Dear Senators PATRICK, Souza, Ward-Engelking, and Representatives DIXON, Furniss, Berch:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Insurance:

- IDAPA 18.07.03 Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select Mortality Factors (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0703-2201);
- IDAPA 18.07.08 Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0708-2201);
- IDAPA 18.07.09 Life and Health Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0709-2201).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 09/06/2022. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 10/03/2022.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



## Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Serving Idaho's Citizen Legislature

#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Commerce & Human Resources Committee and the

House Business Committee

**FROM:** Principal Legislative Drafting Attorney - Elizabeth Bowen

**DATE:** August 18, 2022

**SUBJECT:** Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.07.03 - Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select Mortality Factors (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0703-2201)

IDAPA 18.07.08 - Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0708-2201)

IDAPA 18.07.09 - Life and Health Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule (ZBR Chapter Rewrite) -Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0709-2201)

#### **Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule**

These proposed rules are all chapter rewrites that clarify language and remove duplicative language.

#### **Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact**

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted for all three rules. None of the rules is anticipated to have a negative fiscal impact on the state general fund.

#### **Statutory Authority**

The proposed rules appear to be authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code.

cc: Department of Insurance Weston Trexler

#### \*\*\* PLEASE NOTE \*\*\*

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

Paul Headlee, Deputy Director Kristin Ford, Manager Legislative Services Office

Keith Bybee, Manager April Renfro, Manager Research & Legislation Budget & Policy Analysis

**Legislative Audits** 

Glenn Harris, Manager **Information Technology** 

Statehouse, P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0054

Tel: 208-334-2475 legislature.idaho.gov

#### **IDAPA 18 - DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE**

## 18.07.03 – VALUATION OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES INCLUDING THE USE OF SELECT MORTALITY FACTORS

## DOCKET NO. 18-0703-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

Tuesday, July 26, 2022 2:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. (MT)

In-person participation is available at:
Department of Insurance
700 W State St, 3rd Floor
Conference Room A
Boise, Idaho 83702

Phone or virtual participation via Webex is available at:
Join WebEx Meeting

Meeting Number (Access Code): 2451 825 4219 Meeting Password: fN4m3AqFSr3

Join by phone at: 1-720-650-7664

The hearing sites will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The purpose of this rule is to provide: tables of select mortality factors and rules for their use; and minimum standard rules for valuations of plans with nonlevel premiums or benefits and for valuation of plans with secondary guarantees. This rulemaking clarifies language and removes duplicative language.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking: None.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-04, pages 37-38, under Docket No. 18-ZBRR-2201.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Insurance companies must calculate the value of the benefits they sell under specific conditions, in order to regulate their solvency. The incorporation of the tables is necessary to set those solvency standards and for Idaho to retain its accreditation.

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ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Weston Trexler, (208) 334-4214, weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 27, 2022.

DATED this June 3, 2022.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID, 83720-0043

Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

## THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0703-2201 (Zero Based Regulation (ZBR) Chapter Rewrite)

## 18.07.03 – VALUATION OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES INCLUDING THE USE OF SELECT MORTALITY FACTORS

<b>000.</b> Title 41,		AUTHORITY. s 2 and 6, Sections 41-211 and 612, Idaho Code.	(	)
001.	SCOPE	•		
	01.	<b>Scope</b> . Provides Tables of select mortality factors and minimum standards for plan val	luations w (	vith:
	a.	Nonlevel premiums or benefits; or	(	)
	b.	Secondary guarantees.	(	)
commis	<b>02.</b> sioners' r	<b>Method</b> . The method for calculating basic reserves defined herein will correserve valuation method for applicable policies.	onstitute (	the
values, i	03.	<b>Applicability</b> . This chapter applies to all life insurance policies, with or without or after March 30, 2001, subject to these exceptions and conditions.	nonforfei (	ture
	a.	Exceptions. This chapter does not apply to:	(	)
amount,	issued b	An individual life insurance policy issued on or after March 30, 2001, if the policy is the exercise of a reentry provision in the original life insurance policy of the same or perfore March 30, 2001, that guarantees the new policy's premium rates. This chapter a licies issued because of the exercise of such a provision, or a derivation of the provision	r greater f also does	face not

	ii.	A universal life policy that meets all the following requirements:	(	)
	(1)	Secondary guarantee period, if any, is five (5) years or less;	(	)
the seco		Specified premium for the secondary guarantee period is at least the net level reserve premarantee period based on the CSO valuation tables, as defined, and the applicable valuation		
specifie	(3) d premiu	The initial surrender charge is at least one hundred percent (100%) of the first year ann for the secondary guarantee period.	ualize (	b: (
varies a	iii. ccording	A variable life insurance policy that provides for life insurance, the amount or duration of to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts.	f whic	:h )
which v	iv. aries acco	A variable universal life insurance policy that provides for life insurance, the amount or durance of the investment experience of any separate account or accounts.	ation (	of )
maximu	v. m gross p	A group life insurance certificate unless the certificate provides for a stated or implied sche premiums needed to continue coverage in force for a period beyond one (1) year.	dule (	of )
	b.	Conditions:	(	)
guarante	i. eed nonle	The minimum valuation standard for policies with guaranteed nonlevel gross premitivel benefits (other than universal life policies), or both, will be calculated per Section 012.	ums (	or )
		The minimum valuation standard for flexible premium and fixed premium universal life insontain provisions resulting in the ability of a policyholder to keep a policy in force over a sec will be calculated per Section 013.		
October	les of sel 2009 an	PORATION BY REFERENCE. ect mortality factors are incorporated by reference the Appendix to NAIC Model 830, pud available on the Department's website, and are the bases to which the respective percen 1.b., 011.02.b., and 011.02.c. are applied.		
003 (	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
	01.	Basic Reserves. Reserves calculated per Section 41-612(5), Idaho Code.	(	)
segment calculat	t (from point ions are n	Contract Segmentation Method. Method of dividing the period from issue to man olicy into successive segments, where each segment's length is the period from the end of the olicy inception, for the first segment) to the end of the latest policy year as determined believed using the 1980 CSO Valuation Tables, and, if elected, the optional minimum mortality streams serves set forth in Subsection 011.02.	ne prio ow. A	or Il
	03.	<b>Deficiency Reserves</b> . Excess, if greater than zero (0), of	(	)
	a.	Minimum reserves calculated per Section 41-612(10), Idaho Code, over	(	)
	b.	Basic reserves.	(	)
determin	<b>04.</b> ned at iss	Guaranteed Gross Premiums. Life insurance policy premiums that are guarantee ue.	ed ar	ıd )
	05.	Maximum Valuation Interest Rates. Interest rates defined in Section 41-612(4b), Idaho	o Coo	le

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(Computation of Minimum Standard by Calendar Year of Issue), used to determine the minimum standard for valuating life insurance policies. 1980 CSO Valuation Tables. Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table (1980 CSO Table) without "ten year select factors," and variations of the 1980 CSO Table approved by the NAIC, such as the smoker and nonsmoker versions approved in December 1983. Scheduled Gross Premium. Smallest illustrated gross premium at issue for other than universal life insurance policies. For universal life insurance policies, scheduled gross premium means the smallest specified premium described in Paragraph 013.01.c., if any, or else the minimum premium described in Paragraph 013.01.d. 08. Segmented Reserves. ) Reserves calculated using segments produced by the contract segmentation method, equal to the present value of all future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future net premiums to the policy's mandatory expiration, where the net premiums in each segment are a uniform percentage of the respective guaranteed gross premiums within the segment. The uniform percentage for each segment is such that, at the start of the segment, the present value of the net premiums within the segment equals: The present value of the death benefits within the segment, plus i. The present value of any unusual, guaranteed cash value (see Subsection 012.04) occurring at the end of the segment, less iii. Any unusual guaranteed cash value occurring at the start of the segment, plus iv. For the first segment only, the excess of the Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows: A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits provided for in the first segment after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one (1) per year payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary within the first segment on which a premium falls due. But the net level annual premium will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole life plan of insurance of the same renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (1) year higher than the age at issue of the policy. A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year. (2) b. Each segment's length is determined by the "contract segmentation method." The interest rates in a policy's present value calculations cannot exceed the maximum valuation interest rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the sum of the lengths of the policy's segments. For both basic reserves and deficiency reserves computed by the contract segmentation method, present values will include future benefits and net premiums in the current segment and in all subsequent segments. **Tabular Cost of Insurance.** The net single premium at the start of a policy year for one (1) year term insurance in the amount of the guaranteed death benefit in that policy year. 10. Ten Year Select Factors. The factors adopted with the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law. Unitary Reserves. 11. The present value of all future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future modified net a.

premiums, where:

i. policy; and	Guaranteed benefits and modified net premiums are considered to the mandatory expiration o	f the
where the uniforn	Modified net premiums are a uniform percentage of the respective guaranteed gross premi in percentage is such that, at issue, the present value of the net premiums equals the present value and pure endowments, plus the excess of Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows:	
for after the first payable on the fir annual premium v	A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits provided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one (1) per ret and each subsequent anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due. But the net will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole life plasame renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (1) year higher than the age at issue of	year level an of
(2)	A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year.	)
	The interest rates used in the present value calculations for any policy will not exceed ion interest rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the length from issue to tion of the policy.	
	Universal Life Insurance Policy. Any individual life insurance policy for which separate credits (other than in connection with dividend accumulations, premium deposit funds, or excounts) and mortality or expense charges are made to the policy.	
011. GENER DEFICIENCY F	RAL CALCULATION REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC RESERVES AND PREMIRESERVES.	IUM
insurance, the min	<b>Basic Reserves</b> . At the company's election for any one (1) or more specified plans of nimum mortality standard for basic reserves may be calculated using the 1980 CSO valuation to lity factors. If select mortality factors are elected, they may be:	
a.	The "ten year select factors"; (	)
b.	The select mortality factors in the tables referenced in Section 002.	)
greater than zero reserve for the po- are less than the insurance, the qu	<b>Deficiency Reserves.</b> Deficiency reserves, if any, are calculated for each policy as the excess (0), of the quantity A over the basic reserve. The quantity A is obtained by recalculating the licy using guaranteed gross premiums instead of net premiums when the guaranteed gross premiums corresponding net premiums. At the company's election, for any one or more specified plantantity A and the corresponding net premiums used to determine quantity A may be based on tables with select mortality factors. If select mortality factors are elected, they may be one (1)	basic iums ns of n the
a.	The "ten year select factors"; (	)
b.	The select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 002;	)
c. referenced in Sec	For durations in the first segment, X percent of the select mortality factors in the table tion 002, subject to:	es as
i. factor expected to	X may vary by policy year, policy form, underwriting classification, issue age, or any other polaffect mortality experience;	olicy )
ii. equals Item two (	X is such that, when using the valuation interest rate used for basic reserves, Item one (1) at 2);	least

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from the applica	The actuarial present value of future death benefits, calculated using the mortality rates retion of X;	esulti (	ng )
(2) experience with	The actuarial present value of future death benefits calculated using anticipated mout recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date;	ortali (	ity )
	X is such that the mortality rates resulting from the application of X are at least as great ality experience, without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, in years after the valuation date;		
iv. meet all the requ	The appointed actuary will increase X at any valuation date where it is necessary to contirements of Paragraph 011.02.c.;	inue (	to )
v. of Paragraph 011	The appointed actuary may decrease $X$ at any valuation date if $X$ continues to meet all require 1.02.c.; and	remer (	nts )
vi. lapsation of any	The appointed actuary will specifically consider the adverse effect on expected mortal anticipated or actual increase in gross premiums.	ity a	nd )
vii. requirements are	If X is less than one hundred percent (100%) at any duration for any policy, the follower to be met:	llowi (	ng )
(1) company in conf	The appointed actuary will annually prepare an actuarial opinion and memorandum formance with the requirements of IDAPA 18.07.09, Section 022;	for t	he )
	The appointed actuary will disclose, in the Regulatory Asset Adequacy Issues Summary, the ncy of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment of stone (1) or more interim periods; and		
supported by an Standards Board	The appointed actuary will annually opine, for all policies subject to this chapter, on whet resulting from applying X meet the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c. This opinion actuarial report, subject to appropriate Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Ad of the American Academy of Actuaries. The X factors will reflect anticipated future motion of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, taking into account relevant en	will ctuar ortali	be ial ty,
	<b>Applicability</b> . Subsection 011.03 applies to both basic reserves and deficiency reserves. An factors may be used only for the first segment. But if the first segment is less than ten (10) ye year select factors" may be used thereafter through the tenth policy year from the date of issues.	ars, t	
fee is a level dol	<b>Gross Premiums</b> . In determining basic reserves or deficiency reserves, guaranteed gross precess may be used where the calculation involves the guaranteed gross premium but only if the lar amount after the first policy year. In determining deficiency reserves, policy fees may be in oss premiums, even if excluded from the actual calculation of basic reserves.	poli	су
	<b>Changes in Guarantees</b> . Reserves for policies that have changes to guaranteed gross prefits, guaranteed charges, or guaranteed credits that are unilaterally made by the insurer after is for more than one (1) year after the date of the change will be the greatest of the following:	sue a	
a.	Reserves calculated ignoring the guarantee;	(	)
b.	Reserves assuming the guarantee was made at issue; and	(	)
c.	Reserves assuming that the policy was issued on the date of the guarantee.	(	)
06.	Reserve Adequacy. The Director may require that the company document the extent	of t	he

adequacy of reserves for specified blocks, including but not limited to policies issued prior to the effective date of this chapter. This documentation may include a demonstration of the extent to which aggregation with other non-specified blocks of business is relied on in forming the appointed actuary opinion pursuant to and consistent with the requirements of the Actuarial and Memorandum Rule, IDAPA 18.07.09, Section 022.

# 012. CALCULATING MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARD FOR POLICIES WITH GUARANTEED NONLEVEL GROSS PREMIUMS OR GUARANTEED NONLEVEL BENEFITS (BESIDES UNIVERSAL LIFE POLICIES).

- **01. Basic Reserves**. Basic reserves are calculated as the greater of the segmented reserves and the unitary reserves. Both the segmented reserves and the unitary reserves for any policy will use the same valuation mortality table and selection factors. An insurer may make either of these adjustments when calculating segmented reserves and net premiums:
- a. Treat the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the end of each segment as a pure endowment and subtract the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the start of each segment from the present value of guaranteed life insurance and endowment benefits for each segment; or
- **b.** Treat the guaranteed cash surrender value, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the end of each segment as a pure endowment; and subtract the guaranteed cash surrender value, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the start of each segment from the present value of guaranteed life insurance and endowment benefits for each segment.

02. Deficiency Reserves.	
--------------------------	--

- **a.** The deficiency reserve at any duration will be calculated:
- i. On a unitary basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is unitary;
- ii. On a segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is segmented; or
- iii. On the segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is equal to both the segmented reserve and the unitary reserve.
- **b.** Subsection 012.02 applies to any policy for which the guaranteed gross premium at any duration is less than the corresponding modified net premium calculated by the method used in determining the basic reserves, but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality (specified in Subsection 011.02 and rate of interest). ( )
- **c.** Deficiency reserves, if any, are calculated for each policy as the excess if more than zero (0), for the current and all remaining periods, of the quantity A over the basic reserve, where A is obtained as indicated in Subsection 011.02.
- **d.** For deficiency reserves determined on a segmented basis, the quantity A is determined using segment lengths equal to those determined for segmented basic reserves.
- Minimum Value. Basic reserves will at least equal the tabular cost of insurance for the balance of the policy year, if mean reserves are used. Basic reserves will at least equal the tabular cost of insurance for the balance of the current modal period or to the paid-to-date, if later, but not beyond the next policy anniversary, if midterminal reserves are used. The tabular cost of insurance will use the same valuation mortality table and interest rates as that used to calculate the segmented reserves. But if select mortality factors are used, they will be the "ten year select factors". Total reserves (including basic reserves, deficiency reserves and any reserves held for supplemental benefits that would expire at contract termination) never may be less than the amount that the policyowner would receive (including the cash surrender value of the supplemental benefits, if any, referred to above), exclusive of any deduction for policy loans, when the policy terminates.

04.	Unusual Pattern of Guaranteed Cash Surrender Values.	(	)
unusual guarante term insurance pl	For any policy with an unusual pattern of guaranteed cash surrender values, the reserve nusual guaranteed cash surrender value will at least equal the reserves calculated by treating ted cash surrender value as a pure endowment and treating the policy as an n year policy prous a pure endowment equal to the unusual cash surrender value, where n is the number of year to the date the unusual cash surrender value is scheduled.	he fir	st ig
unusual guarante	The reserves held after any unusual guaranteed cash surrender value will at least equal the relating the policy as an n year policy providing term insurance plus a pure endowment equal to the ed cash surrender value, and treating any unusual guaranteed cash surrender value at the end a net single premium, where:	he nex	хt
i. the valuation date	n is the number of years from the date of the last unusual guaranteed cash surrender value e to the earlier of:	befor	re )
(1) valuation date; or	The date of the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, that is scheduled at	fter th	ie )
(2)	The mandatory expiration date of the policy; and	(	)
ii. ratio and the resp	The net premium for a given year during the $n$ year period equals the product of the net to ective gross premium; and	o gros (	ss )
iii.	The net to gross ratio equals Item One (1) divided by Item Two (2) as follows:	(	)
	The present value, at the start of the $n$ year period, of death benefits payable during the resent value, at the start of the $n$ year period, of the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, scheduled at the start of the	alue,	if
(2) the $n$ year period.	The present value, at the start of the $n$ year period, of the scheduled gross premiums payable	durin (	ıg )
c. future guaranteed sum of:	For Subsection 012.04, a policy has an unusual pattern of guaranteed cash surrender values of cash surrender value exceeds the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the surrender value by more than the surrender value of the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the surrender value of the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the surrender value of the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender year's guaranteed year's guarante		
i.	One hundred ten percent (110%) of the scheduled gross premium for that year;	(	)
	One hundred ten percent (110%) of one (1) year's accrued interest on the sum of the prior surrender value and the scheduled gross premium using the nonforfeiture interest rate us guaranteed cash surrender values; and		
iii.	Five percent (5%) of the first policy year surrender charge, if any.	(	)
<b>05.</b> use this approach	<b>Optional Exemption for Yearly Renewable Term (YRT) Reinsurance</b> . A company may for reserves on YRT reinsurance:	opt t	to )
a. that future year;	Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of insura	nce fo	or )
<b>b.</b> in Subsection 012	Basic reserves will at least equal the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate period, as 62.03;	define (	:d )
C.	Deficiency reserves	(	)

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i. over the respectiv	For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation net preve maximum guaranteed gross premium.	emiu (	ım )
ii. excesses determi	Deficiency reserves will at least equal the sum of the present values, at the date of valuation, ned in accordance with Subparagraph 012.05.c.i.;	of t	he )
<b>d.</b> mortality tables v	For Subsection 012.05, the calculations use the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 with or without "ten year select factors";	0 CS (	O (
e. reinsured; and	A reinsurance agreement is YRT reinsurance under Subsection 012.05 if only the mortality	risk (	is )
f. reserve credit wi	If the assuming company chooses this optional exemption, the ceding company's reinsul be limited to the amount of reserve the assuming company holds for the affected policies.		ce )
<b>06.</b> A company may	Optional Exemption for Attained-Age-Based Yearly Renewable Term Life Insurance Poopt to use this approach for reserves for attained-age-based YRT life insurance policies:	olicio (	es.
a. that future year.	Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of insurar	nce f	or
<b>b.</b> defined in Subsection	Basic reserves will at least equal to the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate periction 012.03.	iod, (	as )
c.	Deficiency reserves:	(	)
i. over the respecti	For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation net preve maximum guaranteed gross premium.	emiu (	ım )
ii. excesses determi	Deficiency reserves at least equal to the sum of the present values, at the date of valuation, ned in accordance with Subparagraph 012.06.c.i.	of t	he )
<b>d.</b> valuation tables v	For Subsection 012.06, the calculations use the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 with or without "ten year select factors."	0 CS (	O (
e.	A policy is an attained-age-based YRT life insurance policy, under Subsection 012.06, if:	(	)
	The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maxime based on the attained age of the insured such that the rate for any given policy at a given at d is independent of the year the policy was issued; and		
ii. premium scale) a insurance and att	The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maxime the same as the premium rates for policies covering all insureds of the same sex, risk class, pained age.		
<b>f.</b> approach of Subs	For policies that become attained-age-based YRT policies after an initial coverage period section 012.06 may be used after the initial period if:	od, t	he )
i.	The initial period is constant for all insureds of the same sex, risk class and plan of insurance	e; or (	)
ii. plan of insurance	The initial period runs to a common attained age for all insureds of the same sex, risk class; and	ss, a	nd )
iii.	After the initial period, the policy meets the conditions of Paragraph 012.06.e.; and	(	)
g.	If this election is made, this approach will be applied to determine reserves for all attaine	d-ag	ge-

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based YRT life in	nsurance policies issued on or after this chapter's effective date.	(	)
<b>Policies</b> . Unitary conditions are me	Exemption from Unitary Reserves for Certain n-Year Renewable Term Life Instruction basic reserves and unitary deficiency reserves need not be calculated for a policy if the foleet:		
the expiry age, pearlier <i>n</i> -year pe	The policy consists of a series of $n$ -year periods, including the first period and all renewal period each period, except that for the final renewal period, $n$ may be truncated or extended to provided that this final renewal period is less than ten (10) years and less than twice the size periods, and for each period, the premium rates on both the initial current premium scale are mum premium scale are level;	o rea	ch he
<b>b.</b> premiums based	The guaranteed gross premiums in all n-year periods are not less than the correspond on the 1980 CSO Table with or without the "ten year select factors;" and	ing n	net )
c.	There are no cash surrender values in any policy year.	(	)
<b>08.</b> unitary deficience premium scale at	<b>Exemption From Unitary Reserves for Certain Juvenile Policies</b> . Unitary basic reservey reserves need not be calculated for a policy if these conditions are met, based on the initial tissue:		
a.	At issue, the insured is age twenty-four (24) or younger;	(	)
<b>b.</b> five (25), the gro	Until the insured reaches the end of the juvenile period, which will occur at or before age to see premiums and death benefits are level, and there are no cash surrender values; and	went (	y- )
c. paying period, ar	After the end of the juvenile period, gross premiums are level for the remainder of the prind death benefits are level for the remainder of the life of the policy.	emiu (	ım )
FIXED PREM RESULTING I	ULATING MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARD FOR FLEXIBLE PREMIUM HUM UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES THAT CONTAIN PROVIS N THE ABILITY OF A POLICY OWNER TO KEEP A POLICY IN FORCE OV GUARANTEE PERIOD.	SION	NS
01.	General.	(	)
a.	Policies with a secondary guarantee include:	(	)
i. subject only to pa	A policy with a guarantee that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of baying specified premiums;	enefi (	ts,
	A policy in which the minimum premium at any duration is less than the corresponding remium, calculated using the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 CSO valuation tren year select factors;" or		
iii.	A policy with any combination of Subparagraphs 013.01.a.i. and 013.01.a.ii.	(	)
reserve will be t guarantee, ignori issue will be con	A secondary guarantee period is the period for which the policy is guaranteed to remain is a secondary guarantee. When a policy contains more than one secondary guarantee, the mishe greatest of the respective minimum reserves at that valuation date of each unexpired secondary guarantees. Secondary guarantees that the insurer unilaterally changes sidered to have been made at issue. Reserves described in Subsections 013.02 and 013.03 belowers to reflect these changes.	inimu conda es aft	ım ıry ter

**c.** Specified premiums mean the premiums specified in the policy, the payment of which guarantees that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of benefits, but which otherwise would be insufficient to keep the policy in force in the absence of the guarantee if maximum mortality and expense charges and minimum

Docket No. 18-0703-2201 Proposed Rulemaking

interest o	credits w	ere made and any applicable surrender charges were assessed.	(
policy y	ear. The	For Section 013, the minimum premium for any policy year is the premium that, when paid to (0) account value at the start of the policy year, produces a zero (0) account value at the end minimum premium calculation will use the policy cost factors (including mortality charges ges) and the interest crediting rate, which are all guaranteed at issue.	d of the
issue. The	he select	The one (1) year valuation premium means the net one (1) year premium based on the offits for a given policy year. The one (1) year valuation premiums for all policy years are calculated mortality factors defined in Paragraphs 011.02.b., 011.02.c., and 011.02.d. cannot be used (1) year valuation premiums.	lated a
distribut	<b>f.</b> ion of de	The one (1) year valuation premium should reflect the frequency of fund processing, a aths assumption employed in the calculation of the monthly mortality charges to the fund.	and the
gross pre	emiums v	Basic Reserves for Secondary Guarantees. Basic reserves for secondary guarantees will see for the secondary guarantee period. In calculating the segments and the segmented reserve will be set equal to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums, the and the segments will be determined according to the "contract segmentation method."	ves, th
guarante premium force.	03. es will but set equ	<b>Deficiency Reserves for Secondary Guarantees.</b> Any deficiency reserves for secondary guarantee period as described in Subsection 012.02 with all to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums that keep the period of the specified premiums and the specified premiums are specified premiums.	n gros
of:	04.	Minimum Reserves. The minimum reserves during the secondary guarantee period are the	greate (
guarante	a. ees; or	The basic reserves for the secondary guarantee plus the deficiency reserve, if any, for the sec	ondar (
	b.	The minimum reserves prescribed by other rules or rules governing universal life plans.	(
014 9	99.	(RESERVED)	

#### **IDAPA 18 - DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE**

# 18.07.08 – PROPERTY AND CASUALTY ACTUARIAL OPINION RULE DOCKET NO. 18-0708-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

Tuesday, July 26, 2022 2:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. (MT)

In-person participation is available at:
Department of Insurance
700 W State St, 3rd Floor
Conference Room A
Boise, Idaho 83702

Phone or virtual participation via Webex is available at:

Join WebEx Meeting

Meeting Number (Access Code): 2451 825 4219

Meeting Password: fN4m3AqFSr3

Join by phone at: 1-720-650-7664

The hearing sites will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The purpose of this rule provides the Director with additional means to monitor insurer's loss reserves in accordance with Section 41-610, Idaho code. This rulemaking clarifies language and removes duplicative language.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking: None.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-04, pages 37-38, under Docket No. 18-ZBRR-2201.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Weston Trexler, (208) 334-4214, weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov.

## DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule

Docket No. 18-0708-2201 Proposed Rulemaking

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 27, 2022.

DATED this June 3, 2022.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID, 83720-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250

Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

### THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0708-2201 (Zero Based Regulation (ZBR) Chapter Rewrite)

#### 18.07.08 - PROPERTY AND CASUALTY ACTUARIAL OPINION RULE

<b>000.</b> Title 41		L'AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	( )
		to annual statements filed by property and casualty companies doing business in Idaho, and p means to monitor an insurer's loss reserves per Section 41-610, Idaho Code.	rovides
002 (	020.	(RESERVED)	
021.	ACTUA	ARIAL OPINION OF RESERVES AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.	
	01.	Statement of Actuarial Opinion, Opinion Summary and Actuarial Report and Work P	apers.
		A property and casualty insurance company doing business in Idaho, unless exempted missioner, will annually file an Appointed Actuary's "Statement of Actuarial Opinion," persualty Annual Statement Instructions.	
		Every property and casualty insurance company domiciled in Idaho filing a Statement of Amust also file an Actuarial Opinion Summary, written by the company's Appointed Actuary, and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions.	
request.	c.	A company licensed, but not domiciled, in Idaho will file the Actuarial Opinion Summar	ry upon
Stateme	<b>d.</b> ent Instruc	An Actuarial Report and work papers as prescribed by the NAIC Property and Casualty etions will support each Actuarial Opinion.	Annual ( )
or the D	e. Director d	If the company fails to file a supporting Actuarial Report or work papers at the Director's retermines the Actuarial Report or work papers do not comply with the NAIC Property and C	

## DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule

Docket No. 18-0708-2201 Proposed Rulemaking

Annual Statement Instructions or are otherwise unacceptable, the Director may hire a qualified actuary, at company expense, to review the Actuarial Opinion, and prepare the supporting Actuarial Report or work papers. ( )

#### 022. CONFIDENTIALITY.

01.	The Statement of Actuarial Opini	ion. Will be filed with the Annual Statement per NAIC Proper	rty
and Casualty A	nnual Statement Instructions and be a		)

#### 02. Actuarial Report. ( )

- **a.** The Actuarial Report, work papers or Actuarial Opinion Summary in support of the Actuarial Opinion, and any other records the company provides to the Director in connection thereto, are exempt from public disclosure under Section 74-107(5), Idaho Code.
- **b.** This provision does not limit the Director's authority to release these records to the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline (ABCD) so long as they are needed for professional disciplinary proceedings and the ABCD establishes procedures satisfactory to the Director regarding disclosing the records; nor the Director's authority to use the records to further the Director's regulatory or legal actions.
- **03.** Waiver. Disclosing records to the Director waives no privilege or claim of confidentiality in the records.

#### 023. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### **IDAPA 18 - DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE**

# 18.07.09 – LIFE AND HEALTH ACTUARIAL OPINION AND MEMORANDUM RULE DOCKET NO. 18-0709-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

Tuesday, July 26, 2022 2:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. (MT)

In-person participation is available at:
Department of Insurance
700 W State St, 3rd Floor
Conference Room A
Boise, Idaho 83702

Phone or virtual participation via Webex is available at:

Join WebEx Meeting

Meeting Number (Access Code): 2451 825 4219 Meeting Password: fN4m3AqFSr3

Join by phone at: 1-720-650-7664

The hearing sites will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The purpose of this rule allows the appointed actuary to use professional judgement and opinion in asset analysis and supporting communication. Also, the rule provides the Director with authority to specify methods and assumptions of actuarial analysis in order to render adequacy of reserves and related items. This rulemaking clarifies language and removes duplicative language.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking: None.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-04, pages 37-38, under Docket No. 18-ZBRR-2201.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Weston Trexler, (208) 334-4214, weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 27, 2022.

DATED this June 3, 2022.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID, 83720-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250

Fax: (208) 334-4398

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0709-2201 (Zero Based Regulation (ZBR) Chapter Rewrite)

#### 18.07.09 – LIFE AND HEALTH ACTUARIAL OPINION AND MEMORANDUM RULE

<b>000.</b> Title 41,		AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	(	)
001.	SCOPE			
to reinsu to allow actuarial specify 1	re life ins the appo opinion nethods	Application of Rule. This rule applies to all life insurance companies and fraternal asiness in Idaho and to all life insurance companies and fraternal benefit societies that are aut surance, annuities or accident and health insurance business in Idaho. This regulation will be inted actuary to use their professional judgment in performing the asset analysis and develop and supporting memoranda, consistent with actuarial standards of practice. But the Direct of actuarial analysis and actuarial assumptions that the Director deems necessary for an accidered on the adequacy of reserves and related items.	horize applications the contract the contrac	ed ed he
		<b>Application to All Annual Statements</b> . This rule applies to all annual statements filed whent of opinion on the adequacy of reserves and related actuarial items based on an asset adon 022, and a supporting memorandum per Section 023, will be needed each year.		
	03.	Purpose. This rule prescribes:	(	)
41-612(1	<b>a.</b> 12), Idaho	Guidelines and standards for statements of actuarial opinion which are to be submitted per o Code, and for supporting memoranda;	Sectio	on )
	b.	Rules for appointing an appointed actuary; and	(	)
	c.	Guidelines on the meaning of adequacy of reserves.	(	)
002 0	09.	(RESERVED)		

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

items ba	<b>01.</b> ased on ar	Actuarial Opinion. An Appointed Actuary's opinion on reserve adequacy and related actuary asset adequacy test per Section 022 and presently accepted actuarial standards.	rial )
develop	02. standards	<b>Actuarial Standards Board</b> . The board established by the American Academy of Actuaries of actuarial practice.	to )
021.04.	03.	Asset Adequacy Analysis. An analysis that meets the standards and requirements in Subsect	ion )
	04.	Company. A life insurance company, fraternal benefit society or reinsurer subject to this rule.	)
011 (	20.	(RESERVED)	
021.	GENER	AL REQUIREMENTS.	
	01.	Submitting Statement of Actuarial Opinion. (	)
will inc an opini	a. lude or at	For each year, starting with the year in which this rule takes effect, the annual statement's first patach the statement of an appointed actuary, entitled "Statement of Actuarial Opinion," setting for erves and related actuarial items held in support of policies and contracts, per Section 022.	
of actua	<b>b.</b> rial opinio	Upon written request by the company, the Director may grant an extension to submit the statem on.	ent )
	02.	Qualified Actuary. An individual who:	)
	a.	Is a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries; and (	)
stateme	<b>b.</b> nts per the	Is qualified to sign statements of actuarial opinion for life and health insurance company ann e American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards; and	ual )
	c.	Is familiar with the valuation requirements applicable to life and health insurance companies; an (	ıd )
after ap	<b>d.</b> propriate	Has not been found by the Director (or if so found has later been reinstated as a qualified actuar notice and hearing, to have;	y), )
qualifie	i. d actuary;	Violated any provision of, or any obligation imposed by any law in the course of their dealings a or	is a
	ii.	Been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest practices; or (	)
or	iii.	Demonstrated incompetency, lack of cooperation, or untrustworthiness to act as a qualified actual (	ıry;
	iv. ındum tha ds Board;	Filed with the Director during the past five (5) years, pursuant to this rule, an actuarial opinion at the Director rejected because it violated this rule, including standards set by the Actual or	or rial )
indicate and	v. d in any a	Resigned, or been removed as an actuary, within the past five (5) years because of acts or omission adverse report on examination or as a result not adhering to generally accepted actuarial standar (	
	e.	Has not failed to notify the Director of any action taken by any Director of any other state similar	r to

that under Parag	graph 021.02.d.	(
executive office the case of a co- appointed or re- requirements of or retained as a	Appointed Actuary. A qualified actuary who is appointed or retained to prepare the State on prescribed by this rule; either directly by or by the authority of the board of directors the or of the company. The company will timely notify the Director in writing of the name, title onsulting actuary, the name of the firm) and manner of appointment or retention of each tained by the company as an appointed actuary. The notice will state that the person mean subsection 021.02. The company will timely notify the Director if the actuary ceases to be an appointed actuary or to meet the requirements of Subsection 021.02. If any person appointed actuary replaces a previously appointed actuary, the notice will so state and give the	rough ar (and, in person the pers
04.	Standards for Asset Adequacy Analysis. The asset adequacy analysis prescribed by this r	rule:
a. additional stand Section 021; and	Will conform to the standards of practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board and ards under this rule, which standards are to form the basis of the statement of actuarial opid	
<b>b.</b> Standards Board	Will be based on methods of analysis as are deemed appropriate for such purposes by the A.	Actuaria (
05.	Liabilities to Be Covered.	( )
Contracts, Aggrefor Life and He	Under authority of Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the statement of actuarial opinion will iness on the statement date regardless of when or where issued, e.g., Aggregate Reserve egate Reserve for Accident and Health Contracts, reserves for Deposit Type Contracts, and alth Contracts as reported in Exhibits of the annual statement, and equivalent items in the nt or statements of the annual statement.	for Life l Claims
	If the appointed actuary determines from asset adequacy analysis that the company shoultion to the company's aggregate reserve and calculated as described in Section 41-612(12 any will establish such additional reserve.	
	Additional reserves established under this Subsection and deemed unnecessary in later ye eased amounts need to be disclosed in the actuarial opinion for the applicable year. The Dire lease of such reserves to reflect a lower standard of valuation.	
022. STATE	EMENT OF ACTUARIAL OPINION BASED ON AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS	<b>.</b>
<b>01.</b> of;	General Description. The statement of actuarial opinion submitted under this section wil	l consis
a.	A paragraph identifying the appointed actuary and qualifications;	(
that have been a	A scope paragraph identifying the subjects on which an opinion is to be expressed and de appointed actuary's work, including a tabulation delineating the reserves and related actuar nalyzed for asset adequacy and the analysis method, and identifying the reserves and related by the opinion that have not been so analyzed;	ial items
assets, including	A reliance paragraph describing those areas, if any, where the appointed actuary has determined developing data, procedures or assumptions, (e.g., anticipated cash flows from currently grant variation in cash flows according to economic scenarios. Supported by a statement of earn prescribed by Subsection 022.05; and	y owned
d. supporting asset	An opinion paragraph expressing the appointed actuary's opinion on the adequacy is to mature the liabilities.	of the

e. One	e (1) or more additional paragraphs will be needed in these cases;	( )
i. If th	he appointed actuary considers it necessary to state a qualification of his opinion;	( )
ii. If the asset allocation used of	he appointed actuary needs to disclose an inconsistency between the analysis method or lon the prior opinion date and those used for this opinion;	pasis of
iii. If the released as of this opin	he appointed actuary needs to disclose whether additional reserves of the prior opinion on the inion date, and the extent of the release; or	date are
iv. If the basis for the actuarial	he appointed actuary chooses to add a paragraph briefly describing the assumptions form lopinion.	ing the
Department's website may be modified to m	commended Language. The Department has adopted recommended language, available e, which in typical circumstances should be in the statement of actuarial opinion. The lameet the circumstances of a particular case, but the appointed actuary should use languager professional judgment. The opinion will, in any event, retain all pertinent aspects	nguage age that
	<b>sumptions for New Issues</b> . Changing an actuarial assumption for new issues, claims, or prior new issues, claims, or other liabilities is not a change in actuarial assumptions without.	
statement of actuarial adverse or qualified a	verse Opinions. If the appointed actuary cannot form an opinion, then they will refuse to all opinion. If the appointed actuary's opinion is adverse or qualified, then they will is actuarial opinion expressing the reason(s) for such opinion. This statement should foll precede the opinion paragraph.	ssue an
of others on matters of appropriateness of an actuarial opinion sho reliance. The persons information on and the	liance on Data Furnished by Other Persons. If the appointed actuary relies on the certific concerning the accuracy or completeness of any data underlying the actuarial opinion by other information used by the appointed actuary in forming the actuarial opinion, the policy of the persons the actuary relies upon and precisely identify the items substantially on whom the appointed actuary relies will also certify precisely what items the person put the extent to which those items are accurate, complete, or reasonable. The certification is signature, title, company, address and telephone number and the date on which it is signed.	or the hen the oject to rovided on will
023. ALTERNAT	TE OPTION.	
foreign insurer's valua	andard Valuation Law. The Standard Valuation Law broadly authorizes the Director to a lation that meets the requirements for an Idaho-domiciled.company. As an alternative to rate amounts for Idaho, the Director may make one (1) or more of these approaches available.	neeting
State of [state of domi	statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations nicile] and the formal written standards and conditions of this state for filing an opinion based domicile." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of states.	ased on

**b.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have verified that the company's request to file an opinion based on the law of the state of domicile has been approved and that any conditions prescribed by the Director for approval of that request have been met." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written statement of such allowance will be issued no later than March 31 of the year it is first effective. It will remain valid until rescinded or modified by the

and conditions will be made available. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the standards and conditions in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and they will remain in effect until they are revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available.

Director. The rescission or modifications will be issued no later than March 31 of the year they are first effective. After that statement has issued, if a company chooses to use this alternative, the company will file a request to do so, along with justification for its use, no later than April 30 of the year of the opinion to be filed. The request is deemed approved on October 1 of that year if the Director has not denied it.

- c. A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have submitted the prescribed comparison as specified by this state."
- i. If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of products (to be added to the table in Item (ii) below) for which the prescribed comparison will be provided will be published. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the list in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and it will remain in effect until revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available.

ii. If a company desires to use this alternative, the appointed actuary will provide a comparison of the gross nationwide reserves held to the gross nationwide reserves that would be held under NAIC codification standards. Gross nationwide reserves are the total reserves calculated for the total company in force business directly sold and assumed, indifferent to the state in which the risk resides, without reduction for reinsurance ceded. The information provided will be at least:

(1) Product Type	(2) Death Benefit or Account Value	(3) Reserves Held	(4) Codification Reserves	(5) Codification Standard

iii. The information listed will include all products identified by either the state of filing or any other states subscribing to this alternative.

iv. If there is no codification standard for the type of product or risk in force, or if the codification standard does not directly address the type of product or risk in force, the appointed actuary will detail the specific method and assumptions used to determine the reserves held.

v. The comparison provided by the company is to be kept confidential to the same extent and under the same conditions as the actuarial memorandum.

d. Notwithstanding the above, the Director may reject an opinion based on the laws and regulations of the state of domicile and require an opinion based on Idaho law. If a company does not provide the opinion within sixty (60) days of the request or such other time period set by the Director after consulting with the company, the Director may hire an independent actuary at the company's expense to prepare and file the opinion.

## 024. DESCRIPTION OF ACTUARIAL MEMORANDUM INCLUDING AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS AND REGULATORY ASSET ADEQUACY ISSUES SUMMARY.

(	)
	(

**a.** Per Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepare a memorandum to the company describing the analysis done to support their opinion on the reserves. The memorandum will be made available for the Director's examination upon request, but it will be returned to the company after the examination and cannot be considered a record of the insurance Department or subject to automatic filing with the Director.

**b.** In preparing the memorandum, the appointed actuary may rely on, and include as a part of their own memorandum, memoranda prepared and signed by other actuaries who are qualified within the meaning of

Subsection 021.0	2, with respect to the areas covered in such memoranda, and so state in their memorandum	. (	)
this rule, the Dir	If the Director requests a memorandum that does not exist, or if the Director analysis violates the standards of the Actuarial Standards Board or the standards and require ector may designate a qualified actuary to review the opinion and prepare supporting memoral pay, subject to the Director's direction and control, the reasonable and necessary experiew.	ements orandu	of ım.
information provexamination work Code. The review	The reviewing actuary will have the same status as an examiner for purposes of obtaining and the Director will retain the reviewing actuary's work papers and documentation. Wided by the company to the reviewing actuary and included in the work papers will be consultable to the same extent as prescribed by Section 41-22 wing actuary cannot be an employee of a consulting firm involved with the preparation of opinion for the insurer under this rule for the current year or any of the preceding three (3)	But a sidered 27, Ida any pr	any l as aho rior
15 of the year at	Per Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepare a regulatory asset the contents of which are specified in Subsection 024.03. This summary will be submitted for the year for which a statement of actuarial opinion based on asset adequacy is manda idential and exempt from public disclosure under Sections 41-612(12) and 74-107(5), Idaho	by Mai tory. T	rch The
determines the suinsurers that had Idaho, except up	Per Section 41-612(12)(d)(iv), the Director will accept a foreign or alien company's reissues summary, on file with the insurance supervisory official of another state, if the unmary reasonably meets the requirements for a company domiciled in Idaho. Thus, foreign to file the regulatory asset adequacy issues summary in their home state are exempt from pon Director request, if the other state has substantially similar reporting requirements by filed with the other state's commissioner.	Direc n or al filing	tor ien g in
	<b>Details of the Memorandum Section Documenting Asset Adequacy Analysis (Sectial opinion under Section 022 is provided, the memorandum will show the analysis has been cy standards in Subsection 021.04 and any additional standards under this rule. It will speci</b>	done j	. <b>2)</b> . per
a.	For reserves;	(	)
i. and the specific i	Product descriptions including market description, underwriting and other aspects of a risrisks the appointed actuary deems significant;	sk prof	file )
ii.	Source of liability in force;	(	)
iii.	Reserve method and basis;	(	)
iv.	Investment reserves;	(	)
V.	Reinsurance arrangements; and	(	)
	Identification of any explicit or implied guarantees made by the general account in st d through a separate account or under a separate account policy or contract and the method tuary to provide for the guarantees in the asset adequacy analysis.		
<b>b.</b> memorandum co	Documentation of assumptions to test reserves, such that an actuary reviewing the ould form a conclusion as to their reasonableness, for:	actuai	rial )
i.	Lapse rates (both base and excess);	(	)

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	ii.	Interest crediting rate strategy;	(	)
	iii.	Mortality;	(	)
	iv.	Policyholder dividend strategy;	(	)
	v.	Competitor or market interest rate;	(	)
	vi.	Annuitization rates;	(	)
	vii.	Commissions and expenses; and	(	)
	viii.	Morbidity.	(	)
	c.	For assets:	(	)
assets;	i.	Portfolio descriptions, including a risk profile disclosing the qual	ity, distribution and types	of )
	ii.	Investment and disinvestment assumptions;	(	)
	iii.	Asset data source;	(	)
	iv.	Asset valuation bases.	(	)
form a	d. conclusio	Documentation of assumptions, such that an actuary reviewing the on as to their reasonableness, for:	actuarial memorandum co	ould )
	i.	Default costs;	(	)
	ii.	Bond call function;	(	)
	iii.	Mortgage prepayment function;	(	)
	iv.	Determining market value for assets sold due to disinvestment strateg	gy; and (	)
	v.	Determining yield on assets acquired through the investment strategy	. (	)
	e.	For the analysis basis:	(	)
	i.	Methodology;	(	)
analyze	ii. ed;	Rationale for inclusion/exclusion of different blocks of business a	and how pertinent risks w	rere
level of	iii. "materi	Rationale for degree of rigor in analyzing different blocks of busines ality" that was used in determining how rigorously to analyze different		the
		Criteria for determining asset adequacy (include in the criteria the properties to cover reserves under "moderately adverse conditions" or other standards of practice);		
in the a	v. sset adec	Whether the impact of federal income taxes was considered and the racy analysis.	method of treating reinsura (	nce
adequa	<b>f.</b> cy analys	Summary of material changes in methods, procedures, or assump	tions from prior year's as	sset )

g.	Summary of Results;	( )
h.	Conclusion(s).	( )
i.	The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will include:	( )
aggregate, the acif held, would extending the period are imm	Descriptions of the tested scenarios (including whether they are stochastic or deterministic) ng done relative to those scenarios. If negative-ending surplus results under certain tests ctuary should describe those tests and the amount of additional reserve as of the valuation date eliminate the negative aggregate surplus values. Ending surplus values will be determined to period until the in force and associated assets and liabilities at the end of the projection period by an amount at the end of the projection period by an amount imates the value that can reasonably be expected to arise from the assets and liabilities remainded.	s in the which, ined by ojection unt that
ii. materially differ	The extent to which the appointed actuary uses assumptions in the asset adequacy analysis; from assumptions in the previous asset adequacy analysis;	sis that
iii. analysis in the p	The amount of reserves and the identity of the product lines that were subjected to asset action opinion but that were not analyzed for the current opinion;	dequacy
	Comments on any interim results that significantly concern the appointed actuary. For examinsufficiency of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment during one or more interim periods;	
v. including both a	The actuary's methods for recognizing how reinsurance impacts the company's cash assets and liabilities, under each tested scenario; and	flows,
	Whether the actuary is satisfied that the asset adequacy analysis appropriately consider or embedded in any asset or liability (including those affecting cash flows embedded in fixed equity-like features in any investments.	
j. asset adequacy actuarial opinion	The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will name the company for which the regissues summary is being supplied and be signed and dated by the appointed actuary rendern.	
04. "Actuarial methappropriate Star for this memora	Conformity to Standards of Practice. The memorandum will state: nods, considerations and analyses used in the preparation of this memorandum conform dards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board, which standards form the ndum."	to the he basis
negative, needs appropriate allo for other risks w mandatory or vo Reserves and L	Use of Assets Supporting the Interest Maintenance Reserve and the Asset Valuation R allocation of assets in the amount of the Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR), whether posto be used in any asset adequacy analysis. Analysis of risks regarding asset default may incation of assets supporting the Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR); these AVR assets cannot be with respect to reserve adequacy. Analysis of these and other risks may include assets supporting pluntary reserves available to the extent not used for risk analysis and reserve support. The Tabilities of the opinion and in the memorandum will disclose the amount of the assets used orandum will also disclose the method for selecting particular assets or allocated portions of a	sitive or clude an applied ng other Table of l for the
06. documentation that and the results of	<b>Documentation</b> . The appointed actuary will retain, for at least seven (7) years, sufrom which to determine the procedures followed, the analyses performed, the bases for assurbtained.	
025 999.	(RESERVED)	