Second Regular Session - 2016

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 633

BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 2 RELATING TO TAXATION POLICIES; PROVIDING A SHORT TITLE; AMENDING CHAPTER 36, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 63-3609A, IDAHO 3 CODE, TO PROVIDE APPLICATION TO REFUND PROVISIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 36, 4 TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 63-3609B, IDAHO 5 CODE, TO PROVIDE APPLICATION TO SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTIONS; AMEND-6 ING CHAPTER 36, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 7 63-3609C, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE APPLICATION TO LOCAL OPTION TAXES; 8 AMENDING SECTION 63-3610, IDAHO CODE, TO FURTHER DEFINE THE TERM "RE-9 TAILER"; AMENDING SECTION 63-3611, IDAHO CODE, TO FURTHER DEFINE THE 10 TERM "RETAILER ENGAGED IN BUSINESS IN THIS STATE"; AMENDING SECTION 11 63-3024, IDAHO CODE, TO REDUCE PERSONAL INCOME TAX RATES; AMENDING 12 SECTION 63-3025, IDAHO CODE, TO REDUCE CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATES; PRO-13 14 VIDING SEVERABILITY; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY, PROVIDING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES. 15

- 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Nexus Modernization Act."
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 63-3609A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 22 63-3609A. APPLICATION TO REFUNDS. A transaction upon which a tax has 23 been paid pursuant to this chapter shall not impact a taxpayer's ability to 24 request a refund pursuant to section 63-3626, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 63-3609B, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 63-3609B. APPLICATION TO EXEMPTIONS. The provisions of this act shall have no effect on any exemptions from taxation provided in this chapter.
- 30 SECTION 4. That Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is 31 hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and des-32 ignated as Section 63-3609C, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 33 63-3609C. APPLICATION TO LOCAL OPTION TAXES. The provisions of this act shall have no effect on any local option tax authorized by section 50-1046, Idaho Code.
- 36 SECTION 5. That Section 63-3610, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 37 amended to read as follows:

63-3610. RETAILER. The term "retailer" includes:

- (a) Every seller who makes any retail sale or sales of tangible personal property or any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, and every person engaged in the business of making retail sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by the person or others.
- (b) Every person engaged in the business of making sales for storage, use, or other consumption or in the business of making sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by the person or others for storage, use, or other consumption.
- (c) Every person making more than two (2) retail sales of tangible personal property or any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, during any twelve (12) month period, including sales made in the capacity of assignee for the benefit of creditors, or receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or every person making fewer sales who holds himself out as engaging in the business of selling such tangible personal property at retail making retail sales or who sells a motor vehicle.
- (d) When the state tax commission determines that it is necessary for the efficient administration of this act to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers, or canvassers as agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of such dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers, the state tax commission may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers as retailers for the purpose of this act. The out-of-state retailer, at its option, may have the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employer parties collect and remit the sales tax. When such dealers, distributors, supervisors or employer parties (tax remittance agents) collect sales tax, the out-of-state retailer shall be relieved of any obligation to collect the same tax. the event that the related sales are audited by the Idaho state tax commission, the out-of-state retailer may opt to have the Idaho state tax commission first contact the tax remittance agents for audit inquiries. The outof-state retailer remains ultimately liable for any under-collection and/or under-remittance of sales tax. When a tax remittance agent conducts sales on behalf of out-of-state retailers, it is permissible for a tax remittance agent to accept resale certificates and sales tax exemption certificates executed in the name of the tax remittance agent to support the out-of-state retailers' tax-exempt sales.
- (e) Persons conducting both contracting and retailing activities. Such persons must keep separate accounts for the retail portion of their business and pay tax in the usual fashion on this portion.
- SECTION 6. That Section 63-3611, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-3611. RETAILER ENGAGED IN BUSINESS IN THIS STATE. "Retailer engaged in business in this state" as used in this chapter means any retailer who utilizes the following acts or methods of transacting business on a regular or systematic basis:

- (1) Engages in recurring solicitation of purchases from residents of this state or otherwise purposefully directs its business activities at residents of this state; and
- (2) Has sufficient contact with this state, in accordance with the constitution of the United States, to allow the state to require the seller to collect and remit use tax on sales of tangible personal property or services or any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, made to customers in this state.
 - (3) The term includes any of the following:

- (a) Any retailer maintaining, occupying or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary or agent, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business operated by any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, or maintaining a stock of goods.
- (b) Any retailer having any representative, agent, salesman, canvasser or solicitor operating in this state under the authority of the retailer or its <u>subsidiary</u> <u>affiliated person</u> for the purpose of selling, delivering, installing or the taking of orders for any tangible personal property or any sale described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code.
- (c) Any retailer, with respect to a lease or rental, deriving rentals from a lease or rental of tangible personal property situated in this state.
- (d) Any retailer engaging in any activity in connection with servicing or installing tangible personal property in this state.
- (e) Any retailer with substantial nexus in this state within the meaning of section 63-3615A, Idaho Code.
- (f) Any retailer having a franchisee or licensee operating under its trade name if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect the tax under the provisions of this section.
- (g) Any retailer selling, or delivering in this state, or any activity in this state in connection with the selling, or delivering in this state, of tangible personal property or making any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, for use, storage, distribution or consumption within this state.
- (h) Any retailer maintaining within this state, directly or indirectly or by an affiliate, an office, distribution facility, salesroom, warehouse, storage place or other similar place of business, including the employment of a resident of this state who works from an office in this state.
- (i) Any retailer that engages in, either directly or indirectly, through an affiliated person or other third party in this state, direct response marketing targeted at this state. For purposes of this subsection, direct response marketing includes, but is not limited to, sending, transmitting or broadcasting of flyers, newsletters, telephone calls, targeted electronic mail, text messages, social media messages, or targeted mailings; using information or software that is stored on property in or distributed within this state; or conducting any other actions that use persons, tangible property, intangible property, digital files or information, or software in this state in an

effort to enhance the probability that a person's contacts with a customer in this state will result in a sale to that customer.

- (j) Any retailer entering into one (1) or more agreements that a person or persons that have nexus under the commerce clause with this state directly or indirectly refer potential purchasers of products to the retailer for a commission or other consideration, whether by an internet-based link or an internet website or otherwise.
 - (i) A retailer engaged in the activities described in this paragraph is a "retailer engaged in business in this state" regardless of whether or not the referral is related to the sale of tangible personal property or any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code.
 - (ii) An agreement under which a retailer purchases advertisements from a person or persons in this state, to be delivered on television, radio, in print, on the internet or by any other medium, is not an agreement described in this paragraph unless the advertisement revenue paid to the person or persons in this state consists of commissions or other consideration that is based in whole or in part upon sales of products.
- (4) A retailer is also engaged in business in this state if any part of the sale process, including listing products for sale, soliciting, branding products, selling products, processing orders, fulfilling orders, providing customer service or accepting or assisting with returns or exchanges, occurs in the state, regardless of whether that part of the process has been subcontracted to an affiliate or third party. The sale process does not include shipping via a common carrier.
- (5) Except for persons acting in the capacity as a common carrier, a retailer is also presumed to be engaged in business in this state if such person is related to a retailer over which this state has jurisdiction under the commerce clause of the United States constitution to impose an obligation to collect and remit sales and use tax and such related person:
 - (a) Sells under the same or a similar business name tangible personal property or any transaction as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, similar to that sold by the person against whom the presumption is asserted;
 - (b) Maintains an office, distribution facility, salesroom, warehouse, storage place or other similar place of business in this state to facilitate the delivery of tangible personal property or any sale as described in section 63-3612(2), Idaho Code, sold by the person against whom the presumption is asserted to such person's in-state customers;
 - (c) Uses, with consent or knowledge of the person against whom the presumption is asserted, trademarks, service marks or trade names in this state that are the same or substantially similar to those used by the person against whom the presumption is asserted;
 - (d) Delivers, installs or assembles tangible personal property in this state, or performs maintenance or repair services on tangible personal property in this state, which tangible personal property is sold to in-state customers by the person against whom the presumption is asserted;

- (e) Facilitates the delivery of tangible personal property to in-state customers of the person against whom the presumption is asserted by allowing such customers to pick up tangible personal property sold by such person at an office, distribution facility, salesroom, warehouse, storage place or other similar place of business maintained in this state; or
- (f) Shares management, business systems, business practices or employees with the person against whom the presumption is asserted, or engages in intercompany transactions with the person against whom the presumption is asserted related to the activities that establish or maintain the market in this state of the person against whom the presumption is asserted.
- (6) For purposes of this section, two (2) persons are related or affiliated if:
 - (a) Such persons are related within the meaning of subsections (b) and (c) of section 267 or section 707(b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or
 - (b) Such persons have one (1) or more ownership relationships and such relationships were designed with a principal purpose of avoiding the application of this section.
- (7) The presumption set forth in this section may be rebutted by a preponderance of evidence that, during the taxable period in question, the related person with nexus under the commerce clause did not engage in any activities in this state that are sufficient under the commerce clause to establish nexus in this state on behalf of the person against whom the presumption is asserted.
- $\underline{\mbox{(8)}}$ This section affects the imposition, application or collection of sales and use taxes only.
- SECTION 7. That Section 63-3024, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-3024. INDIVIDUALS' TAX AND TAX ON ESTATES AND TRUSTS. For taxable year 2001, and each taxable year thereafter, a tax measured by Idaho taxable income as defined in this chapter is hereby imposed upon every individual, trust, or estate required by this chapter to file a return.
- (a) The tax imposed upon individuals, trusts and estates shall be computed at the following rates:

37 38 39	When Idaho taxable income is: Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 but less than \$2,000	The rate is: One and <pre>sixfive</pre> -tenths percent (1.65%) C16
40 41	Ψ1,000 But 1ess than Ψ2,000	\$16, plus three and $\frac{\text{six}five}{\text{tenths}}$ percent (3.65%) of the amount over \$1,000
42 43	\$2,000 but less than \$3,000	\$52, plus four and one-tenth percent (4.1%) of the amount over \$2,000
44 45	\$3,000 but less than \$4,000	\$93, plus five and one-tenth percent (5.1%) of the amount over \$3,000
46	\$4,000 but less than \$5,000	\$144, plus six and one-tenth

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When Idaho taxable income is:
                                            The rate is:
2
                                            percent (6.1\%) of the amount over $4,000
3
     $5,000 but less than $7,500
                                            $205, plus seven and one-tenth
                                            percent (7.1\%) of the amount over $5,000
4
     $7,500 and over
5
                                            $383, plus seven and fourthree-tenths
                                            percent (7.43%) of the amount
6
                                            over $7,500
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For taxable year 2000 and each year thereafter, the state tax commission shall prescribe a factor which shall be used to compute the Idaho income tax brackets provided in subsection (a) of this section. The factor shall provide an adjustment to the Idaho tax brackets so that inflation will not result in a tax increase. The Idaho tax brackets shall be adjusted as follows: multiply the bracket amounts by the percentage (the consumer price index for the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year to which the adjusted brackets will apply divided by the consumer price index for calendar year 1998). For the purpose of this computation, the consumer price index for any calendar year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period for the immediately preceding calendar year, without regard to any subsequent adjustments, as adopted by the state tax commission. This adoption shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. The consumer price index shall mean the consumer price index for all U.S. urban consumers published by the United States department of labor. The state tax commission shall annually include the factor as provided in this subsection to multiply against Idaho taxable income in the brackets above to arrive at that year's Idaho taxable income for tax bracket purposes.

- (b) In case a joint return is filed by husband and wife pursuant to the provisions of section 63-3031, Idaho Code, the tax imposed by this section shall be twice the tax which would be imposed on one-half (1/2) of the aggregate Idaho taxable income. For the purposes of this section, a return of a surviving spouse, as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and a head of household, as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be treated as a joint return and the tax imposed shall be twice the tax which would be imposed on one-half (1/2) of the Idaho taxable income.
- (c) In the case of a trust that is an electing small business trust as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, the special rules for taxation of such trusts contained in section 641 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply except that the maximum individual rate provided in this section shall apply in computing tax due under this chapter.
- (d) The state tax commission shall compute and publish Idaho income tax liability for taxpayers at the midpoint of each bracket of Idaho taxable income in fifty dollar (\$50.00) steps to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), rounding such calculations to the nearest dollar. Taxpayers having income within such brackets shall file returns based upon and pay taxes according to the schedule thus established. The state tax commission shall promulgate rules defining the conditions upon which such returns shall be filed.

SECTION 8. That Section 63-3025, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-3025. TAX ON CORPORATE INCOME. (1) For taxable years commencing on and after January 1, 2001, a tax is hereby imposed on the Idaho taxable income of a corporation, other than an S corporation, which transacts or is authorized to transact business in this state or which has income attributable to this state. The tax shall be equal to seven and $\frac{\text{four}}{\text{three}}$ -tenths percent (7.43%) of Idaho taxable income.

- (2) In the case of an S corporation that is required to file a return under section 63-3030, Idaho Code, a tax is hereby imposed at the rate provided in subsection (1) of this section upon both:
 - (a) Net recognized built-in gain attributable to this state. The amount of net recognized built-in gain attributable to this state shall be computed in accordance with section 1374 of the Internal Revenue Code subject to the apportionment and allocation provisions of section 63-3027, Idaho Code.
 - (b) Excess net passive income attributable to this state. The amount of excess net passive income attributable to this state shall be computed in accordance with section 1375 of the Internal Revenue Code subject to the apportionment and allocation provisions of section 63-3027, Idaho Code.
- (3) The tax imposed by subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall not be less than twenty dollars (\$20.00); provided further that the twenty dollar (\$20.00) minimum payment shall not be collected from nonproductive mining corporations.
- (4) The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to corporations taxed pursuant to the provisions of section 63-3025A, Idaho Code.

SECTION 9. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

SECTION 10. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, Sections 7, 8 and 9 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2016. Sections 1 through 6 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2016, and shall apply to tax periods beginning on or after July 1, 2016.