IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1312

BY TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO SAFETY RESTRAINTS; AMENDING SECTION 49-673, IDAHO CODE, TO
3	ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTAIN WARNING AND
4	OF A CERTAIN CITATION, TO INCREASE A CERTAIN FINE AMOUNT AND TO MAKE
5	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; REPEALING SECTION 49-673, IDAHO CODE, RELATING
6	TO SAFETY RESTRAINT USE; AMENDING CHAPTER 6, TITLE 49, IDAHO CODE, BY
7	THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 49-673, IDAHO CODE, REGARDING SAFETY RE-
8	STRAINT USE: AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Section 49-673, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 49-673. SAFETY RESTRAINT USE. (1) Except as provided in section 49-672, Idaho Code, and subsection (2) of this section, each occupant of a motor vehicle that has a gross vehicle weight of not more than eight thousand (8,000) pounds, and that was manufactured with safety restraints in compliance with federal motor vehicle safety standard no. 208, shall have a safety restraint properly fastened about his body at all times when the vehicle is in motion.
 - (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
 - (a) An occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a written statement from a licensed physician that he is unable for medical reasons to wear a safety restraint;
 - (b) Occupants of motorcycles, implements of husbandry and emergency vehicles;
 - (c) Occupants of seats of a motor vehicle in which all safety restraints are then properly in use by other occupants of that vehicle; or
 - (d) Mail carriers.
 - (3) (a) A citation may be issued to:
 - (i) Any occupant of the motor vehicle age eighteen (18) years or older who fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section; and
 - (ii) The operator of the motor vehicle if the operator is age eighteen (18) years or older and any occupant under eighteen (18) years of age who fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section. For purposes of this $\underline{\text{sub}}$ paragraph $\underline{\text{(a) (ii)}}$, it shall be deemed a single violation regardless of the number of occupants not properly restrained.
 - (b) A person issued a citation pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to a fine of ten dollars (\$10.00), with five dollars (\$5.00) of such fine to be apportioned to the catastrophic health care cost fund, as set forth in section 57-813, Idaho Code. A conviction under this subsection shall not result in violation point counts as prescribed in section

- 49-326, Idaho Code, nor shall such a conviction be deemed to be a moving traffic violation for the purpose of establishing rates of motor vehicle insurance charged by a casualty insurer.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, aA citation may be issued to the operator of the motor vehicle if the operator is under eighteen (18) years of age and the operator or any other occupant who is under eighteen (18) years of age fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section. For purposes of this subsection, it shall be deemed a single violation regardless of the number of occupants not properly restrained. A person issued a citation pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to a fine of ten forty-five dollars (\$1045.00), five dollars (\$5.00) of such fine to be apportioned to the catastrophic health care cost fund as set forth in section 57-813, Idaho Code, plus court costs. A conviction under this subsection shall not result in violation point counts as prescribed in section 49-326, Idaho Code. In addition, a conviction under this subsection shall not be deemed to be a moving traffic violation for the purpose of establishing rates of motor vehicle insurance charged by a casualty insurer.
- (b) Between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, a law enforcement officer may not issue a citation to an individual for a violation of paragraph (a) of this subsection, but shall issue the operator or passenger a warning informing the operator or passenger that operating or being a passenger in a vehicle without wearing a safety restraint is a violation of this section. On and after July 1, 2017, law enforcement officers may issue a citation pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection as a primary action.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (4)(b) of this section, expression this section by law enforcement officers may be accomplished only as a secondary action when the operator of the motor vehicle has been detained for a suspected violation of another law.
- (6) The department shall initiate and conduct an educational program, to the extent sufficient private donations or federal funds for this specific purpose are available to the department, to encourage compliance with the provisions of this section and to publicize the effectiveness of use of safety restraints and other restraint devices in reducing risk of harm to occupants of motor vehicles.
- (7) The department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the provisions of this section and shall include a report of its findings in its annual evaluation report on the Idaho highway safety plan which that it submits to the national highway traffic safety administration and federal highway administration pursuant to 23 U.S.C. section 402.
- SECTION 2. That Section 49-673, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
 - SECTION 3. That Chapter 6, Title 49, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 49-673, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 49-673. SAFETY RESTRAINT USE. (1) Except as provided in section 49-672, Idaho Code, and subsection (2) of this section, each occupant of a

motor vehicle that has a gross vehicle weight of not more than eight thousand (8,000) pounds, and that was manufactured with safety restraints in compliance with federal motor vehicle safety standard no. 208, shall have a safety restraint properly fastened about his body at all times when the vehicle is in motion.

- (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- (a) An occupant of a motor vehicle who possesses a written statement from a licensed physician that he is unable for medical reasons to wear a safety restraint;
- (b) Occupants of motorcycles, implements of husbandry and emergency vehicles;
- (c) Occupants of seats of a motor vehicle in which all safety restraints are then properly in use by other occupants of that vehicle; or
- (d) Mail carriers.

- (3) (a) A citation may be issued to:
 - (i) Any occupant of the motor vehicle age eighteen (18) years or older who fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section; and
 - (ii) The operator of the motor vehicle if the operator is age eighteen (18) years or older and any occupant under eighteen (18) years of age who fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section. For purposes of this subparagraph, it shall be deemed a single violation regardless of the number of occupants not properly restrained.
- (b) A person issued a citation pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to a fine of ten dollars (\$10.00), with five dollars (\$5.00) of such fine to be apportioned to the catastrophic health care cost fund, as set forth in section 57-813, Idaho Code. A conviction under this subsection shall not result in violation point counts as prescribed in section 49-326, Idaho Code, nor shall such a conviction be deemed to be a moving traffic violation for the purpose of establishing rates of motor vehicle insurance charged by a casualty insurer.
- (4) A citation may be issued to the operator of the motor vehicle if the operator is under eighteen (18) years of age and the operator or any other occupant who is under eighteen (18) years of age fails to wear a safety restraint as required in this section. For purposes of this subsection, it shall be deemed a single violation regardless of the number of occupants not properly restrained. A person issued a citation pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to a fine of forty-five dollars (\$45.00), five dollars (\$5.00) of such fine to be apportioned to the catastrophic health care cost fund as set forth in section 57-813, Idaho Code, plus court costs. A conviction under this subsection shall not result in violation point counts as prescribed in section 49-326, Idaho Code. In addition, a conviction under this subsection shall not be deemed to be a moving traffic violation for the purpose of establishing rates of motor vehicle insurance charged by a casualty insurer.
- (5) Enforcement of this section by law enforcement officers may be accomplished only as a secondary action when the operator of the motor vehicle has been detained for a suspected violation of another law.

(6) The department shall initiate and conduct an educational program, to the extent sufficient private donations or federal funds for this specific purpose are available to the department, to encourage compliance with the provisions of this section and to publicize the effectiveness of use of safety restraints and other restraint devices in reducing risk of harm to occupants of motor vehicles.

- (7) The department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the provisions of this section and shall include a report of its findings in its annual evaluation report on the Idaho highway safety plan that it submits to the national highway traffic safety administration and federal highway administration pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 402.
- SECTION 4. The provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2019.