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First Regular Session - 2017

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 144

BY COMMERCE AND HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	AN ACT RELATING TO THE KEEP IDAHO SAFE ACT; AMENDING TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 93, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE KEEP IDAHO SAFE ACT, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE INTENT, TO DEFINE TERMS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF A REGISTRY, TO PROVIDE FOR PROHIBITED COMMUNICATIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR CONSENT, TO PROVIDE FOR EXCEPTIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS OF VIOLATIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR FEES, TO PROVIDE A CRIMINAL PENALTY, TO PROVIDE FOR CIVIL ACTIONS AND TO PROVIDE FOR DEFENSES.
10	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
11 12 13	SECTION 1. That Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a NEW CHAPTER , to be known and designated as Chapter 93, Title 67, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
14 15	CHAPTER 93 KEEP IDAHO SAFE ACT
16 17 18 19 20	67-9301. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The purpose of this chapter is to: (1) Promote awareness of all types of online communications that reach children; and (2) Provide parents with a voluntary tool to protect children from some forms of inappropriate online contact.
21 22 23 24 25 26	67-9302. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter: (1) "Contact point" means an electronic identification to which a communication may be sent, including: (a) An e-mail address; (b) An instant message identity; (c) A mobile or other telephone number; (d) A faccimile number: or
27 28	(d) A facsimile number; or(e) An electronic address or identifier used by an emerging technology,

- which may be defined by rule, that is similar to those listed in this subsection.
- (2) "Division" means the agency or constitutional office responsible for overseeing the registry.
- (3) "Marketer" means a person soliciting goods or services for commercial gain.
- (4) "Registry" means the "do not contact" registry established in section 67-9303, Idaho Code.
- 37 67-9303. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION. (1) The division shall procure 38 services to establish and operate a repository for contact points received

pursuant to this chapter. The division shall assess and collect from marketers user fees to fund implementation and maintenance.

- (2) The division shall facilitate promotion of the do not contact registry online; however, the division will not be responsible for additional marketing efforts to promote usage.
- (3) The division shall appoint a registry manager to serve as the primary point of contact.
- (4) The division shall establish a mechanism for marketers to verify compliance with the registry.
- (5) The division may take any other actions necessary to implement the registry, including promulgating rules to establish procedures pursuant to this chapter.
- (6) A parent or other person may register a contact point with the division if the contact point belongs to a minor or a minor may have access to the contact point. A school or other organization that serves primarily minors may register one (1) or more contact points, including the internet domain name, with the division.
- (7) A registration for a contact point shall expire on the third anniversary of the registration date.
- (8) A person may revoke a registered contact point at any time upon notification to the division. A person may renew a registered contact point within thirty (30) days of its expiration upon notification to the division.
 - (9) Registering a contact point shall be at no cost to the registrant.
- (10) To ensure security, an independent third party shall audit the registry annually.
- (11) The contents of the registry and any complaint filed about a marketer who violates the provisions of this chapter are confidential and exempt from disclosure under section 74-106, Idaho Code.
 - (12) The registry shall be operational no later than July 1, 2018.
- 67-9304. PROHIBITED COMMUNICATIONS -- CONSENT -- EXCEPTIONS. (1) A person may not send, cause to be sent or conspire with a third party to send a communication to a contact point or domain that has been registered for more than thirty (30) calendar days if the primary purpose of the communication is to, directly or indirectly, advertise a product or service that a minor is prohibited by law from purchasing, possessing, viewing, participating in or otherwise receiving. Prohibited communications include those that contain or have the primary purpose of promoting obscene material that is harmful to minors, as defined in section 18-1514, Idaho Code.
 - (2) Consent of a minor is not a defense to a violation of this section.
- (3) A communication described in subsection (1) of this section is not prohibited if, before sending the communication, the marketer receives an affirmative statement of consent from an age-verified adult who controls the contact point. Any person who proposes to send a communication under this subsection shall:
 - (a) Verify the age of the adult who controls the contact point by inspecting the adult's government-issued identification card, with a photo and proof of age, in a face-to-face transaction;
 - (b) Obtain a written record indicating the adult's consent that is signed by the adult;

- (c) Notify the adult that she may rescind her consent or opt out of receiving future communications at any time; and
- (d) Notify the division that the person intends to send communications under this subsection.
- (4) A communication described in subsection (1) of this section is not prohibited if the marketer is a restaurant with a primary purpose of selling food and receives an affirmative statement of consent from an age-verified adult who controls the contact point.

- (5) A person does not violate this chapter because the person is an intermediary between the marketer and recipient in the transmission of an electronic message that violates this chapter or unknowingly provides transmission of electronic messages over the person's computer network or facilities that violate this chapter.
- (6) The division shall investigate complaints of violations of this section. If the division has reason to believe a person has violated this section, the division may require that person to produce evidence to show that the person complied with this chapter.
- 67-9305. FEES. (1) Before sending a communication prohibited by this chapter, a marketer shall use the prescribed mechanism to remove all registered contact points and domains in compliance with this chapter and pay the prescribed fee.
- (2) Fees collected under this chapter shall be expended for establishment and operation of the registry. Fees may also be expended for investigation, enforcement and defense of this chapter. Excess fees collected shall be expended, as determined by the division, to further the intent of this chapter.
- (3) The division shall set the fee required under this subsection. The fee shall not exceed two cents (2°) and should reflect as closely as possible actual registry costs.
- 67-9306. CRIMINAL PENALTY. (1) A person who violates section 67-9304, Idaho Code, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each communication sent in violation of section 67-9304, Idaho Code, is a separate offense under this section.
- (2) A person who unlawfully obtains, uses or transfers contact points or other personal information from the registry commits a computer crime under section 18-2202, Idaho Code.
- (3) A criminal conviction or penalty under this section does not relieve a person from civil liability.
- 67-9307. CIVIL ACTION. (1) A registrant or other authorized individual may bring a civil action on behalf of a minor who has received a communication in violation of this chapter.
 - (2) A person may recover the greater of:
 - (a) Actual damages, including reasonable attorney's fees; or
 - (b) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each communication sent in violation of this chapter.
- (3) The prevailing party shall be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

67-9308. DEFENSES. (1) It is a defense to an action brought under this chapter that a person reasonably relied on the registry and took reasonable measures to comply with the provisions of this chapter.

(2) An internet service provider, wireless provider or other provider that facilitates communication with a contact point does not violate this section for solely transmitting a communication across its network.