Dear Senators MARTIN, Souza, Jordan, and Representatives VANDER WOUDE, Amador, Smith:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Public Health Districts:

IDAPA 41.01.01 - Notice of Omnibus Rulemaking - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 41-0101-2000).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 11/06/2020. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 12/04/2020.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Eric Milstead Director Serving klaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Health & Welfare Committee and the House

Environment, Energy & Technology Committee

FROM: Principal Legislative Drafting Attorney - Elizabeth Bowen

DATE: October 20, 2020

SUBJECT: Public Health Districts

IDAPA 41.01.01 - Notice of Omnibus Rulemaking - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 41-0101-2000)

This proposed rule, regarding rules for Panhandle Health District No. 1, republishes an existing rule chapter previously reviewed by the Legislature. There do not appear to be any substantive changes to the chapter.

This rulemaking appears to be consistent with statutory authority.

cc: Public Health Districts Elke Shaw-Tulloch

*** PLEASE NOTE ***

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

IDAPA 41 – IDAHO PUBLIC HEALTH DISTRICTS (PANHANDLE HEALTH DISTRICT #1)

DOCKET NO. 41-0101-2000

NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 39-143, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Opportunity for presentation of oral comments concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of the purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This proposed rulemaking re-publishes the following existing temporary rule chapter previously submitted to and reviewed by the Idaho Legislature under IDAPA 41, rules of the Panhandle Health District:

IDAPA 41

• 41.01.01, Rules of Idaho Public Health District #1.

FEE SUMMARY: This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2021 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Mr. Erik Ketner, PHD#1 Environmental Health Section Manager at (208) 415-5224.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of August, 2020.

Joe Righello, Division Administrator Environmental and Health Protection Division Panhandle Health District 8500 N. Atlas Road Hayden, Idaho 83835 Phone: (208) 415-5200

Fax: (208) 415-5201

IDAPA 41 – IDAHO PUBLIC HEALTH DISTRICTS (PANHANDLE HEALTH DISTRICT #1)

41.01.01 - RULES OF IDAHO PUBLIC HEALTH DISTRICT #1

000.	LECAL	AUTHORITY.
1/1////	1 1 1 1 T A	AUTIKINI I.

The rules and standards set forth hereinafter shall be known as the Environmental Code of Panhandle Health District 1. This Code is adopted pursuant to the authority granted to the District Board of Health under Chapter 4, Title 39, Idaho Code. The provisions of the Code are supplementary, and should be interpreted in a manner consistent with Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code and any state or federal laws which establish exclusivity or primacy in a field of rule for another public entity as a matter of law.

- O1. Conflict. In the event of any conflict between city or county ordinances or heretofore existing rules of county health boards and departments and this Code, the respective provision which more completely protects public health or the environment, prevails. Nothing in this Code is deemed to prevent the enforcement of any standard, or rule relating to air, water, or health quality now existing or hereinafter adopted by the State Board of Health and Welfare or any interested agency of the federal government. Nothing in this Code is deemed to conflict with the enactment by any city or county in the District of any ordinance or rule placing additional restrictions or limitations which contribute to enhancement of water, air, land, or health quality. Where the provisions of this Code conflict with state or federal statues or rules which preempt regulation of a particular subject or application of this Code in a particular manner, the preemptive state rule or federal regulation prevails to the extent that application of the conflicting rules cannot be accommodated.
- **Policy**. This Environmental Health Code is based on the recognition that pollution of the air, land, and waters of this district constitutes a menace to public health and welfare, creates public nuisances, is harmful to wildlife, fish, and other aquatic life, and impairs domestic, agricultural, industrial, recreational, and other beneficial uses of air, land, and water. It is the duty of the Board to establish the quality standards of the environment in the interest of health, individual and community alike, and to prevent the outbreak and spread of dangerous and infectious disease.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title.** This chapter is titled IDAPA 41.01.01, "Rules of Idaho Public Health District #1."
- **O2.** Scope. These rules govern issues concerning the mission of Idaho Public Health District #1 as established by the Idaho Legislature, in particular addressing matters of local concern in order to protect public health and the environment in the counties that comprise the District.

002. OFFICE - OFFICE HOURS - MAILING ADDRESS - STREET ADDRESS.

- **01. Office Hours.** 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Saturday, Sunday and legal holidays. ()
- **02. Mailing and Street Address**. The District's mailing/street address is: Panhandle Health District, 8500 N. Atlas Road, Hayden, ID 83835.

003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The following definitions apply:

- **01. Board**. The Board of Panhandle Health District 1.
- **O2.** Code. Environmental Health Code of Panhandle Health District 1, including the several sections which follow and the entire series of rules now and hereinafter adopted by the Board and by the State Board of Health and Welfare.
- **O3. Floathouse**. A watercraft that is not self-propelled and with a dwelling place on it for habitation by human beings, whether said habitat is seasonal, itinerant, temporary, or permanent; and whether the floathouse is attached to land, floating free in the water, or tied to a fixed structure.
 - 04. Health Officer. Means the Director of Panhandle Health District 1, or any agent or employee

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Public Health Districts

IDAPA 41.01.01 Rules of Idaho Public Health District #1

thereof	whose du	ties include enforcement of any provision of this Code.	()
two (2)	05. individua	Public Sewage Treatment Facility . Any sewage collection and treatment system with moll service connections.	ore than
showing rule.	06. g that und	Variance . A grant of relief from the literal application of a Panhandle Health District 1 rule lue hardship, related to unique characteristics of a site, would result from literal adherence	
011 ()99.	(RESERVED)	
100.	WATER	R QUALITY CONTROL.	
perman	ent sewaş ibilities c	Sewage and Waste Disposal: Political Subdivisions . Any political subdivision within the sewage management plan agreement with the District, the purpose of which will be to ege disposal practices that will fulfill the needs and goals of the political subdivision and the District. The Board has authority to enforce the provisions of sewage managements.	stablish and the
	02.	Sewage and Waste Disposal: Prohibited Conditions.	()
		Domestic sewage, septage, sanitary sewage, industrial waste, agricultural waste, sewage e is not allowed to remain open to the atmosphere or on the surface of the ground in such a ma of noxious or offensive odors, to be dangerous to health, or to be a public nuisance.	
		Domestic sewage, sanitary sewage, septage, industrial sewage, industrial waste, agricultural or human excreta is not allowed to endanger any source or supply of drinking water, o ablic or private property.	
body of drain.	c. water, w	Raw or untreated sewage, septage, or industrial waste, or agricultural waste is not allowed ater course, or any underground water drain, any storm water drain, channel, or other surface	
101 1	109.	(RESERVED)	
threat to	ard has do the publ	GE DISPOSAL ON THE RATHDRUM PRAIRIE IN KOOTENAI COUNTY, IDAHO. etermined that extensive use of subsurface wastewater disposal on the Rathdrum Prairie proice health by contamination of the Rathdrum Aquifer, which is a drinking water source. It is the dopt rules to govern subsurface sewage disposal on the Rathdrum Prairie.	
Disposa	01. al Rules."	Title. These rules, within this Section, are known and cited as the "Rathdrum Prairie S	Sewage ()
Rathdru	02. ım Prairie	Scope . The provisions of this Section apply to subsurface sewage disposal systems installed:	on the
	03.	Definitions . The following definitions apply to the Rathdrum Prairie sections of these rules.	. ()
express	a. ed as gall	Sewage Loading. The total liquid volume of sewage produced on any given parcel of laons/day.	ind and
gallons	per day o	Dwelling Equivalent. The total sewage loading from a single family dwelling. When applities other than housing units, a dwelling equivalent shall be equal to two-hundred and fifter be equal to twenty (20) persons using a non-residential facility on forty (40) hour per weeker generation except from restrooms.	y (250)

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	Rathdrum Prairie. That area of land situated in Kootenai County and more particularly defined describing the boundaries of the Rathdrum Prairie Aquifer identified and designated under toon 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (PL 93-523) (Federal Register, Vol. 43, No. 28 -Thursday).	he
	Sewage Management Plan. A method of action, procedure, or arrangement approved by to District 1 describing how collection, treatment, and disposal of sewage shall be addressed with a political subdivision and include a map of the area affected by the Sewage Management Plan.	
04.	Subsurface Sewage Disposal Systems. ()
a. and the rules of the	All installations of subsurface sewage disposal systems must be made in compliance with the Cohe Idaho Department of Environmental Quality.	de)
surface area and the where one (1) sys	A subsurface sewage disposal system for one (1) dwelling equivalent may be installed without er than Subsection 110.04.a., if the system is on a single parcel of land of five (5) acres or larger the total loading for that parcel does not exceed one (1) dwelling equivalent per five (5) acres, excepted is replacing another. Every parcel of land created after December 20, 1977, except as otherwise rules, maintains the dwelling equivalent(s) allowed for the original parcel of land.	in ept
c. acres in surface a	No subsurface sewage disposal system may be installed on any parcel of land of less than (5) fi trea except under the following conditions:	ve)
construction and must be entirely	The parcel of land is located within the boundaries of a public sewer district or municipality who have a dopted a Sewage Management Plan approved by the Board which will result in the operation of, or connection to, a central sewage treatment plant. The Sewage Management Plan are within the boundaries of the municipality, and the Sewage Management Plan must include a moundaries of the Sewage Management Plan Area;	he ea
ii. 1977, will be pe parcels meet all o	Parcels of land less than five (5) acres in size and acquired or established prior to December 2 rmitted for a subsurface sewage disposal system for a single-dwelling equivalent, provided subther rules governing individual and subsurface sewage disposal systems; or	
iii. loading.	Where one (1) subsurface sewage disposal system is replacing another with no increase in sewa (ge)
All installations	On all developments subject to the provisions of Subsection 110.04.c.iii., the subsurface sewaneeds to have the dry or wet sewer system with necessary laterals installed within the development need to be done in coordination with local government planning, and approved by the standard Quality where applicable.	nt.
	Upon notification by the Health Officer the owner of any parcel of land utilizing a subsurfar system shall disconnect such system from any buildings on his parcel of land and connect to the buildings to a collection and treatment system whenever it becomes available for service (he
111 199.	(RESERVED)	
200. OPEN	WATER PROTECTION.	
01.	Boats and Houseboats. ()
wastewater facili	It is unlawful for any boat, motorboat, floathouse, sailboat, or any other kind of boat containing ties to be on the waters of any stream, river, or lake in Panhandle Health District 1 unless surties shall be sealed to prevent a discharge into any waters. The method of sealing such wasteward to the approval of Panhandle Health District 1	ch

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b. any boat on the sclosed and seale	Any person authorized by the Health Officer or any law enforcement person may storaid waters and examine the wastewater facilities on such boats to see that such facilities d.		
cause, permit, or the waters of any	It is unlawful for any person to throw overboard, dump, or otherwise dispose of or consuffer to be discharged, any garbage, refuse, rubbish, waste, or sewage from any boat of stream, river, lake, or other body of water within the boundaries of Panhandle Health E	into or up	pon
d. not in compliand cumulative power	If any watercraft located upon the waters of this District is found to have a marine to ce with the requirements of this section, the Health Officer shall have the following a ers to:		
i.	Cause the marine toilet to be locked and sealed to prevent usage;	()
ii. marine toilets ar	Require such watercraft to be removed from the waters of Panhandle Health Districe made to conform with the requirements of this Code.	t 1 until	the
02.	Public and Private Marinas.	()
that is capable of	Any marinas, whether public or private, providing moorage for vessels equipped wities shall provide sewage waste disposal facilities. These facilities shall consist of a pradequately cleaning waste retention tanks on the largest boat that could reasonably use to be approved by the Department of Environmental Quality.	oump stat	tion
b.	All marinas, whether public or private, must provide shore-based toilet facilities for the	eir users.)
03.	Floathouses.	()
a.	All floathouses must have approved wastewater facilities.	()
b.	All discharges from all floathouses, whether old or new, regardless of source, are prohi	ibited.)
201 399.	(RESERVED)		
	CAL MATERIALS AT FIXED FACILITIES ON THE RATHDRUM PROUNTY, IDAHO.	RAIRIE	IN
of chemicals and facilitating chan Kootenai Count contamination fi strive to achieve store, manufactu coordination am	Purpose and Intent. The purpose and intent of this section is to provide agencies that a mergency planning and emergency response duties and businesses with duties to report the dother potentially hazardous materials, with a mechanism to meet the mandate of existingly of communication. It is also intended to aid in protection of the Rathdrum Prairies, designated as a sole source aquifer by the United States of America, from potential materials handling and storage at facilities located over or adjacent to the Aquifer such protection through proper use of secondary containment systems at Fixed Facilities or handle Critical Materials. Reporting these chemicals to the concerned agencies wong industry, government agencies and response personnel so that they may more success of the following:	neir handleting rules the Aquifer of sources er. The ruties that uvill facilities	ling s by r in s of ules use, tate
a.	Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA III).	()
b.	The International Fire Code.	()
c.	The International Building Code.	()

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d.	Local building, planning and zoning codes applicable to lands which overlie the Aquifer.	()
	Any applicable rules administered by any other state, federal or local agency which has jurise ed to Critical Materials.	diction (n)
02.	Definitions . The following have the following definitions:	()
	Container. Any vessel used to hold critical materials. A single container is one not connected way of valves, piping, etc.	to any	y)
current Superfund Solid Waste and F	Critical Material. Any liquid, semi-liquid, flowable, or water soluble solid that is listed on the Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Title III (SARA III) List of Lists published by the Off Emergency Response, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. or is required and Health Administration to have a safety data sheet (SDS).	fice o	f
	Critical Materials Compliance Certificate (CMCC). A certificate indicating compliance wondary containment requirements of this rule.	ith the	e)
handling of Critic	Critical Materials Use Activity. Any undertaking that involves the use, storage, manufact all Materials at a Fixed Facility above the secondary containment quantity set forth in this rule by reference.		
e.	Director. The Director of Panhandle Health District 1 or his designee.	()
	Fixed Facility. Any established land use, building, dwelling, structure or site upon whe Material Use Activity is conducted.	ich o (r)
	Key Box. A durable, locked box that holds keys firefighters or other emergency personnel me a structure. The key box needs to be a type approved by the local fire chief pursuant to S form Fire Code.		
the Governor thre	Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC). A standing committee established by the Of rough the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC) to fulfill Emergency Planning to Know requirements pursuant to SARA III.		
	Safety Data Sheets (SDS). Documentation required by OSHA to provide a description d potential hazards of a wide range of substances that are potentially Critical Materials.	of the	e)
	NFPA 704. The National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identification that the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identification that the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association's placarding system used to identify the National Fire Protection Association and Protection Association Association and Protection Assoc	ify the	e)
this rule. For thos	Secondary Containment Quantity. The quantity of a Critical Material that requires compliance se Critical Materials specifically listed in the SARA III List of Lists (or as otherwise note its of qualifying substances are subject to this rule:		
	SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances - ten (10) pounds in the aggregate, exer medium or, one hundred (100) pounds in the aggregate, inclusive of solvent or other medium		e)
	CERCLA Hazardous Substances (listed in 40 CFR 302, Table 302.4) - one hundred (100) pexclusive of solvent or other medium or, one thousand (1000) pounds in the aggregate, includedium.	sive o	
	SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals - one hundred (100) pounds in the aggregate, exclusive and in the aggregate, inclusive of solvent or other medium or, one thousand (1000) pounds in the aggregate, inclusive of solvent or other medium	n.	f)
iv.	SARA Section 311 and 312 Chemicals (Not listed in the List of Lists) for which OSHA	MSDS	3

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IDAPA 41.01.01 Rules of Idaho Public Health District #1

	ped pursuant to OSHA Hazard Communication Standards - five thousand (5000) pound sive of solvent or other medium.	s in the
l. to isolate and pre	Secondary Containment System. Site improvements and/or development criteria that are event Critical Materials from entering the soil or surface or ground waters.	designed
m. the authority of Thursday, February	Rathdrum Prairie Aquifer (Aquifer). The underground water source identified and designate Section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (PL 93- 523) (Federal Register, Vol. 43, Pary 9, 1978).	
03.	Applicability.	()
area in Kootenai initiation of oper rule. Every own	This rule applies to any person, firm, corporation, or government agency owning, operate, establish, or operate a Fixed Facility over the Aquifer or within a recognized Aquifer County, Idaho. Any Fixed Facility so located shall comply with the requirements of this rule ration or engaging in any Critical Materials Use Activity, if established after the effective date or operator of a Fixed Facility needs to show compliance with this rule by obtaining a liance Certificate appropriate for current operations.	recharge prior to te of this
b. compliance with	The following activities require a new application to the Panhandle Health District 1 to de this rule:	etermine
i.	Establishing a new use that could qualify as a Fixed Facility.	()
ii. type or quantity	Remodeling, operating changes, or expansion of an existing Fixed Facility which would most Critical Materials Use Activity.	odify the
iii. any Fixed Facili	Changes in the location or method of use, storage, manufacture or handling of Critical Matty.	terials in
iv. established by th	A change in ownership or addition of new Critical Materials meeting the quantity the distribution of the critical Materials meeting the quantity the structure of the control of the critical Materials meeting the quantity the control of the critical Materials meeting the quantity the critical Materials meeting meeting the critical Materials meeting	resholds
c. actions, meeting compliance.	Any CMCC granted is specific to that action and the application filed therefore. Sulthe criteria set by Subsection 400.03.b., shall require separate plan reviews and approvals to	
d. order to determine	All businesses over the Rathdrum Prairie Aquifer in Kootenai County are subject to inspect if they are governed by this rule.	ection in
04. Each applicant fo	Application Requirements of Fixed Facilities Engaged in Critical Materials Use Aor a Critical Materials Compliance Certificate must provide:	ctivities.
	Sufficient information to allow the Director to determine the type, quantity, and physical states that are used, stored, manufactured, or handled at the Fixed Facility location. The Direct cant to provide a complete list of Critical Materials present at the Fixed Facility.	ate of all ctor may
containment me Facility are isola	Building plans and site development drawings showing compliance with the sequirements established by this rule. Such plans shall also provide confirmation that the set thods are compatible with the materials to be contained and that Critical Materials at the ated from storm water or other surface waters on the site. The Director may require that at by a licensed engineer. The building and/or site plans need to show at least the following:	condary ne Fixed
i.	Location of Critical Materials in buildings and other designated site areas.	()
ii.	Location of Key Box if needed by the local fire chief.	()

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IDAPA 41.01.01 Rules of Idaho Public Health District #1

	iii.	Location of NFPA 704 placards if needed by the local fire chief.	()
standard Director applican	will des	Proof of contact and resultant acknowledgment from the agencies named below which have rules which must be met by the applicant with respect to handling of Critical Materia ignate the agencies needing contact for each Fixed Facility based upon information provided	ls. Tł	he
	i.	Local Fire Department.	()
	ii.	Local Emergency Planning Committee.	()
	iii.	Kootenai County Department of Planning and Zoning.	()
	iv.	Kootenai County Building Department.	()
	v.	Applicable City Building Department.	()
	vi.	Applicable City Planning and Zoning Department.	()
	vii.	Bureau of Pesticides, Department of Agriculture.	()
	viii.	Department of Environmental Quality.	()
	ix.	Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
reporting	g checkli	An opportunity for Panhandle Health District 1 to perform an inspection to assure complian nment criteria previously approved through the plan review. If approved, and the agency revist (Subsection 400.04.c.) has been completed, a CMCC will be issued. The Director may dities to officials of a cooperating agency.	ew ar	ıd
conform	05. It to the fo	Performance Standards for Fixed Facilities . Each Fixed Facility, as defined in this rule, rellowing performance standards:	eeds 1	to)
		Construct and maintain a secondary containment system for all Critical Materials. Said seem shall be designed to prevent infiltration of any Critical Materials into the ground in the ev from their original storage containers.	condar ent th	ry at)
		The secondary containment system and methods must be non-reactive and resistant to the mand isolate the Critical Materials at the Fixed Facility from storm water, other surface waters active critical materials present in the same Fixed Facility.		
(110%) whichev	c. of the verer is great	Secondary containment systems must be sized to contain at least one-hundred and ten olume of the largest container, or ten percent (10%) of the aggregate volume of all container, in any containment area within a Fixed Facility.		
Activities	d. es to the	The owner or operator of any Fixed Facility shall report the presence of any Critical Materi responsible local, state, and federal agencies as specified by statutes, rules, and provisions	als Us of th (se is)
		Any spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, or leaching of any Critical Material ment system or the environment must be reported to Panhandle Health District 1 or the localisately upon discovery of the release.		
except v	where leg	Should conflict arise among the applications of local, state rules, and federal regulations results. Use Activities, the rule that provides the greatest degree of protection to the Aquifer shall gal preemption of regulatory authority by state or federal agencies may require application of protection.	prevai	il,

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rules.	g.	Each Fixed Facility is subject to biennial inspection to verify continued compliance with	these
	06.	Violation . Any owner or operator of a Fixed Facility shall be deemed to have violated this rule (le if:
		A Fixed Facility is operated or if Critical Materials Use Activities are conducted on an curing a Critical Materials Compliance Certificate or if changes are made to Critical Material xed Facility as set forth in Section 400.03.b. without reapplying for a CMCC for the Fixed Fac	s Use
		An owner or operator of a Fixed Facility submits knowingly false or incomplete reports the District or other responsible agencies or officials concerning the nature or quantity of C at a Fixed Facility governed by this rule.	
a Fixed	c. Facility a	An owner or operator fails to implement or maintain secondary containment of Critical Mater as necessitated by this rule.	ials at)
	d. tivities of ated by the	An owner or operator fails to comply with time and reporting standards for any Critical Materials to report any discharge of Critical Materials into the secondary containment spits rule.	
401 4	199.	(RESERVED)	
500. COUN	CONTA FY, IDAI	AMINANT MANAGEMENT IN THE BUNKER HILL SUPERFUND SITE, SHOSH HO.	IONE
to prom	01. ulgate rul	Legal Authority . The Idaho Legislature has given the Board of Health of the District the aut les governing contaminant management pursuant to Section 39-416, Idaho Code.	hority)
installat the mig health a minimiz communication	tion and nation of, and the enteresthe relationship.	Purpose . The purpose of these rules is to ensure that activities involving excavations, but instruction and renovation and grading within the Bunker Hill Superfund Site provide for an aintenance of Barriers and implementation of other Contaminant management standards to present particularly, human exposure to Contaminants within the Site as necessary to protect the particularly. It is imperative that redevelopment and future development proceed in a manner release of Contaminants into the air or water to minimize exposure to workers, Site residents at or ther, it is the purpose of these rules to complement existing land use authorities and permit provide a screening process to determine whether proposed activities are subject to these rules (or the eclude public which and the nitting
	03.	Definitions . The following terms are defined as follows:)
apply fo	a. or an ICP	Applicant. Any person, contractor, public utility, government or other entity that is required.	red to
control		Barrier. Any physical structure, material or mechanism which breaks the pathway be human receptors, including but not limited to walls, floors, ceilings, soil, asphalt, concrete, for each or covering which separates contaminants from contact with people or place.	ences,
	c.	Board. The Board of Health of the District.)
needs to work.	d. o set forth	B.O.P. Barrier Option Plan, which will be provided by an Applicant when required; such a the location and type of Barrier which the Applicant intends to construct as part of the period.	

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e. or insulation re	Building Renovation. Construction activity to be performed on any structure involving emoval or disturbance of soil in basements or crawl spaces.	any ceili (ng)
f. established in	Contaminants. Soil or other materials containing, or likely to contain, lead in excess of Section 510 of these rules.	of the leve	els)
g.	Director. The Director of the District.	()
h.	Disposal. The placement of Contaminants into an authorized permanent repository.	()
i.	District or PHD. The Idaho Public Health District No. 1 (also the Panhandle Health Dis	trict). ()
j. expose Contan	Excavation. Any digging, breaching or disruption of a soil or other protective Barrier ninants to the environment.	which m	ay)
k. by the Board fo	Hearing Officer. A lawyer, engineer or other professional trained in conducting hearings or purposes of conducting hearings authorized by these rules.	s, appoint (ed)
l.	ICP. The Institutional Controls Program for the Site.	()
m.	ICP Permit. The Contaminant management authorization for projects subject to these ru	iles.)
demolition of	Large Project. A project within the Site where one (1) cubic yard or more of soil is disturbed or removed. Large Projects also include, but are not limited to, new building coexisting buildings and construction of subdivisions and planned unit developments (PUD) necessary to serve them) and construction within and maintenance of rights-of-way.	onstructio	on,
o. for which an IO	Owner. Any person, partnership, or corporation having ownership, title, or dominion ov CP permit is sought.	er proper	rty)
p. for Small Proje	Record of Compliance. The record maintained by the District pursuant to Section 011 of ects.	f these rul (les)
q. December 10,	Site. The Area within the boundaries of the Bunker Hill Superfund Site Allocation 1993 attached as Appendix 1 to these rules.	Map dat	ed)
r. disturbed or in	Small Project. A project where less than one (1) cubic yard of soil containing Conterior work that is not Building Renovation.	aminants (is)
s. state of Idaho.	Working Day. Monday through Friday, but does not include any holiday recognized as	such by t	he)
managing Con the ICP). The	Statement of Intent . It is the intent of Idaho Public Health District No. 1 (the 'District Posternments, the state of Idaho, the United States Environmental Protection Agency and private taminants within the regulated area by way of an Institutional Controls Program (herein reseer ules establish standards for Barrier installation and maintenance, and other Coractices. These rules govern management of Contaminants by:	te parties ferred to	in as
a.	Requiring ICP permits and requiring barriers for certain construction and excavation act	tivities;)
b. otherwise distu	Licensing contractors, utilities, and government entities which may disrupt or install arb Contaminants;	Barriers,	or)
c.	Adopting performance standards;	()

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	d.	Inspecting for project compliance as required;	()
	e.	Regulating the movement and disposal of Contaminants;	()
contami	f. inants.	Making it unlawful to knowingly disrupt a barrier in a fashion likely to expose per	sons (to)
provide,	05., as neede	Additional Provisions by District. In conjunction with these Rules it is the intent of the Died:	strict (to)
	a.	Technical assistance and testing;	()
	b.	Health screening and intervention;	()
	c.	That there will be a readily available repository for Contaminants;	()
	d.	Clean soil to restore Barriers for Small Projects;	()
disposal	e. l of such	Disposal containers to assist in removing contaminated soil for Small Projects and transpoil;	ort a	nd)
	f.	Health and safety information and education to licensees and the public;	()
	g.	Plastic, gravel and use of vacuums for interior projects;	()
the Site;	h. ; and	A database tracking system to assist the public, lenders, and potential purchasers of property	with (nin)
	i.	Guidelines for managing Contaminants.	()
501 5	509.	(RESERVED)		
Bunker operatio	ules apply Hill Sup ons under	UNKER HILL SUPERFUND SITE; APPLICATION OF REGULATIONS. y to the Bunker Hill Superfund Site in Shoshone County, Idaho, more particularly as shown erfund Site Allocation Map identified as Appendix 1 to these rules. These rules do not a taken at the direction of, under the supervision of, and subject to inspection by, the United rotection Agency.	pply	to
	01.	Standards Adopted.	()
	a.	All Barriers now or hereinafter constructed within the Site shall be maintained and protected	d. ()
with any	b. y Large of	Except as otherwise provided in this section, Contaminant management is required in contaminant Project or Building Renovation involving the breaching or disturbance of a Barrie igration of Contaminants exceeding one thousand (1000) ppm lead.		
		No new PUD or subdivision may be occupied where the average concentration of Containundred fifty (350) ppm lead or a single lot exceeds one thousand (1000) ppm lead magement on any portion of the property that exceeds these levels.		

d. As necessary to protect public health and the environment, PHD may impose Contaminant management requirements, other than Barrier installations, on projects where soils exhibit lead concentrations in excess of three hundred fifty (350) ppm lead, particularly where a property has been remediated with either six (6) or twelve (12) inches of clean fill but Contaminants in the three hundred fifty to one thousand (350 - 1000) ppm lead range remain below the six (6) or twelve (12) inch depth and those Contaminants may be disturbed by a Large or

Section 510 Page 2220

Small P	roject.		()
environi	ment froi	No person may conduct, except in accordance with these rules, any activity within the Site or, may breach a Barrier, or disturbs the same, or otherwise results in a threat to public health on the migration of Contaminants through tracking on tires or vehicles, visible airborn port, disposal, remodeling, demolition, or run-on or run-off from stormwater or in any other results.	h or th e dus	e t,
	02.	Barriers; Construction and Maintenance.	()
Barriers	a. also may	Barriers are required as necessary to attain the standards described in Section 510. Ten be required to prevent the migration of Contaminants during construction activities.	nporar (y)
	b.	Types of acceptable Barriers for specific uses and activities are set forth in Appendices 3, 4,	and 5	
delineate tested un	or at the	All twelve (12) inch permanent permeable exterior Barriers required to be installed under to bils having lead levels in excess of one thousand (1000) ppm shall have an underlying twelve (12) inch depth. Visual delineators are not required if the soil underlying the Barriers and (1000) ppm lead. Permanent impermeable Barriers such as concrete and asphaltic colineators.	g visua rier ha	al ıs
frequent	d. tly used b	The minimum Barrier requirements for residential properties and other properties they children (zero (0) to twelve (12) years) and/or pregnant women are as follows:	hat ar (е)
after all lead. Re	work is opplacement	All soil which contains lead in excess of one thousand (1000) ppm and lies within twelve grade shall be removed, replaced, or covered as appropriate with clean earthen material succompleted, the soil remaining in the top twelve inches (12") has less than one thousand (100 at material must meet the requirements listed in Section 008.06. Acceptable soil removal and less properties are set forth in Appendix 6.	ch tha 0) ppr	t, n
Subsect	ii. ion 510.0	Any such property with unrestricted access to an adjacent property not meeting the requirem 2.a. shall restrict access to such adjacent property.	nents o	of)
to twelv	e. ye (12) ye	The minimum Barrier requirements for properties that are not frequently used by children (zars) and/or pregnant women are as follows:	zero (0 ()))
work is	complete	All soil which contains lead in excess of one thousand (1000) ppm and lies within six inches hall be removed, replaced, or covered as appropriate with clean earthen material such that, and, the soil remaining in the top six inches (6") has less than one thousand (1000) ppm lead, are rial meets the requirements listed in Section 510.02.f.	after a	11
	ii.	Acceptable soil removal and Barrier thicknesses for these properties are set forth in Append	ix 7.)
		No earthen materials containing, on average, more than one hundred (100) ppm of lead or a e (5) ppm of cadmium, with no individual sample containing more than one hundred fifty (15 utilized for a Barrier.	arsenio (0) ppr (շ, n)
appendi	g. x, the wo	Should any inconsistency exist between the wording of these rules and the wording rding in the rule supercedes the wording in the appendix.	in an	y)
	03.	ICP Permits.	()
	a.	ICP Permits are required for:	()
	i.	Large projects;	()

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ii.	Building renovations.	(
	A permit is required for a change in use of property which has Contaminants located the ires an additional or more substantial Barrier; constructing or establishing such additional d, unless waived by the District.	
c. entities eligible	A single annual permit covering a specific list of projects may be obtained from the D under Section 015 at the beginning of each year's construction season.	istrict by
OPERABLE U	CAMINANT MANAGEMENT RULES IN THE BUNKER HILL SUPERFUNI UNIT #3 INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS ADMINISTRATIVE AREA, SHOSHON COUNTIES, IDAHO.	
development, re Hill Superfund and implementa Contaminants as development an environment to environmental repermitting proce Rules. These Ru in Section 500 of	Purpose . The purpose of these Rules is to ensure that activities associated with excaval in infrastructure development and maintenance; building construction and renovation; as development and/or modification within the Institutional Controls Administrative Area of the Site Operable Unit #3 (OU-3) provide for the construction and maintenance of Contaminant ation of other Contaminant management requirements to preclude the release and might successary to protect the public health and the environment. It is imperative that current and construction activities proceed in a manner which minimizes the release of Contaminants minimize exposure to Area residents, communities, to workers involved in Area project work receptors. Further, it is the purpose of these Rules to complement existing land use regulate esses, and to provide a screening process to determine whether proposed activities are subject also will rely upon procedures and provisions applicable to the Institutional Controls Program of these rules. Differences identified in Sections 511 and 512 of these rules, is deemed applications of these rules. Differences identified in Sections 511 and 512 of these rules, is deemed applications.	and land e Bunkers Barriers ration of nd future is into the k, and to tions and t to these set forth
	Implementation Policy and Standards . Implementation policy and standards which pertand enforcement of these Rules or to the documentation of compliance with these Rules have the PHD and are available for inspection and/or copying at cost at the PHD office, 35 Wild 337.	ave beer
03.	Definitions . The following terms are defined as follows:	(
a. crops including	Agricultural Land. Land used for pasturing animals or for cultivation and production of agronservation reserve activities.	ricultura (
b. apply for an Ins	Applicant. Any person, contractor, public utility, government or other entity that is rectitutional Controls Program (ICP) Permit.	quired to
c. that provide rest	Access Restrictions. Physical barriers such as fences, barricades, curbs, barrier rocks, trend tricted access by vehicles, pedestrians, and animals to contaminated areas.	ches, etc
cement concrete	Barrier. Any physical structure, material or mechanism which acts to break the pathway nd human receptors, including but not limited to soil, crushed aggregate/gravel, asphalt and e, fences, access restrictions, or other structure or covering which separates Contamina ople or keeps Contaminants in place.	Portland
e.	Board. The Board of Health of the Idaho Public Health District No. 1.	(
f. forth the locatio	B.O.P. Barrier Option Plan, a plan which will be provided by an Applicant, when required, on and type of Barrier which the Applicant intends to construct as part of the permitted work.	that sets
g. disturbance of s	Building Construction. Construction activity to be performed for any new structure i oil in excess of one cubic yard.	nvolving (

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h. ceiling or insulat yard.	Building Renovation. Construction activity to be performed on any existing structure in tion removal, work in dirt crawl spaces or basements, or disturbance of soil in excess of on		
i.	CERCLA. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.	()
	Commercial Property. Retail, wholesale and secondhand businesses; public and common us; and undeveloped properties accessed by a maintained road or street and zoned for com of the date of promulgation of these Rules.	e area merc	as; ial)
i. municipal parks,	Type I. Commercial Property predominantly used by Sensitive Populations (e.g. daycare faplaygrounds, etc.)	cilitie (es,
ii.	Type II. All other Commercial Property.	()
k. or greater than or	Contaminants. Soil or other material containing, or likely to contain, concentrations of lead one thousand (1000) ppm or concentrations of arsenic equal to or greater than one hundred (1000).	equal 0) pp: (to m.
Coeur d'Alene R the Trail of the	Developed Recreation Area. Commercial and public recreation areas containing constitutions boat ramps, picnic areas, and campgrounds outside the city limits of incorporated communities giver corridor as defined in Subsection 511.04.s. of these rules. The Developed Recreation A Coeur d'Alenes includes all constructed trail surfaces, stop and views, oases (rest stop sive of all undeveloped areas within the trail right of way.	es in t Areas	he of
m.	Director. The Director of the Idaho Public Health District No. 1.	()
n.	Disposal. The placement of Contaminants into an authorized repository.	()
0.	Environmental Office. PHD office in Kellogg, ID.	()
	Excavation – Any digging, breaching or disruption of soil not including cultivation of Agrins or mining activities regulated under other state and federal programs which may release or the environment.		
q.	Health Officer. The Director or designee.	()
r. appointed by the	Hearing Officer. An attorney, engineer or other professional trained in conducting hearings authorized by these Rules.	earing (gs,
Coeur d'Alene R from the conflue Lake including a inside and outside exterior boundar OU-2 (Box) whice Coeur d'Alene	Institutional Controls Administrative Area. The Area designated by the Administrative Archich includes areas of mining, milling, and smelting related contamination in the South Fork River corridor from its headwaters to the confluence with the North Fork Coeur d'Alene River of the North and South Fork to the mouth of the River and its confluence with Coeur dijacent floodplains, tributaries, and fill areas. The Area also includes the Trail of the Coeur de the administrative boundary indicated on the map in Appendix 2 except that portion with the Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation. The Area does not include any area within Outh has a separate ICP, or any other area excluded under this rule. The Area also includes area River corridor, as defined above, outside the administrative boundary indicated on the ret testing has verified that Contaminants related to mining, milling, and smelting have comis required.	k of t ver a d'Ale 'Alen thin t J-1 a is in t map	he nd ne nes he nd he in
t. defined in Subse	ICP. The Institutional Controls Program for the Institutional Controls Administrative Action 511.05.s. of these rules.	Area (as)
u.	ICP Permit. The Contaminant management authorization for projects subject to these Rules	. ()

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		Infrastructure. Facilities such as trails, roads, streets, highways, bridges; storm water, water systems; flood prevention systems including dikes and levees; and utilities including earl gas systems.		
construc	ction, ren	Large Project. A project where one cubic yard or more of soil containing Contaminants is dege Projects include, but are not limited to, infrastructure construction and maintenance, bovation, and demolition, land development or any change in the use of land that may result on of Contaminants.	ouildii	ng
for whic	x. ch an ICP	Owner. Any person, partnership, or corporation having ownership, title, or dominion over permit is required.	oroper (ty)
	y.	PHD. The Idaho Public Health District No. 1 (also the Panhandle Health District).	()
	z.	PUD. Planned Unit Development.	()
for Sma	aa. ll Project	Record of Compliance. The record maintained by the PHD pursuant to Section 523 of the ts.	se rul (es)
injecting	bb. g, escapin	Release. Any excavation, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, disclang, dumping, or disposing of Contaminants into the environment.	nargin (ig,
undevelof prom	cc. oped pro ulgation	Residential Property. Property used by private individuals or families as a resident perties accessed by a maintained road or street and zoned for residential development as of of these Rules.		
	dd.	Sensitive Populations. Pregnant women and children up to twelve (12) years old.	()
disturbe	ee. d or inter	Small Project. A project where less than one (1) cubic yard of soil containing Contamirior work that is not Building Renovation.	nants (is)
former U	ff. Union Pa	Trail of the Coeur d'Alenes. All Developed Recreation Areas and undeveloped areas wi cific Railroad Mullan and Wallace Branch right of way.	thin tl	he)
of Idaho	gg.	Working day. Monday through Friday, excluding any legal holiday recognized as such by the	he Sta (ite)
Manage regulate construc liability	ment, US d Institute tion and for Cont	Statement of Intent. It is the intent of the PHD to work with local governments, the State of the Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Land Management Agencies (Bureau of SDA Forest Service), Coeur d'Alene Tribe, and private parties in managing Contaminants with the controls Administrative Area by way of an ICP. These Rules establish standards for maintenance, and other Contaminant management practices. These Rules do not address framinant management resulting from a failure of a CERCLA remedy due to a natural disaste magement of Contaminants by:	f Laı thin tl Barri inanci	nd he ier ial
	a.	Requiring ICP permits and requiring barriers for certain construction and excavation activit	ies;)
construc	b. et Barrier	Licensing contractors, utilities, and state and local government entities which may discrete, or otherwise disturb Contaminants;	srupt (or)
	c.	Adopting performance standards;	()
	d.	Inspecting for project compliance as required;	()
	e.	Regulating the movement and disposal of Contaminants;	()

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environ	f. ment to C	Making it unlawful to knowingly disrupt a barrier in a fashion likely to expose personation contaminants;	s or t	he)
	g.	Maintaining records of ICP activities.	()
provide	05., dependi	Additional Provisions by PHD. In conjunction with these Rules it is the intent of the ng on project size and complexity and at the discretion of PHD:	PHD (to)
	a.	Technical assistance and soil testing;	()
	b.	Health screening and intervention;	()
	c.	Readily available repositories for disposal of Contaminants;	()
	d.	Clean material to restore Barriers for Small Projects;	()
contami	e. inated soi	Disposal containers for Small Projects to assist in removal, transportation and dispil;	oosal (of)
	f.	Health and safety information and education to licensees and the public;	()
	g.	Sheet plastic, crushed aggregate and gravel, or other items as appropriate;	()
within t	h. he Institu	A database tracking system to assist the public, lenders, and prospective purchasers of pational Controls Administrative Area;	oropei (rty)
	i.	Guidelines for managing Contaminants.	()
These F directin and con and the conduct	Rules appl Rules do n g, superv trol of the Bureau o ting activ	CATION OF REGULATIONS; INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS ADMINISTRATIVE As the Institutional Controls Administrative Area as defined in Subsection 511.05.s. of the not apply to the direct operations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency in rising, and inspecting project work or on lands owned or otherwise under the jurisdiction, the Coeur d'Alene Tribe or the Federal Land Management Agencies such as the USDA Forest of Land Management. These Rules do not apply to the Union Pacific Railroad or its contractorities within the Trail of the Coeur d'Alenes pursuant to the requirements of the Consent 5, 2000 by the United States District Court for the District of Idaho (Case Nos. 91-0342 and 9).	se rule cludi custo Servi ors wh Degr	es. ng dy ice ien ree
	01.	Standards Adopted.	()
propertithe top excess of testing of project Subsect Properti remedia 512.02 prevent Idaho a	es tested eighteen of one tho of unteste may resu- tion 512. tes and 0 tion, but of these re- further re- and Unite	Except as otherwise provided in Section 512 of these rules, contaminant management is required thin the Institutional Controls Administrative Area including properties that have been remand scheduled for remediation; properties not yet tested; and properties testing below action I (18) inches where Large or Small Projects may disturb Contaminants below eighteen (18) in usuand (1000) ppm lead or one hundred (100) ppm arsenic. Contaminant management may addreas by the Applicant; testing of deep soils (below eighteen (18) inches) by the Applicant alt in deep excavations; and replacement and repair of remediation Barriers in accordan 02 of these rules; or other management activities. Contaminant Management on Res Commercial Properties existing as of the date of promulgation of these Rules and report to yet remediated will not require construction of final barriers in accordance with Sultanules, by the owner, but may require dust, erosion, health and safety and temporary cap comigration onto lands of others. Final barrier construction will be the responsibility of the ed States Environmental Protection Agency if needed. Applicant performed soil testing stent with sampling and analytic procedures developed by PHD.	ediate levels nches inclu where ice wisident equiri- bsecti- ntrols state	ed; in in ide e a ith ial ng on to
	b.	Developed Recreation Areas with surface soil containing lead concentrations greater tha	n sev	en

Section 512 Page 2225 hundred (700) ppm lead and one hundred (100) ppm arsenic shall be capped pursuant to Subsection 512.02.c. of these rules. Agricultural and undeveloped land within the Institutional Controls Administrative Area are exempt from these Rules unless excavation and grading activities such as soil transport off site or development by the owner or his/her agents on these lands is likely to result in the release or migration of Contaminants from these lands to adjacent non-agricultural or undeveloped areas. All Barriers existing or hereinafter constructed shall be maintained and protected to original construction specifications. No new PUD or subdivision containing concentrations of Contaminants exceeding one thousand (1000) ppm lead or one hundred (100) ppm arsenic shall be developed without Contaminant management. No person may conduct, except in accordance with these Rules, any activity within the Institutional Controls Administrative Area which breaches a Barrier, may breach a Barrier, or disturbs the same, or otherwise results in a threat to public health or the environment from the migration of Contaminants through tracking on tires or vehicles, visible airborne dust, excavation, transport, disposal, renovation, demolition, or run-on or run-off from stormwater or in any other manner on properties tested and requiring remediation and on properties not yet tested within the Institutional Controls Administrative Area 02. Barriers; Construction and Maintenance. The minimum Barrier construction requirements for Residential and Type I Commercial Properties a. are as follows: All soil which contains lead equal to or in excess of one thousand (1000) ppm or arsenic equal to or in excess of one hundred (100) ppm and lies within twelve (12) inches of the final grade shall be removed and replaced with replacement material meeting the requirements of Subsection 512.02.d. of these rules. Any such property with unrestricted access to an adjacent property not meeting the requirements of Subsection 512.01.a. of these rules, shall restrict access to such adjacent property. The minimum Barrier construction requirement for Type II Commercial Properties is a six (6) inch soil with vegetative cover barrier or six (6) inch crushed rock/gravel barrier or asphalt/Portland cement concrete cap. Excavation may be necessary for the installation of barriers to maintain grade or drainage requirements. The minimum Barrier construction requirement for Developed Recreation Areas is a six (6) inch soil with vegetative cover barrier or six (6) inch crushed rock/gravel barrier or asphalt/Portland cement concrete cap. Excavation may be necessary for the installation of barriers to maintain grade or drainage requirements. All twelve (12) inch deep Barriers of soil or crushed rock/gravel required pursuant to the ICP which overlay soils having concentrations of lead equal to or greater than one thousand (1000) ppm or arsenic concentrations equal to or greater than one hundred (100) ppm shall have an underlying visual delineator at the twelve (12) inch depth. Visual delineators are not required if the soil underlying the Barrier has tested under one thousand (1000) ppm lead and one hundred (100) ppm arsenic. Cap Barriers such as Portland cement and asphalt concrete do not require delineators. Soil and crushed aggregate/gravel imported for barrier material shall contain less than one hundred (100) ppm lead, thirty five (35) ppm arsenic and five (5) ppm cadmium based on average of backfill sampling results. No single sample of replacement materials may exceed one hundred fifty (150) ppm lead or forty five (45) ppm arsenic. f. Barriers needs to be maintained and repaired to original construction specifications.

Contaminated waste material generated in the construction, maintenance and repair of Barriers

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shall be disposed of in designated repositories or as directed by PHD.

	03.	ICP Permits.	()
	a.	Permits are required for Large Projects and Building Renovations.	()
new Bar	b. rrier or ad	A permit is required for a project which changes the use of a property containing Contamin Iditional or more substantial Barrier may be required unless waived by the PHD.	ants.	A)
entities (c. eligible u	A single annual permit covering a specific list of projects may be obtained from the P nder Section 531 of these rules, at the beginning of each year's construction season.	HD 1))
513 5	519.	(RESERVED)		
520.	PERMI	T APPLICATION AND ADMINISTRATION.		
Kellogg	01. office of	Application for ICP Permit . Application for an ICP Permit shall be made in writing the District on forms provided by the District.	at t	he)
an ICP I	02. Permit wi	Applicant Information . All Applicants shall provide the following information when apply the District:	ing f	or)
	a.	Name, address and telephone number of the Applicant and the property owner.	()
	b.	Location of the work and whether the work is being done on private or public property, or be	oth.)
contami permit p		Description of work. The description must include methods of handling or storing, and transparents. A site plan may be required by the District if one has not been provided pursuant	porting t to the	ng he)
	d.	Dates work will be started and completed.	()
	e.	Such other information as the District requires.	()
upon the	type and	Use of Discretion on Requirements by District. The District may, at its own discretion, in requirements or information, or require additional or alternative actions or information, dependent of the project and conditions encountered. In no instance may a waiver violate the interest Record of Decision for the relevant Operable Unit.	endi	ng
until a s	04. ite inspec	Site Inspection or Waiver When Permit Required. Work requiring a permit may not contain has been made or waived by the District and a permit has been issued.	nmen (ce)
such oth	05. er inspec	Other Inspections and Requirements. All permits granted pursuant to this Rule remain sultions and requirements prescribed by state or local governments.	bject (to)
way, the	06. appropri	Work Involving Public Right-of-Way. If the permit involves work within any public right agencies must be notified of the work by the entity receiving the permit.	ight-c	of-)

521. INSPECTION.

The Applicant shall notify the District by telephone when work is completed. Applicants shall call for inspection in accordance with the terms of the permit; forty-eight (48) hours notice (excluding weekends and holidays) to PHD needs to be provided. The inspector will note approval of the work in writing and enter same in the database tracking system, or note reasons for disapproval and steps which must be taken to complete the work. Upon completion of the work to the District's satisfaction, the District's final approval will be noted in the database tracking system. Such entry constitutes the Record of Compliance for such project. All work governed by these regulations is subject to inspection by the District or its designated agents and it is unlawful to obstruct or hinder any official, inspector or designated agent making an inspection. The District may obtain an inspection warrant if access to the property is

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refused. The District reserves the right to waive the inspection requirement.

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522. PERMIT REVOCATION OR STOP WORK ORDER.

Any Permit may be revoked or a Stop Work Order may be issued, without notice by the District, for non-compliance with or violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any requirement or limitation of the Permit. If a Permit is revoked, the District may take such steps as are necessary to eliminate any danger from contamination, including completion of work by the District. The Applicant, contractor and/or Owner may be required to pay all costs and expenses for abatement of any danger and/or completion of the project, including legal fees incurred by the District to obtain compliance. The District will endeavor to provide written notice, but reserves the right to act summarily to protect public health and the environment.

523. RECORD OF COMPLIANCE.

A Record of Compliance for Small Projects which documents compliance with the performance standards established by these rules will be entered into the database tracking system based upon an inspection requested of PHD by the property owner or tenant. The Record signifies the property owner or tenant was informed of and provided with applicable performance standards and guidelines and materially complied with the same.

524. -- **529.** (RESERVED)

530. CONTRACTOR LICENSING.

- **01. License Required.** Any contractor performing Large Projects, Building Renovation or transportation or disposal of Contaminants within the Site or the Institutional Controls Administrative Area which is likely to expose the contractor, workers or others to Contaminants, must be licensed by the District. There will be no charge for a contractor's license. It is unlawful for a contractor to work on a project requiring an ICP permit without a current contractor's license issued by PHD. A contractor's license will not be required of an owner working on his or her own property.
- **O2. Training.** In order to obtain a contractor's license from the District, the Contractor must have those supervisors involved in activities dealing with Contaminants participate in training approved by the District and pass an annual examination focusing on the reasons for, and methods of, controlling Contaminants. The purpose of the examination is to assure that all of the Contractor's employees are aware of and observe the procedures and standards that will protect themselves and the public from the Contaminants. The District will create and administer the test. The trained supervisor must pass information on to employees as is necessary to protect their health and safety and assure compliance with these rules. The District will provide training which owners and employees may participate in
- 93. Bonding. Any contractor whose license has been revoked by the District within the past three (3) years must, as a condition of reinstatement and maintaining the status of a licensed contractor, be bonded in the minimum amount of two-thousand dollars (\$2000). Said bond shall be at least five percent (5%) of the cost of any contract the contractor is engaged in whichever is greater, be in a form approved by the District, and must be suitable to insure payment for completion of Barrier work not completed by the Contractor. A cash deposit or other security acceptable to the District may be utilized in lieu of a bond. The District may establish a bonding program for all contractors, if deemed necessary to carry out these Rules.

04. Suspension or Revocation of License. (

- a. Upon a showing that a licensee has violated any provision of these Rules, or has violated any other health or building code within the boundaries of the Site or Institutional Controls Administrative Area, suspension or revocation of license may be imposed. Suspension may be made by any District health officer. Revocation may be made by the Director upon recommendation of the District health officer. Notification of suspension or revocation must be in writing. No suspension may be made for more than thirty (30) days without approval of the Director. Revocation of license may be made by the Director upon a showing of good cause.
- **b.** Appeal. Suspension or revocation may be appealed by the licensee to the Board in writing within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice of suspension or revocation. Appeal stays the suspension or revocation unless the Director makes a finding that such stay is likely to present a health risk to a person or persons.

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- c. Any decision by the Board pertaining to a suspension or revocation of a license may be made only after a licensee has been accorded an opportunity for hearing at which the licensee has a right to appear and be heard, to be represented by counsel, to testify, to present evidence, to call witnesses and to rebut any evidence presented. A transcribable recording of all such hearings will be made and retained for at least six (6) months. Such hearing may be conducted by a hearing officer designated by the Board or by the Board itself.
- **d.** If a license is revoked, the contractor may, upon payment of any cleanup or remediation costs related to past work, reapply for reinstatement of license after one (1) year, however, a contractor whose license has been revoked may not obtain a new license under a different corporate or partnership status until this provision is satisfied.

531. LICENSES FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES AND GOVERNMENT ENTITIES.

Upon a demonstration that supervisory employees of a public utility or government entity (city, county, special purpose district, or state of Idaho) have participated in an education program approved by, or provided by, the District, a utility company or government entity may receive an annual license which will allow their employees to perform excavation and grading operations without obtaining individual ICP permits. This license may be granted by the District and will require that the utility comply with performance standards and all other regulations contained herein or adopted by Resolution of the Board. All supervisory employees involved in and responsible for excavation and grading operations shall have participated in a District approved education program. The trained supervisor must pass information on to employees as is necessary to protect their health and safety and assure compliance with these rules. The District will provide training which owners and employees may participate in. Entities licensed under this section shall maintain a log of all excavations and grading operations on a form approved by the District. Such logs need to be forwarded to the District on a regular basis determined by the District. All licensees shall telephone the Shoshone or Kootenai County one-call locating service, as appropriate, prior to any excavation or grading operations. Licenses shall be renewed annually upon a showing that the utility or government entity has operated in compliance with this rule. This license may also be revoked as provided in Subsection 530.04.

532. -- 539. (RESERVED)

540. PERFORMANCE OF WORK.

- **01. Completion of Work**. All work done pursuant to an ICP Permit shall be completed in a neat and workmanlike manner and so scheduled as to cause the minimum interference with traffic or public use (if applicable) and a minimum dispersal of Contaminants.
- **02. Work Delayed by Applicant**. If the work is unduly delayed by the Applicant, and if the public interest reasonably so demands, the District has the authority, upon twenty-four (24) hours' written notice to the Applicant, to complete the work to the extent that the Barrier is restored and any hazardous material covered or removed. The actual cost of such work by the District (including legal fees), plus fifteen percent (15%) as an overhead charge, shall be charged to and paid by, the Applicant and/or the Owner.

541. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.

The Board will adopt, and from time to time amend, performance standards by Resolution; said standards to ensure that work is performed in a safe and responsible manner and specify how work will be completed. Said standards shall be applicable to, but not be limited to, the following: materials handling; dust control; erosion/runoff control; disposal; transportation; barrier construction; demolition; renovation; grading; and subdivision development. Performance standards so adopted will not amend any standard adopted within these rules, and these rules apply should any conflict arise between a rule and a performance standard.

542. APPROVAL OF ALTERNATIVE STANDARDS.

Any person aggrieved by the substantive requirements of these rules or the performance standards, may appeal these requirements by providing a written request for approval of an alternative standard. The appeal shall be accompanied by an engineering report indicating why the appealing party should be relieved of the requirement for compliance or why the requested alternate standard is appropriate. At the Applicant's expense, the District may consult with its own engineer to confirm the applicability of these rules to the proposed project. The District health officer may approve an alternate standard where such approval does not jeopardize the public welfare or existing Barriers. The decision of

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the District health officer will be in writing, stating the reasons therefor.

OWNER AND APPLICANT RESPONSIBILITY FOR CLAIMS AND LIABILITIES.

Both the Owner and the Applicant are responsible to ensure that all rules contained herein are complied with. Applicant is responsible for all claims and liabilities arising out of work performed by the Applicant under the ICP Permit or arising out of the Applicant's failure to perform obligations with respect to these regulations. Owner is responsible for all claims and liabilities for work done by the Owner with or without a permit and for work done at the direction of the owner without a permit. Owner remains responsible to complete the project or restore the premises to a safe condition to the satisfaction of the District should the Applicant fail to complete or restore it.

544. -- 899. (RESERVED)

900. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES, EXCEPTIONS, PENALTIES.

- Responsibility of Permit Applicant. It is the responsibility of any person applying for, or required to apply for, a permit by this Code, to show affirmatively, by all reasonable means, that his undertaking complies with this Code or with any related rules, statutes, or ordinances.
- Permit Revocation. Any permit or permission, actual or implied, granted by the Health Officer or his predecessors may be revoked, for cause, by written notice sent to the permit holder or his agent. Any person, association, or corporation who continues to act under such permit or permission actual or implied, more than ten days after the sending or delivery of notice of revocation is presumed to be in violation of this code and subject to the penalties provided herein.
- Variance Standards. A variance may be granted only upon an affirmative showing by an applicant that a unique and undue hardship is caused by a physical characteristic of a site that is not of the applicant's making and that approval of the variance would not be contrary to the public interest or to the purposes of the Code. (

04. Variance Procedures.

- An applicant for a variance shall obtain a Variance Application Form from Panhandle Health District 1 and, after completing the application form, return it to the Environmental Office. The Variance Application shall require the applicant to provide, in addition to information required by the application form itself, the following:
- An accurate site plan showing development of the site in question, present and proposed, depicting all features relevant to the variance request. The Director, or his designee, shall identify information necessary to proper processing of the request if information other than that normally required needs to be supplied. The applicant shall describe the current and proposed use of the site in question.
- A narrative statement addressing the efforts, including consideration of design alternatives, which the applicant has undertaken to comply with the rule from which a variance is sought.
- A narrative statement explaining the nature of the hardship, if any, imposed by literal compliance with the rule in question.
- A narrative statement explaining the effects of the requested variance on the interests of adjoining landowners and/or of the public at large.
- A narrative statement detailing what use could be made of the site in question if the requested variance were not granted.
- The completed Variance Application shall be returned to the Environmental Office accompanied by an initial filing fee as established by the Board. The completed application shall be submitted to the Panhandle Health District 1 Hearing Officer who will determine whether, on its face, it sets forth a colorable claim for a variance from the Code. If the Hearing Officer determines that the application does not set forth a colorable claim for variance, he

Section 543 Page 2230 will return the application to the applicant with a written explanation of the action taken. Said initial determination and the accompanying explanation will be forwarded to the Board which will act upon the Hearing Officer's initial determination by affirming it or remanding it to the Hearing Officer for further proceedings.

- c. If the Hearing Officer determines that the application presents a colorable claim for a variance, he shall return the application to the Environmental Office with instructions to prepare a notice of public hearing concerning the requested variance. The applicant shall pay an additional processing fee if the Hearing Officer makes such a finding. Said fee may be adjusted as with all other Panhandle Health District 1 fees in accordance with a sliding scale coordinated with Federal poverty standards.
- d. The Environmental Office staff will notify the applicant that his application has passed the initial screening and that the names and mailing addresses, on self-adhesive labels, of all owners of land located within three hundred (300) feet of the external boundaries of the site in question must be provided. Said names will be provided or checked by a land title company or other business whose commercial purpose it is to provide such information. The applicant is solely responsible for the accuracy of such information.
- e. Using the mailing list provided by the applicant, notice of public hearing will be sent by first class mail and posted on the site in question in a conspicuous manner. The Environmental Office will maintain records verifying completion of the notification process. Mailing and posting shall be accomplished at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of the hearing established by the Hearing Officer.
- f. Upon the appointed date, the Hearing Officer shall conduct a public hearing concerning the variance request. The applicant, Panhandle Health District 1 staff, interested members of the public, and public agency representatives will be allowed to participate in such hearing. The Hearing Officer may establish time limits or other rules of procedure to expedite hearing of the request. The Hearing Officer shall establish a record of the hearing and see that a tape recording is made of the proceedings. Exhibits shall be identified in the record in order that they may be associated with the taped record of the hearing.
- g. Upon completion of the hearing and compilation of the record in each application, the Hearing officer shall prepare a recommended decision which is transmitted to the Board for final action. The Hearing Officer may recommend that the application be approved, be approved with conditions, or that the application be disapproved. His recommendation shall set forth facts found relevant to the decision, legal principles applicable to the recommended ruling, and conclusions drawn from the hearing process.
- h. At its next regular meeting, or as soon as the application can be placed upon its agenda, the Board will consider the record compiled and the Hearing Officer's recommendation and decide the request without further hearing by the Board. The Board may accept the recommendation of the Hearing Officer, may reverse the recommendation, or may modify the recommended decision for reasons to be found in the record. If the Board modifies or reverses the Hearing Officer's recommendation it shall set forth its reasons for doing so in writing with reference to parts of the compiled record or conclusions drawn therefrom. The Board may also elect to remand the request to the Hearing Officer for clarification or for further hearings to obtain information the Board deems essential. Confirmation of the Hearing Officer's recommendation may be accomplished by Board action adopting the Hearing Officer's decision as its own. Appeals from Board action may be taken in accord with provisions of Section 39-418, Idaho Code.

901. (RESERVED)

902. VIOLATION AND ENFORCEMENT.

Violation of any provision of these rules is subject to the following enforcement procedures:

- **01. Violation of Rules**. Any person, association, or corporation, or the officers thereof, violating any of the provisions of these rules is deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars (\$300), or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- **02. Liability of Violator.** In addition to fine and imprisonment, any person, association, or corporation, or the officers thereof found to be in violation of these rules is liable, by civil action or restitution, for any expense

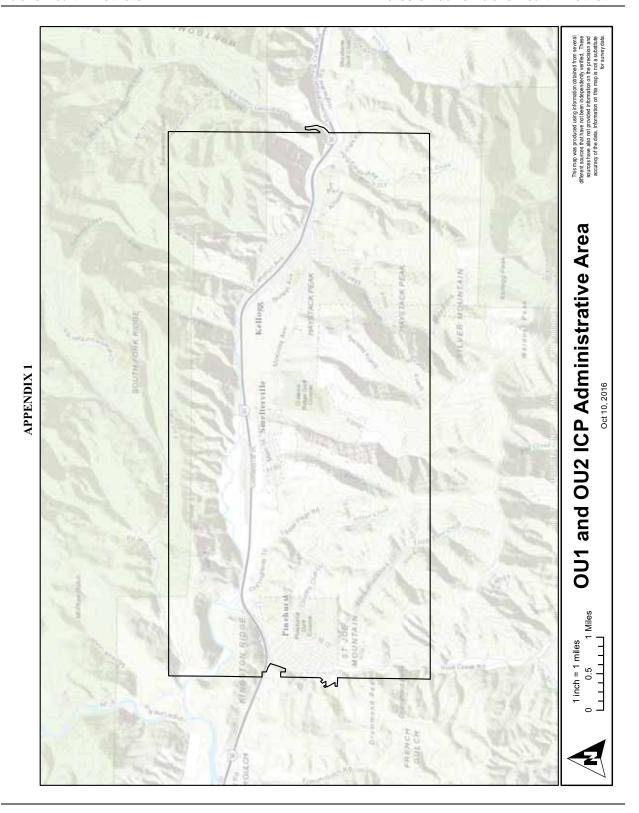
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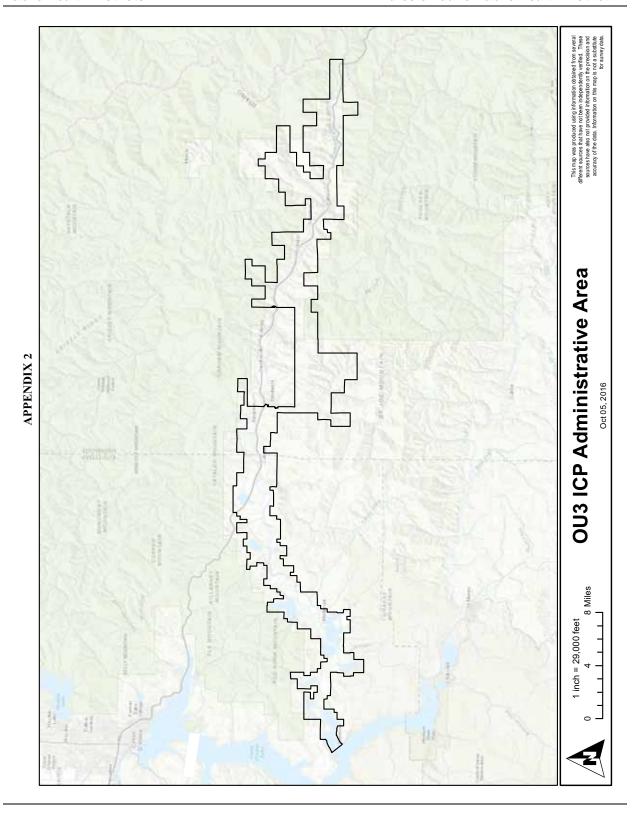
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incurred by the District in enforcing this act, or in removing or terminating any nuisance or health hazard. ()

- **03. Other Action**. Any person, association, or corporation, or the officers thereof is additionally subject to civil court action, including an injunction or restraining order, and to such penalties, costs, or fees as may be necessary to compel compliance.
- **04.** Successive Days in Violation. Each successive day in violation shall be considered a separate offense and be subject to individual penalties for each separate offense.

903. -- 999. (RESERVED)





APPENDIX 3

APPLICABILITY OF BARRIER TYPES TO SITE USE ACTIVITIES: RESIDENTIAL

	Open Areas	Vacant Lots	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	
	e Areas	Public Outdoor Play Equipment		×	×	×		×			×	×	×	×	
	Active Public Use Areas	Accessible to Children	×	×	×	×		×			×		×	×	
	Act	Walk- ways	×	×		×	×				×	×	×	×	
	volume.	Drive- ways						×					×	×	
	iicle weight by	Out- door Storage		×		×	×	×			×	×	×	×	
TTIES	Vehicular Areas* Commercial classification of vehicular areas is subject to vehicle weight by volume.	Alleys & Road Shoulders									×	×	×	×	
SITE USE ACTIVITIES	Vehicula of vehicular ar	Roads									×	×	×	×	
ILE USI	ıl classification	Streets											×	×	
S	Commercia	Parking/ Loading Areas											×	×	
	aping	Lawn Areas	×	×	×		×								
	Landscaping	Flower/ Shrub Bed	×	×	×	×									х
	ling print	Sealed with Crawl Space					×	×	×	×				×	
	Building Footprint	Exposed	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	
		Barrier Type	12" Soil Cap	24" Soil Cap	12" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	24" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	6" Compacted Gravel with Restricted Access	12" Compacted Gravel	6" Clay Cap with Restricted Access	Synthetic Membranes, Tyvek & Plastic	Chip Seal on 12" Compacted Gravel Base	Lignosite Spray on 12"Compacted Gravel Base	Asphaltic Concrete	Concrete	12" Sand Cap

APPENDIX 4

APPLICABILITY OF BARRIER TYPES TO SITE USE ACTIVITIES: COMMERCIAL

	in as	Lots													
	Open Areas	Vacant Lots	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	
	se Areas	Public Outdoor Play Equipment	×	×	×	×		×			×	×	×	×	
	Active Public Use Areas	Accessible to Children	×	×	×	×		×			×		×	×	
	Act	Walk- ways						×			×		×	×	
	volume.	Out- door Storage						×			×	×	×	×	
	hicle weight by	Drive- ways						×					×	×	
/ITIES	Vehicular Areas* Commercial classification of vehicular areas is subject to vehicle weight by volume.	Alleys & Road Shoulders											×	×	
E ACTIV	Vehicula of vehicular ar	Rural Roads						×			×	×	×	×	
SITE USE ACTIVITIES	ıl classification	Streets											×	×	
\mathbf{s}	Commercia	Parking/ Loading Areas											×	×	
	Landscaping	Lawn Areas	×	×	×	×									
	Lands	Flower/ Shrub Bed	×	×	×	×									×
	ling orint	Sealed with Crawl Space					×	×		×				×	
	Building Footprint	Exposed	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	
		Barrier Type	12" Soil Cap	24" Soil Cap	12" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	24" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	6" Compacted Gravel with Restricted Access	12" Compacted Gravel	6" Clay Cap with Restricted Access	Synthetic Membranes, Tyvek & Plastic	Chip Seal on 12" Compacted Gravel Base	Lignosite Spray on 12"Compacted Gravel Base	Asphaltic Concrete	Concrete	12" Sand Cap

APPENDIX 5

APPLICABILITY OF BARRIER TYPES TO SITE USE ACTIVITIES: INDUSTRIAL

					S	SITE USE ACTIVITIES	EACTIV	TTIES						
	Building Footprint	ding	Landscaping	aping	Commercia	ıl classification	Vehiculs of vehicular are	Vehicular Areas* Commercial classification of vehicular areas is subject to vehick weight by volume.	hicle weight by	volume.	Acı	Active Public Use Areas	e Areas	Open Areas
Ваггіег Туре	Exposed	Sealed with Crawl Space	Flower/ Shrub Bed	Lawn Areas	Parking/ Loading Areas	Streets	Rural Roads	Alleys & Road Shoulders	Drive- ways	Out- door Storage	Walk- ways	Accessible to Children	Public Outdoor Play Equipment	Vacant Lots
12" Soil Cap	×		×	×								×	×	×
24" Soil Cap	×		×	×								×	×	×
12" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	×		×	×								×	×	×
24" Soil Cap with Sod & Grass	×		×	×								×	×	×
6" Compacted Gravel with Restricted Access	×	×												×
12" Compacted Gravel	×	×					×		×	×	×	×	×	×
6" Clay Cap with Restricted Access	×													×
Synthetic Membranes, Tyvek & Plastic		×												
Chip Seal on 12" Compacted Gravel Base	×						×			×	×	×	×	×
Lignosite Spray on 12"Compacted Gravel Base	×						×			×			×	×
Asphaltic Concrete	×				×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Concrete	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
12" Sand Cap			×											

		APPENDIX 6		
If the soil interval tests out equal to or greater than 1,000 ppm lead		The soil interval tests out less than 1,000 ppm lead		The minimum soil removal and replacement depth is
0 - 1"		1 - 6", 6 - 12"		6"
1- 6"		0 - 1", 6 -12"		6"
6 - 12"		0 - 1", 1 - 6"		12"
12 - 18"	AND	0 - 1", 1 - 6", 6 - 12"	THEN	No Action
0 - 1", 1 - 6"		6 - 12"		6"
0 - 1", 6 - 12"		1 - 6"		12"
1 - 6", 6 - 12"		0 - 1"		12"
None		0 - 1", 1 - 6", 6 - 12"		No Action

		APPENDIX 7		
If the soil interval tests out equal to or greater than 1,000 ppm lead		The soil interval tests out less than 1,000 ppm lead		The minimum soil removal and replacement depth is
0 - 1"		1 - 6"		6"
1- 6"	AND	0 - 1"	THEN	6"
6 - 12		0 - 1", 1 - 6"		No Action
None		0 - 1", 1 - 6"		No Action