Second Regular Session - 2016

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1255

BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL; AMENDING SECTION 31-2002, IDAHO CODE, TO
3	REVISE THE DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL REGARDING INVESTIGATIONS AND
4	ACTIONS AGAINST COUNTY ELECTED OFFICERS IN CERTAIN CRIMINAL LAW MATTERS
5	AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 31-2002, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 31-2002. PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATIONS AND ACTIONS AGAINST COUNTY ELECTED OFFICERS -- DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the attorney general shall may conduct an preliminary investigation of any allegation of a violation of state criminal law, civil or criminal, against a county officer occupying an elective office for violation of state criminal law in his official capacity.
- (2) Upon completion of the $\frac{\text{preliminary}}{\text{general } \max}$ investigation, the attorney general $\frac{\text{may}}{\text{shall}}$:
 - (a) Issue a finding of no further action necessary;
 - (b) Prescribe Suggest training or other nonjudicial remedies; or
 - (c) Issue a finding that further investigation or prosecution is warranted, provided that the attorney general shall refer a recommendation for further investigation or prosecution to the county prosecutor who shall seek appointment of a special prosecutor. If the attorney general issues a finding that further investigation or prosecution is warranted against a county prosecutor, the attorney general shall retain the matter and act as special prosecutor Determine that further investigation or prosecution is warranted and retain the matter and act as special prosecutor.
- (3) In furtherance of the duty to conduct investigations set forth in the provisions of this section, the attorney general shall have the authority to issue subpoenas for the production of documents or tangible things that may be relevant to such investigations.
- (4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any alleged violations of the open meetings law as codified in chapter 23, title 67 74, Idaho Code
- (5) For purposes of this section, a county officer occupying an elective office shall be deemed to have performed an act in his "official capacity" when such act takes place while the officer is working or claims to be working on behalf of his employer at his workplace or elsewhere, while the officer is at his workplace whether or not he is working at the time, involves the use of public property or equipment of any kind or involves the expenditure of public funds.