or hauling a load which obstructs the driver's view. (9-14-92)
- 22. Heavy Duty Wrecker Truck.** A motor vehicle designed and used primarily for towing disabled vehicles. (9-14-92)
- 23. Height.** The total vertical dimension of a vehicle above the ground surface including any load and load-holding device thereon. (9-14-92)
- 24. Implement of Husbandry.** See Idaho Code 49-110. (3-29-12)
- 25. Incidentally Operated.** See Idaho Code 49-110. (3-29-12)
- 26. Legal.** In compliance with the Idaho Code on size and weight. (9-14-92)
- 27. Length.** The total longitudinal dimension of a single vehicle, a trailer, or a semi-trailer. Length of a trailer or semi-trailer is measured from the front of the cargo-carrying unit to its rear, exclusive of all overhang and any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.06, "Rules Governing Allowable Vehicle Size". (3-29-12)
- 28. Light Truck.** See Idaho Code 49-121. (3-29-12)
- 29. Manufactured Home.** A structure, constructed according to HUD/FHA mobile home construction and safety standards, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight (8) body feet or more in width or is forty (40) body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is three hundred twenty (320) or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein, except that such term shall include any structure which meets all the requirements of this paragraph except the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the secretary of housing and urban development and complies with the standards established under 42 U.S.C. 5401 et seq. Similarly constructed vehicles used permanently or temporarily for offices, advertising, sales, display or promotion of merchandise or services are included in this definition. (8-24-94)
- 30. Mobile Home.** A structure similar to a manufactured home, but built to a state mobile home code which existed prior to the Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (HUD Code) dated June 15, 1975. (8-24-94)
- 31. Modular Buildings.** A facility designed as a building or building section, the construction of which is constructed to standards contained in the Uniform Building Code (UBC), adopted by Section 39-4109, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 32. Non-Reducible.** A load that consists of a single piece (a machine and its accessories loaded separately is considered non-reducible also). (8-24-94)
- 33. Off-Tracking.** The difference in the path of the first inside front wheel and of the last inside rear

- wheel as a vehicle negotiates a curve. (8-24-94)
- 34. Office Trailer.** See definition of Manufactured Homes. (8-24-94)
- 35. Overall Combination Length.** The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s). (8-24-94)
- 36. Overall Length.** The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s) plus any load overhang. (3-29-12)
- 37. Overdimensional.** Any vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 38. Overheight.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 39. Overlegal.** Any vehicle, vehicle combination or load which exceeds the limits established in Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 40. Overlegal Permit.** A document issued by the Idaho Transportation Department which authorizes the movement of vehicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002, or 49-1010, Idaho Code. (7-23-15)T
- 401. Overlength.** Any load non-reducible in length being hauled or towed that is in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 412. Oversize.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 423. Overweight.** A single vehicle or a vehicle combination hauling or towing a non-reducible load whose weight is in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1001, Idaho Code eighty thousand (80,000) pounds and/or legal axle weights. (8-24-94)(7-23-15)T
- 434. Overwidth.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 445. Pilot Vehicle.** Passenger cars or light trucks equipped as specified in IDAPA 39.03.12, "Rules Governing Safety Requirements of Overlegal Permits". (3-29-12)
- 456. Reducible Load.** A single item or multiple items for transport which could reasonably be repositioned or physically altered so that the load conforms to legal size and weight dimensions. The determination of ability to reduce or reconfigure the load primarily depends on the intended disposition of the contents of the load upon delivery to its destination (i.e. made into smaller pieces). (8-24-94)(7-23-15)T
- 467. Single Axle.** An assembly of two (2) or more wheels whose centers are in one (1) transverse vertical plane or may be included between two (2) parallel transverse planes forty (40) inches apart extending across the full width of the vehicle. (8-24-94)
- 47. Special Permit.** A document issued by the Idaho Transportation Department which authorizes the movement of vehicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 48. Steering Axle.** The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle that are activated by the operator to directly accomplish guidance or steering of the motor vehicle and/or combination of vehicles. (8-24-94)

49. Stinger-Steered. A truck-tractor semi-trailer combination where the kingpin is located five (5) feet or more to the rear of the centroid of the rear axle(s). (8-24-94)

50. Tandem Axle. Any two (2) axles whose centers are more than forty (40) inches but not more than ninety-six (96) inches apart and are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. (8-24-94)

51. Tridem Axle. Any three (3) consecutive axles whose extreme centers are not more than one hundred forty-four (144) inches apart, and are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. (8-24-94)

52. Variable Load Suspension Axle. See Idaho Code 49-123. (3-29-12)

53. Vocational Vehicle. A vehicle specifically designed to enable the operator to perform specific tasks none of which are primarily for the purpose of transporting loads. Cranes, loaders, scrapers, motor graders, drill rigs are examples of vocational vehicles. (8-24-94)

54. Width. The total outside transverse dimension of a vehicle including any load or load-holding devices thereon, but excluding any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.06, "Rules Governing Allowable Vehicle Size". (3-29-12)

IDAPA 39 - IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

39.03.22 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMITS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH, EXCESS WEIGHT, AND UP TO 129,000 POUND VEHICLE COMBINATIONS

DOCKET NO. 39-0322-1501

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 23, 2015.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rule-making procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 40-312, Idaho Code, and Sections 49-1004, 49-1004A and 49-1010, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 19, 2015.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule change is necessary so that the Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) is in compliance with the passage of HB 70, passed during the 2015 Idaho Legislative Session, and that the rules and statutes affecting ITD are consistent. The passage of HB 70 required a change to this rule, so that tire limitation restrictions match those now currently under Idaho Code. It allows more flexibility in the amount of weight carried on steer axles.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1)(b) and (c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons: the change ensures consistency between this administrative rule and the passage of HB 70. It also confers a benefit.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There are no fees being imposed or increased by this rulemaking.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: There is no fiscal impact to the state general fund.

NEGOTIATED RULE-MAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5221(j), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule change is simple in nature.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Regina Phipps, Vehicle Size and Weight Specialist, (208) 334-8418.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rule-making. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 26, 2015.

DATED this 30th Day of June, 2015.

Ramon S. Hobdey-Sanchez
Governmental Affairs Program Specialist
Idaho Transportation Department

ramon.hobdey-sanchez@itd.idaho.gov
Phone: (208) 334-8810
3311 W. State St., PO Box 7129, Boise ID 83707-1129

**THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT
OF DOCKET NO. 39-0322-1501
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)**

200. DESIGNATED ROUTES FOR VEHICLE COMBINATIONS UP TO ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND (129,000) POUNDS.

In addition to the requirements listed in Sections 300 and 400, vehicle combinations operating up to one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds, must meet the following requirements: (7-1-13)

01. Brakes. All axles shall be equipped with brakes that meet the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. (7-1-13)

02. Permits. Permits will be vehicle specific and will be in addition to any extra length and excess weight permit for operation of vehicle combinations at weights up to one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds. (7-1-13)

03. Designated Routes. All designated state approved routes for vehicle combinations to operate at weights above one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds will be identified on the "Designated Routes Up to 129,000 Pound Map" which is available at the Idaho Transportation Department. (4-1-14)

a. Magenta-Coded Routes. Routes for combinations of vehicles not exceeding one hundred fifteen (115) feet in overall length including load overhang (magenta-coded routes). A vehicle combination operating on routes designated for up to one hundred fifteen (115) feet shall be designed and assembled in a manner whereby its maximum off-tracking will not exceed six point five zero (6.50) feet on a one hundred sixty-five (165) foot radius when computed. ~~(4-1-14)~~(7-23-15)T

b. Brown-Coded Routes. Routes for combinations not exceeding ninety-five (95) feet in overall length including load overhang (brown-coded routes). A vehicle combination operating on routes designated for up to ninety-five (95) feet shall be designed and assembled in a manner whereby its maximum off-tracking will not exceed five point five zero (5.50) feet on a one hundred sixty-five (165) foot radius when computed. ~~(4-1-14)~~(7-23-15)T

c. Routes for combinations operating on non-state maintained highways (orange-coded routes). Local jurisdictions adding, modifying or deleting non-state maintained routes for vehicle combinations operating up to one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds shall provide the route information to the department. (4-1-14)

04. Requests for Adding Idaho Transportation Department Maintained Non-Interstate Routes. Routes not currently designated to operate at up to one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds may be added as follows: (4-1-14)

a. Request Form Submission. The request form (ITD form number 4886) will be completed and submitted to the Idaho Transportation Department Office of the Chief Engineer by the requestor. The requestor will forward the form to the adjacent local jurisdictions. (4-1-14)

b. Request Review/Analysis Process. (4-1-14)

i. Once submitted, the request will be reviewed for completeness and the department's analysis will be completed for engineering and safety criteria. The criteria shall include assessment of pavement and bridges to allow legal tire, axle, and gross weight limits as per Section 49-1001 and 49-1002, Idaho Code, and route off-track requirements which includes road width and curvature. Additional consideration shall be given to traffic volumes and other safety factors. (4-1-14)

ii. Once the analysis is completed, the request will be submitted to the Chief Engineer, who will report to the Idaho Transportation Board Sub-committee. (4-1-14)

- iii. The Idaho Transportation Board Sub-committee will make a recommendation (proceed to hearing, reject, or request additional information) to the Idaho Transportation Board based upon the department's analysis. (4-1-14)
- iv. If the Idaho Transportation Board recommends that the request proceed to hearing, it shall instruct the Chief Engineer to schedule a hearing in the district(s) where the requested route is located. The hearing will be conducted pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. (4-1-14)
- v. The Chief Engineer or designee will conduct the hearing(s) and make a determination after the hearing(s) are held. Following the determination, the Chief Engineer will issue Findings and a Preliminary Order, hereafter referred to as Preliminary Order. (4-1-14)
- vi. The Department will notify the requestor of the Chief Engineer's Preliminary Order and post to the Idaho Transportation Department Web site. (4-1-14)
- vii. An appeal of the Preliminary Order may be made pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. The appeal shall be made to the Director of the Idaho Transportation Department. (4-1-14)
- c. Local Highways Approved for Travel Up to 129,000 pounds. Local routes will be added or removed on the "Designated Routes Up to 129,000 Pound Map" when information and approval is provided to the Department by the local jurisdiction having authority over the local route. (4-1-14)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED)

300. OPERATING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH, EXCESS WEIGHT, AND UP TO ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND (129,000) POUNDS VEHICLE COMBINATIONS.

All vehicle combinations shall be subject to the following conditions, limitations, and requirements: (7-1-13)

- 01. Cargo Carrying Units.** Vehicle combinations operating with an overall length in excess of the limits imposed in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, shall consist of not more than four (4) units, shall not exceed one hundred fifteen (115) feet overall and no such vehicle combination shall include more than three (3) cargo units except that a full truck and full trailer may have an overall length in excess of seventy-five (75) feet but not in excess of eighty-five (85) feet including load overhang. (7-1-13)
- 02. Power Unit.** The power unit of all vehicle combinations shall have adequate power and traction to maintain a minimum of twenty (20) miles per hour under normal operating conditions on any up-grade over which the combination is operated. (7-1-13)
- 03. Connecting Devices.** Fifth wheel, drawbar, and other coupling devices shall be as specified by Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, Part 393. (4-7-11)
- 04. Hazardous Travel Conditions Restrictions.** Extreme caution in the operation of permitted vehicle combinations shall be exercised when hazardous conditions exist. The movement of overlegal vehicles and/or loads by overlegal permit shall be prohibited and otherwise valid permits shall automatically become invalid en route when travel conditions become hazardous. Hazardous conditions include, but are not limited to, ice, snow or frost; or when visibility is restricted to less than five hundred (500) feet. (7-1-13)
- 05. Trailer Weight Sequence.** In any extra-length combination, the respective loading of any trailer shall not be substantially greater than the weight of any trailer located ahead of it in the vehicle combination. (Substantially greater shall be defined as more than four thousand (4,000) pounds heavier.) (10-2-89)
- 06. Operating Restrictions.** Operators of all vehicle combinations governed by this rule shall comply with the following operating restrictions: (8-25-94)

a. A minimum distance of five hundred (500) feet shall be maintained between combinations of vehicles except when overtaking and passing. (10-2-89)

b. Except when passing another vehicle traveling in the same direction, the combination shall be driven so as to remain at all times on the right hand side of the centerline of a two (2) lane, two (2) way highway, or on the right hand side of a lane stripe or marker of a highway of four (4) or more lanes. (1-1-90)

c. Be in compliance with all Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. (3-22-00)

07. Insurance Requirements. Every vehicle combination operated under this rule shall be covered by insurance of not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) combined single limit. The permittee or driver of the permitted vehicle combination shall carry in the vehicle evidence of insurance written by an authorized insurer to certify that insurance in this minimum amount is currently in force. (7-1-13)

08. Tire Limitations. Single axles on vehicle combinations shall be equipped with four (4) tires except on the steering axle, or variable load suspension axles (VLS-lift axles), unless equipped with fifteen (15) inch wide or wider single tires. Multiple axle configurations may be equipped with single tires on each of the axles as long as the pounds-per-inch width of tire does not exceed six hundred (600) pounds, the manufacturers rating or legal weights whichever is less. Load for inch width of tire for the front steer axle may not exceed the manufacturer's load rating per tire or the load rating of the axle or twenty thousand (20,000) pounds per axle whichever is less. (~~7-1-13~~)(7-23-15)T

09. Brakes. Brakes shall meet the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. (7-1-13)