IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 13

BY RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED, AND TO THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE STATE OF IDAHO IN THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

We, your Memorialists, the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Idaho assembled in the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-third Idaho Legislature, do hereby respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, the State of Idaho is committed to the conservation of greater sage-grouse (Centrocercus urophasianus) and its present habitat located within the state; and

WHEREAS, the state has produced a statewide sage-grouse conservation plan in support of this commitment; and

WHEREAS, Idaho's Department of Fish and Game and Office of Species Conservation possess significant expertise in the management of greater sagegrouse and its habitat and whose experts have attempted to work in full cooperation with the federal agencies managing federal lands within the borders of the state; and

WHEREAS, the Secretary of the Interior has determined that the species is neither endangered nor threatened under the Endangered Species Act; and

WHEREAS, the Congress and the President are to be commended for recognizing the unprecedented collaboration among the various states regarding greater sage-grouse conservation and the need to continue on-the-ground conservation and monitoring activities as recognized through the enactment of Section 117 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2016 (Pub. L. 114-113); and

WHEREAS, implementation of the state's conservation plan will produce scientific data related to disease or predation of the species, the adequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms, and other natural or manmade factors affecting the species' existence, all of which must be considered when conserving the species; and

WHEREAS, the State of Idaho wishes to continue its collaboration with other states possessing current habitat for greater sage-grouse; and

WHEREAS, time is needed to continue to implement the state conservation plan over a period of multiple, consecutive sage-grouse life cycles to determine the efficacy of the plan and the need for modification, if any; and

WHEREAS, the Governor and Legislature of the State of Idaho have been compelled to seek redress in federal court from the onerous, unnecessary, and ill-conceived federal land use plan amendments recently adopted by the U.S. Departments of Agriculture and of the Interior.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-third Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that Congress should by legislative enactment, provide protections for adoption and implementation of state

sage-grouse conservation plans by, among other things, making no funds available for use by either the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture to implement recent federal land use plan amendments if they are inconsistent with the state's sage-grouse conservation plan for a period of 10 years through and including fiscal year 2026; and provide a mechanism for the Governor of a state to ensure state sage-grouse plans can be implemented on lands operated by the Bureau of Land Management and the U.S. Forest Service; furthermore that such Congressional legislation should provide a mechanism to ensure that any federal resource management plans are consistent with state sage-grouse plans and that any inconsistencies of the federal resource management plans should be resolved by the Governor of the affected state to ensure federal resource management plans are consistent with state management plans for a period of at least 10 years.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Congress should continue to make no funds available for use by the Secretary of the Interior to consider, prepare, write, or issue pursuant to Section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Section 1533) a petition finding or proposed regulation for greater sage-grouse for a period of 10 years through and including fiscal year 2026.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that during this 10-year period, that Congress should provide a litigation safe-harbor protecting (a) the state sage-grouse management plans from litigation by private activist organizations that would interfere with implementation of state sage-grouse management plans and (b) the status of sage-grouse as "not-warranted" pursuant to Section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. Section 1533), such that neither the state plans nor the "not-warranted" status is subject to judicial review.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that during this 10-year period, the State of Idaho will continue to implement its sage-grouse conservation plan, thereby establishing and enhancing its efficacy over time.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Congress should by legislation recognize and encourage state primacy in the long-term management of sage-grouse and its habitat to ensure an effective and balanced approach that seeks to recover and protect sage-grouse populations while protecting state economic interests, educational funding from state lands, and valid existing rights including private property rights.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and she is hereby authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Memorial to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of Congress, and the congressional delegation representing the State of Idaho in the Congress of the United States.