IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 265

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

,	111/11/01
2	RELATING TO SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS; AMENDING TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDI-
3	TION OF A NEW CHAPTER 36, TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN
4	PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS MUST TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO RESTRICT THE AC-
5	CESS OF MINORS IN CERTAIN INSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR A CIVIL ACTION IN
6	CERTAIN INSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR DAMAGES, TO PROVIDE FOR AN AFFIRMA-
7	TIVE DEFENSE, TO PROVIDE THAT A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN ACCOMPANYING A
8	MINOR SHALL NOT BE A DEFENSE, TO DEFINE TERMS, AND TO PROVIDE SEVERABIL-
9	ITY; AMENDING CHAPTER 23, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW
10	SECTION 67-2359, IDAHO CODE, TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES
11	AND PUBLIC ASSETS FOR SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS AND TO PROVIDE A PENALTY; AND
12	DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 6, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 36, Title 6, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 36 SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS -- CIVIL ACTION

- 6-3601. SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS -- CIVIL ACTION. (1) Any person or institution that knowingly promotes, conducts, performs, or participates in a show, exhibition, or performance by a live person before an audience must take reasonable steps to restrict the access of minors if:
 - (a) The person or institution has reason to believe that minors are likely to be present;
 - (b) The show, exhibition, or performance involves live persons engaged in sexual conduct; and
 - (c) The show, exhibition, or performance is patently offensive to an average person applying contemporary community standards in the adult community as a whole with respect to what is suitable for minors.
- (2) Any minor, or a parent or legal guardian of such minor, who is exposed to sexual conduct as a result of a violation of subsection (1) of this section shall have a private cause of action against the person or institution that failed to take reasonable steps to restrict the access of minors.
- (3) Any civil action arising under this section must be commenced within four (4) years after the act has occurred.
- (4) Any minor, or a parent or legal guardian of such minor, who prevails in an action brought under this section may recover ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in statutory damages for each violation of this section. The minor, or a parent or legal guardian of such minor, may also recover monetary damages from the defendant for all psychological, emotional, economic, and physical harm suffered.

- (5) Any minor, or a parent or legal guardian of such minor, who prevails in an action brought under this section is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs from the defendant.
- (6) It shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought under the provisions of this section that the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that the minor involved was eighteen (18) years of age or older, or such minor exhibited to the defendant a draft card, driver's license, birth certificate, or other official or apparently official document purporting to establish that the minor was eighteen (18) years of age or older.
- (7) It is not a defense to an action brought under this section that the minor was accompanied by the minor's parent or legal guardian.
 - (8) For purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Minor" means any person less than eighteen (18) years of age.
 - (b) "Sexual conduct" means:

- (i) Acts, whether actual or simulated, of masturbation, sexual intercourse, or physical contact with a person's unclothed genitals or pubic area;
- (ii) Sexually explicit descriptions of acts described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or
- (iii) Sexually provocative dances or gestures performed with accessories that exaggerate male or female primary or secondary sexual characteristics.
- (9) The provisions of this section are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this section or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this section.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 23, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 67-2359, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 67-2359. USE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES AND PUBLIC ASSETS FOR SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS PROHIBITED. (1) No public institution, public facility, public equipment, or other physical asset owned, leased, or controlled by this state, a county, a city, a public health district, or any local political subdivision or agency thereof shall be used for the purpose of shows, exhibitions, or performances that involve live persons engaged in sexual conduct, as defined in section 6-3601, Idaho Code.
- (2) No public institution or facility shall lease, sell, or permit the subleasing of its facilities or property for the purpose of shows, exhibitions, or performances that involve live persons engaged in sexual conduct, as defined in section 6-3601, Idaho Code.
- (3) No public funds made available by the state, a county, a city, a public health district, or any local political subdivision or agency thereof and distributed by any institution, board, commission, department, agency, official, or employee of the state, a county, a city, a public health district, or any local political subdivision or agency thereof shall be used in any way to provide or assist in the provision of shows, exhibitions, or performances that involve live persons engaged in sexual conduct, as defined in section 6-3601, Idaho Code.

(4) Any knowing violation of the provisions of this section by a public officer or public employee shall be considered a misuse of public moneys and shall be subject to punishment pursuant to section 18-5702, Idaho Code.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2023.