IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 415

BY KING

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO POLITICAL EXPENDITURES BY CORPORATIONS; AMENDING SECTION 30-29-
3	140, IDAHO CODE, TO ADD A DEFINITION OF "POLITICAL EXPENDITURE" AND TO
4	MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 29, TITLE 30, IDAHC
5	CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 30-29-733, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE
6	DEFINITIONS, TO REQUIRE SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL OF CERTAIN POLITICAL EX-
7	PENDITURES BY CORPORATIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, TO
8	PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND TO PROHIBIT A POLIT-
9	TCAL CONTRIBUTION UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 30-29-140, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

30-29-140. CHAPTER DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Articles of incorporation" means the original articles of incorporation, all amendments thereof, and any other documents permitted or required to be filed by a domestic business corporation with the secretary of state under any provision of this chapter. If an amendment of the articles or any document filed under this chapter restates the articles in their entirety, thenceforth the "articles" shall not include any prior documents.
- (2) "Authorized shares" means the shares of all classes a domestic or foreign corporation is authorized to issue.
- (3) "Conspicuous" means so written that a reasonable person against whom the writing is to operate should have noticed it. For example, printing in italics or boldface or contrasting color, or typing in capitals or underlined, is conspicuous.
- (4) "Corporation," "domestic corporation" or "domestic business corporation" means a corporation for profit that is not a foreign corporation, incorporated under or subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- (5) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property, except its own shares, or incurrence of indebtedness by a corporation to or for the benefit of its shareholders in respect of any of its shares. A distribution may be in the form of a declaration or payment of a dividend; a purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of shares; a distribution of indebtedness; or otherwise.
- (6) "Domestic unincorporated entity" means an unincorporated entity whose internal affairs are governed by the laws of this state.
- (7) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means any process of communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for the retention, retrieval and reproduction in written form of information by the recipient.
- (8) "Eligible entity" means a domestic or foreign unincorporated entity or a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation.

(9) "Eligible interests" means interests or memberships.

- (10) "Employee" includes an officer but not a director. A director may accept duties that make him also an employee.
- (11) The phrase "facts objectively ascertainable outside the plan or filed document" is as set forth in section 30-29-120(2), Idaho Code.
- (12) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation incorporated under a law other than the law of this state which would be a business corporation if incorporated under the laws of this state.
- (13) "Foreign nonprofit corporation" means a corporation incorporated under a law other than the law of this state, which would be a nonprofit corporation if incorporated under the laws of this state.
- (14) "Foreign unincorporated entity" means an unincorporated entity whose internal affairs are governed by an organic law of a jurisdiction other than this state.
- (15) "Governmental subdivision" includes authority, county, district and municipality.
- (16) "Membership" means the right of a member in a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation.
 - (17) "Notice" is defined in section 30-29-141, Idaho Code.
- (18) "Organic document" means a public organic document or a private organic document.
- (19) "Owner liability" means personal liability for a debt, obligation or liability of a domestic or foreign business or nonprofit corporation or unincorporated entity that is imposed on a person:
 - (a) Solely by reason of the person's status as a shareholder, member or interest holder; or
 - (b) By the articles of incorporation, bylaws or an organic document under a provision of the organic law of an entity authorizing the articles of incorporation, bylaws or an organic document to make one (1) or more specified shareholders, members or interest holders liable in their capacity as shareholders, members or interest holders for all or specified debts, obligations or liabilities of the entity.
- (20) "Political expenditure" means a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, a transfer, promise to pay, or exchange of anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting or honoring any public official or candidate or political party, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign.
- (21) "Record date" means the date established under part 6 or 7 of this chapter on which a corporation determines the identity of its shareholders and their shareholdings for purposes of this chapter. The determinations shall be made as of the close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so is specified when the record date is fixed.
- $(2\underline{12})$ "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the board of directors has delegated responsibility under section 30-29-840(3), Idaho Code, for custody of the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors and of the shareholders and for authenticating records of the corporation.
- (223) "Shareholder" means the person in whose name shares are registered in the records of a corporation or the beneficial owner of shares to the extent of the rights granted by a nominee certificate on file with a corporation.

(234) "Shares" means the units into which the proprietary interests in a corporation are divided.

- (245) "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for shares in a corporation, whether before or after incorporation.
- $(25\underline{6})$ "Treasury shares" means shares of a corporation which have been issued, have been subsequently acquired by and belong to the corporation, and have not, either by reason of the acquisition or thereafter, been canceled or restored to the status of authorized but unissued shares. Treasury shares shall be deemed to be "issued" shares, but not "outstanding" shares.
- (267) "Unincorporated entity" means an organization or artificial legal person that either has a separate legal existence or has the power to acquire an estate in real property in its own name and that is not any of the following: a domestic or foreign business or nonprofit corporation, an estate, a trust, a state, the United States, or a foreign government. The term includes, without limitation, a general partnership, limited liability company, limited partnership, business trust, joint stock association and incorporated nonprofit association.
- (278) "United States" includes district, authority, bureau, commission, department and any other agency of the United States.
- (289) "Voting group" means all shares of one (1) or more classes or series that under the articles of incorporation or this chapter are entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter at a meeting of shareholders. All shares entitled by the articles of incorporation or this chapter to vote generally on the matter are for that purpose a single voting group.
- (2930) "Voting power" means the current power to vote in the election of directors.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 29, Title 30, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 30-29-733, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 30-29-733. CORPORATIONS -- POLITICAL EXPENDITURES -- SHAREHOLDER AP-PROVAL. (1) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Corporation" shall mean a domestic or foreign business or non-profit corporation.
 - (b) "Political expenditures" shall have the meaning set forth in section 30-29-140, Idaho Code.
 - (c) Any other terms in this section which are not specifically defined in this section or in section 30-29-140, Idaho Code, shall have the meanings set forth in chapter 66, title 67, Idaho Code.
- (2) A corporation may not use any money or other property of the corporation in connection with a political expenditure unless the shareholders of the corporation, by an affirmative vote of a majority of all votes entitled to be cast, have:
 - (a) Authorized in advance the total amount of money or property that may be used for all political expenditures during a specific fiscal year of the corporation; and
 - (b) Directed that the money or property be used for:
 - (i) A specified candidate or candidates;
 - (ii) Candidates of a specified political party or parties;

(iii) A specified political party or parties;

- (iv) A specified political committee or committees;
- (v) A specified entity or entities exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. 501(c); or
- (vi) A specified measure or measures.
- (3) Shareholder consideration of political expenditures shall occur at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders.
 - (4) (a) Within forty-eight (48) hours after making a political expenditure, the corporation shall:
 - (i) Give notice of the political expenditure by electronic transmission to each shareholder that has requested notice; and
 - (ii) If the corporation maintains a website, post notice of the political expenditure on the website.
 - (b) The notice shall state the amount, recipient, date and purpose of the political expenditure.
- (5) The annual report of the corporation shall contain a list of all political expenditures made by the corporation during the reporting period, including the amount, recipient, date and purpose of each political expenditure.
- (6) Whenever it appears to the attorney general that any person has engaged in any act or practice constituting a violation of any provision of this section, the attorney general may bring an action to obtain one (1) or more of the following remedies:
 - (a) A temporary restraining order;
 - (b) A temporary or permanent injunction;
 - (c) A civil penalty not exceeding three (3) times the amount of a political expenditure made in violation of subsection (2) of this section, or five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for any other violation of this section;
 - (d) A declaratory judgment;
 - (e) Rescission;

- (f) Restitution; and
- (g) Any other appropriate relief.
- (7) If a majority of the shareholders of the corporation are unable by law, contract, policy, corporate bylaws or any other reason, to participate in a vote regarding a political expenditure the corporation proposes to make, the corporation may not make the political expenditure.