# LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO Sixty-third Legislature Second Regular Session - 2016

## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1300

#### BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

#### AN ACT

- RELATING TO ESTATES; AMENDING SECTION 15-2-802, IDAHO CODE, TO CLARIFY PERSONS WHO DO NOT QUALIFY AS A SURVIVING SPOUSE; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 2,
  TITLE 15, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 15-2-804, IDAHO
  CODE, PROVIDING FOR THE REVOCATION OF CERTAIN PROBATE AND NONPROBATE
  TRANSFERS BY DIVORCE.
- 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

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8 SECTION 1. That Section 15-2-802, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 9 amended to read as follows:

10 15-2-802. EFFECT OF DIVORCE, ANNULMENT, AND DECREE OF SEPARATION. (a) A person <u>An individual</u> who is divorced from the decedent or whose marriage to the decedent has been annulled is not a surviving spouse unless, by virtue of a subsequent marriage, he is married to the decedent at the time of death. A decree of separation which does not terminate the status of husband and wife is not a divorce for purposes of this section.

(b) For purposes of parts 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this chapter and of section
 15-3-203 of this code, a surviving spouse does not include:

(1) a person <u>An individual</u> who obtains or consents to a final decree or
 judgment of divorce from the decedent or an annulment of their marriage,
 which decree or judgment is not recognized as valid in this state, un less they subsequently participate in a marriage ceremony purporting to
 marry each to the other, or subsequently live together as man and wife;

(2) a person <u>An individual</u> who, following an invalid decree or judgment
 of divorce or annulment obtained by the decedent, participates in a mar riage ceremony with a third person; or

26 (3) a person <u>An individual</u> who was a party to a valid proceeding con 27 cluded by an order purporting to terminate all marital property rights.

28 SECTION 2. That Chapter 2, Title 15, Idaho Code, be, and the same is
29 hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and des30 ignated as Section 15-2-804, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

15-2-804. REVOCATION OF PROBATE AND NONPROBATE TRANSFERS BY DIVORCE
 -- NO REVOCATION BY OTHER CHANGES OF CIRCUMSTANCES. (a) Definitions. In
 this section:

(1) "Disposition or appointment of property" includes a transfer of an
 item of property or any other benefit to a beneficiary designated in a
 governing instrument.

(2) "Divorce or annulment" means any divorce or annulment, or any dissolution or declaration of invalidity of a marriage, that would exclude
the spouse as a surviving spouse within the meaning of section 15-2-802,

Idaho Code. A decree of separation that does not terminate the status of 2 husband and wife is not a divorce for the purposes of this section.

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"Divorced individual" includes an individual whose marriage has 3 (3) been annulled. 4

(4) "Governing instrument" means a governing instrument executed by 5 the divorced individual before the divorce or annulment of his marriage 6 to his former spouse. 7

(5) "Relative of the divorced individual's former spouse" means an in-8 dividual who is related to the divorced individual's former spouse by 9 blood, adoption or affinity and who, after the divorce or annulment, is 10 not related to the divorced individual by blood, adoption or affinity. 11

(6) "Revocable," with respect to a disposition, appointment, provi-12 sion or nomination, means one under which the divorced individual, at 13 the time of the divorce or annulment, was alone empowered, by law or un-14 der the governing instrument, to cancel the designation in favor of his 15 16 former spouse or former spouse's relative, whether or not the divorced individual was then empowered to designate himself in place of his for-17 mer spouse or in place of his former spouse's relative and whether or not 18 the divorced individual then had the capacity to exercise the power. 19

(b) Revocation Upon Divorce. Except as provided by the express terms of 20 21 a governing instrument, a court order or a contract relating to the division of the marital estate made between the divorced individuals before or after 22 the marriage, divorce or annulment, a divorce or annulment of a marriage: 23 (1) Revokes any revocable: 24

(i) Disposition or appointment of property made by a divorced in-25 26 dividual to his or her former spouse in a governing instrument and any disposition or appointment created by law or in a governing in-27 strument to a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse; 28 (ii) Provision in a governing instrument conferring a general or 29 nongeneral power of appointment on the divorced individual's for-30 mer spouse or on a relative of the divorced individual's former 31 spouse; and 32

(iii) Nomination in a governing instrument, nominating a di-33 vorced individual's former spouse or a relative of the divorced 34 individual's former spouse to serve in any fiduciary or represen-35 tative capacity, including a personal representative, executor, 36 trustee, conservator, agent or guardian; and 37

(2) Severs the interests of the former spouses in property held by them 38 at the time of the divorce or annulment as joint tenants with the right 39 of survivorship transforming the interests of the former spouses into 40 equal tenancies in common. 41

(c) Effect of Severance. A severance under subsection (b) (2) of this 42 section does not affect any third-party interest in property acquired for 43 value and in good faith reliance on an apparent title by survivorship in the 44 survivor of the former spouses unless a writing declaring the severance has 45 been noted, registered, filed or recorded in records appropriate to the kind 46 47 and location of the property, which records are relied upon, in the ordinary course of transactions involving such property, as evidence of ownership. 48

(d) Effect of Revocation. Provisions of a governing instrument are 49 given effect as if the former spouse and relatives of the former spouse 50

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disclaimed all provisions revoked by this section or, in the case of a revoked nomination in a fiduciary or representative capacity, as if the former spouse and relatives of the former spouse died immediately before the divorce or annulment.

(e) Revival if Divorce Nullified. Provisions revoked solely by this
section are revived by the divorced individual's remarriage to the former
spouse or by a nullification of the divorce or annulment.

8 (f) No Revocation for Other Change of Circumstances. No change of cir 9 cumstances other than as described in this section and in section 15-2-803
 10 effects a revocation.

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(g) Protection of Payors and Other Third Parties.

(1) A payor or other third party is not liable for having made a payment 12 or transferred an item of property or any other benefit to a beneficiary 13 designated in a governing instrument affected by a divorce, annulment 14 or remarriage, or for having taken any other action in good faith re-15 16 liance on the validity of the governing instrument, before the payor or other third party received written notice of the divorce, annulment or 17 remarriage. A payor or other third party is liable for a payment made or 18 other action taken after the payor or other third party received written 19 20 notice of a claimed forfeiture or revocation under this section.

21 (2) Written notice of the divorce, annulment or remarriage under paragraph (1) of this subsection must be mailed to the payor's or other third 22 party's main office or home by registered or certified mail, return 23 receipt requested, or served upon the payor or other third party in the 24 same manner as a summons in a civil action. Upon receipt of written 25 26 notice of the divorce, annulment or remarriage, a payor or other third party may pay any amount owed or transfer or deposit any item of prop-27 erty held by it to or with the court having jurisdiction of the probate 28 proceedings relating to the decedent's estate or, if no proceedings 29 have been commenced, to or with the court having jurisdiction of pro-30 bate proceedings relating to decedents' estates located in the county 31 of the decedent's residence. The court shall hold the funds or item of 32 property and, upon its determination under this section, shall order 33 disbursement or transfer in accordance with the determination. Pay-34 ments, transfers or deposits made to or with the court discharge the 35 payor or other third party from all claims for the value of amounts paid 36 to or items of property transferred to or deposited with the court. 37

(h) Protection of Bona Fide Purchasers -- Personal Liability of Recipient.

(1) A person who purchases property from a former spouse, relative of a 40 former spouse, or any other person for value and without notice, or who 41 receives from a former spouse, relative of a former spouse, or any other 42 person a payment or other item of property in partial or full satisfac-43 tion of a legally enforceable obligation, is neither obligated under 44 this section to return the payment, item of property or benefit, nor is 45 liable under this section for the amount of the payment or the value of 46 47 the item of property or benefit. But a former spouse, relative of a former spouse, or other person who, not for value, received a payment, item 48 of property or any other benefit to which that person is not entitled un-49 der this section is obligated to return the payment, item of property 50

or benefit, or is personally liable for the amount of the payment or the value of the item of property or benefit, to the person who is entitled to it under this section.

(2) If this section or any part of this section is preempted by federal 4 5 law with respect to a payment, an item of property or any other benefit covered by this section, a former spouse, relative of the former spouse, 6 7 or any other person who, not for value, received a payment, item of property or any other benefit to which that person is not entitled under this 8 section is obligated to return that payment, item of property or bene-9 fit, or is personally liable for the amount of the payment or the value 10 11 of the item of property or benefit, to the person who would have been entitled to it were this section or part of this section not preempted. 12